# TRIBUNE ALMANAC FOR 1860.

#### ECLIPSES FOR THE YEAR 1860.

There will be four Eclipses this year, as follows:

I. An annular Eclipse of the Sun, January 22, invisible in America. Visible at and about the South Pole.

II. A partial Eclipse of the Moon, February 6, in the evening. Visible. Size 9.744 digits on the northern limb. See the annexed table for the times.

## TABLE OF THE ECLIPSE OF THE MOON, FEBRUARY 6.

Principal Places.	Begins.	Largest	Ends.	Principal Places.	Begins.	Largest	Ends.
Halifax, N. S.	.н. м.	н. м.	н. м. 11 41	Georgetown, S. C	н. м.	н. м.	н. м.
Augusta, Me				Panama, N. G.	7 46	9 12	10 38
Brunswick, Me	8 24	9 50	11 16	Pittsburg, Pa	ſ		
Portland, Me	8 22	9 48	11 14	Charleston, S. C.	7 43	9 9	10 85
Boston, Mass }	8 19			Chagres, N. G			
Cambridge, Mass	8 19	9 45	11 11	Savannah, Ga	7 00	ا م	10 91
Quebec, C. E				Columbia, S. C	7 39	9 5	10 81
Providence, R. L	8 18	9 44	11 10	St. Augustine, Fla	7 37	9 8	10 29
Lowell, Mass	0 10	9 44	11 10	Havana, Cuba	7 34	9 0	10 26
Newport, R. I				Detroit, Mich	7 31	8 57	10 23
Concord, N. H	8 17	9 43	11 9	Columbus, Obio §	. 51	3 01	10 20
Montpelier, Vt)	0.10			Cincinnati, Obio			40.40
Hartford, Conn	8 13	9 89 .	11 5	Lansing, Mich	7 26	8 52	10 18
Springfield, Mass)	0 11		44 0	Lexington, Ky		•	
New Haven, Conn	8 11	9 87	11 3	Tallahasse, Fla	7 25	8 51	10 17
Montreal, C. E	8 9	9 35	11 1	Frankfort, Ky	# O1		
Troy, N. Y				Louisville, Ky	7 21 7 19	8 47	10 13 10 11
Albany, N. Y	8 8	9 34	11 0	Indianapolis, Ind Nashville, Tenn	7 19 7 16	8 45	10 11 10 8
New York	ì		-	Chicago, Ill	7 13	8 39	10 5
Schenectady, N. Y				Tuscaloosa, Ala	7 12	8 33	10 4
Newborg, N. Y.	8 7	9 33	10 59	Mobile	7 10	8 36	10 2
Pougbkeepsie, N. Y				Madison, Wis		1	10 -
Trenton, N. J.	8 5	9 31	10 57	Springfield, Wis	7 5	8 31	9 57
Philadelphia, Pa	1		1	New Orleans, La			
Utica, N.Y	8 3	9 29	10 55	Jackson, Miss	7 3	8 29	9 55
Baltimore, Md				St. Lonis, Mo	7 2	0.00	0.54
Auburn, N. Y.	7 57	9 23	10 49	Galena, Ill	7 2	8 28	9 54
Annapolis, Md		1		Natchez, Miss	6 58	8 24	9 50
Harrisburg, Pa	7 56	9 22	10 48	Baton Rouge, La 5			
Kingston, C. W	1 00	3 22	10 40	Iowa City, Iowa	6 56	8 22	9 48
Washington, D. C	1			Jefferson City, Mo	6 55	8 21	9 47
Dundee, N. Y	7 55	9 21	10 47	Little Rock, Ark	1		
Geneva, N. Y				Vera Cruz, Mex	6 39	8 5	9 31
Canandaigua, N. Y	P 24	0.00	10 40	Metamoras, Mex	6 32	7 58	9 24
Frederickton, Va	7 54	9 20	10 46	Austin, Texas			9 19
Petersburg, Va)	7 53	9 19	10 45	Mexico		7 53	8 51
Richmond, Va	7 52	9 19	10 45			6 25	7 51
Buffalo, N. Y.				Oregon City, Or Monterey, Cal		6 22	7 48
Raleigh, N. C.	7 48	9 14	10 40	San Francisco, Cal		6 19	7 45
Toronto, C. W	7 46	9 12	10 33			6 14	7 40
	0 20	0 12	10 00	TISOUTIA, OTOGOTI	T 10	. 0 14	1 20

III. A total Eclipse of the Sun, Jnly 13th, in the morning. In the United States this will only be a partial eclipse, except at Astoria and the north-western part of Washington Territory, where it will be total. The line of central and total eclipse begins in the Pacific Ocean, southwest of the mouth of Columbia river, in lat. 45° 40° N., and long. 125° 55′ W. of Greenwich; from thence it runs easterly and northerly through British America and Hudson's bay, then bends southerly, crosses the Atlantic, runs through Spain and the Mediterranean sea, then into Africa, and ends by the side of the Red sea, in lat. 15° 43′ 2′ N., and long. 39° 47′ E. of Greenwich. Its size in the Northern States will be from 6 to 7 digits, and in the South from 8 to 5 digits.

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The partial Eclipse begins on the Earth in the northern and unsettled part of Texas, lat. 34° 40' 4° N., long. 25° 22' 8° W. of Washington, at the instant of sunrise. See the annexed table of this Solar Eclipse.

## TABLE OF THE ECLIPSE OF THE SUN, JULY 18th, in the morning.

PLACES,	Begins.	Ends.	PLACES.	Begins,	Ends.
Portland, Me. Boston Providence Hartford New Haven Albany. New York Trenton, N. J. Philadelphia Utica Baltimore Auburn Washington Rochester Raleigh Buffale	7 27 7 24 7 20 7 14 7 11 7 10 7 7 7 8 6 58 6 58 6 58 6 53 6 53 6 51 6 48	H. M. 9 85 9 29 9 24 9 16 9 16 9 18 9 9 9 6 8 59 9 4 8 47 8 55 8 45 8 24 8 49	Charleston. Detroit Cincinnati Lexington Nashville Mobile Chicago Augusta Memphis New Orleans St. Louis Llttle Rock San Francisco Portland, Or. Astoria, Or.	6 13 6 9 6 8 6 36 5 5S 6 5 5 5 57 5 49	H. M. 8 8 8 24 5 10 8 4 7 51 7 27 8 3 7 58 7 29 7 20 7 87 7 19 5 20 5 83

IV. A partial Eclipse of the Moon, August 1st, at 17 minutes past 12 (noon), Washington time; hence invisible in America, but visible to our antipodes.

#### Chronological Cycles.

Dominical Letters, A G; Golden Number, 18; Jewish Lunar Cycle, 15; Epact, 7; Solar Cycle, 21; Julian Period, 6573; age of the World, 5868.

## Equinoxes and Solstices for 1860.

ľ				М.	
ı	Vernal EquinoxMarch	20	8	57	mo.
	Summer SolsticeJune	21	0	35	mo.
	Autumnal Equinox Sept.				
	Winter Solstice Dec.	21	8	43	mo.

Note.-The Snn's declination is given in the monthly tables, for the instant his centre is on the meridian of Washington.

## Leap-Year.

Every year the number of which is divisible hy 4 without a remainder, is a leap-year, except the last year of the century, which is a leap-year only when divisible by 400 without a remainder. Thus the year 1900 will not he leap-year.

#### Characters.

⊕⊙ Sun; 为 Moon; ĕ Mercury; ṭ Venus; ⊕ Earth; ℰ Mars; ℒ Jupiter; 为 Saturn; ℍ Uranus; ℰ same longitude, or near each other; ⊂90° apart; ℰ opposition, or 150° apart.

Signs of the Zoniac. The Aries; Taurus; Geminl; Cancer; Leo; Wirgo; Lihra; Caprio; Sagittarius; Capricorn; a Aquarius; x Pisces.

ASPECTS AND NODES. & Conjunction; \* Sex-tile, 60 degrees; © Quartile, 90 degrees;

### Phenomena for 1860.

JANUARY 2, @ perigee; 8, @ & 24; 9, @ perigee; 10, 24 8  $\odot$ ; 19. © lowest; 25, © apouee. Feb. 2, © highest; 6, © collopsed; 7, © perisee; 11,  $\gamma$  8  $\odot$ ; 15, lowest; 21,  $\omega$  apouee. March 1,  $\omega$  highest; 10, 24 stat.; 18.  $\omega$  lowest; 16,  $\omega$  gr. elong. E.; 19,  $\omega$  apogee; 28,  $\omega$  highest est. April 2, y inf. 6 0; 4, perigee; 5, 2f 0 6; 11, 9 6 5; 15, papogee; 24, phighest; 30, y gr. elong. W. May. 2, perigee; 7, plowest; 9, 9 gr. elong. E; 15, papogee; 22, phighest; 28, perigee; 31, papogee; 22, phighest; 28, perigee; 31, papogee; 31, 9 & 24. June 2, ♥ & & ; 4, © lowest; 6, ♥ sup. & ⊙; 11, ♀ hrightest; 18, & stat.; 26, s stat. July 1, ⊙ apogee; v d s; 7, s d 24; 8, © apogee; 18, v gr. elong. E.; 15, © highest; 15, perigee; 21 lowest; 28, 2 a 21, and gr. elong. W. Oct. 5, highest; elong. W.; 20, 5 stat.

## Morning and Evening Stars.

Venus will be Evening Star until July 18th, then Morning Star the rest of the year. will be Morning Star until July 17th, then Evening Star the rest of the year. Jupiter will be Morning Star until January 10th, then Evening Star until July 29th, then Morning Star the rest of the year. Saturn will be Morning Star until Δ Trine, 120 degrees; 8 Opposition, 180 de- February 11th, then Evening Star until Aug grees; Ω Ascending Node; 5 Descending Node. 22d, then Morning Star the rest of the year. February 11th, then Evening Star until August

#### Occultations.

Venus will he eclipsed by the Moon on the 24th of April, visible generally throughout the country. The planet will disappear hehind the Moon at 8h. 33m. in the evening, and reappear at 9h. 8m. Washington mean time.

Jupiter will also he eclipsed hy the Moon north of lat. 43° on the 26th of April, at ahout

an hour before the Moon sets.

#### Duration of the Seasons, etc.

	ν.	т.	111
Sun in Winter Signs	89	1	2
Sun in Spring Signs			
Sun in Snmmer Signs			
Sun in Autumnal Signs	89	17	59
Tropical Year	365	5	48
Sun North of the Equator	186	10	47
Sun South of the Equator	178	19	6
Difference	7	15	46

#### True Time.

Two kinds of time are used in Almanacs; clock or mean-time in some, and apparent or sun-time in others. Clock-time is always sun-time in others. right, while Sun-time varies every day. People generally suppose it is twelve o'clock when the sun is due south, or at a properly made But this is a mistake. noon-mark. The sun is seldom on the meridian at twelve o'clock; indeed this is the case only on four days of the year: namely, April 15, June 15, Sept. 1, and

noon-mark, is also given to the nearest second, for the 1st, 9th, 17th, and 25th days of each month, at the right hand of the top of each calendar page. This affords a ready means of ohtaining correct time and for setting a clock hy using a noon-mark, adding or snhtracting as the sun is slow or fast.

Old-fashioned Almanacs, which use apparent time, give the rising and setting of the sun's centre and make no allowance for the effect of refraction of the sun's rays by the atmosphere. The more modern and improved Almanacs, which use clock-time, give the rising and seting of the sun's upper limb, and duly allow for refraction. The practice of setting timepieces hy the rising or setting of the sun or moon is not strictly correct, as the unevenness of the earth's surface and intervening objects, such as hills and forests, near the points of rising and setting, occasion a deviation in every place, from the time expressed in the Almanac, which time is adapted to a smooth, level horizon. The only means of keeping correct time is by the use of a noon-mark, or a meridian line.

## To Ascertain the Length of the Day and Night,

At any time of the year, add 12 hours to the time of the sun's setting, and from the sum subtract the time of rising, for the length of the day. Suhtract the time of setting from 12 hours, and to the remainder add the time of Dec. 24. In this Almanac, as in most other Almanacs, the time used is *elock-time*. The night. These rules are equally true for aptime when the sun is on the meridian or at the parent time.

#### Tides.

La Place pronounces the formula for deducing the tides the most difficult problem of celestial mechanics. It sometimes happens that the tide comes in several hours later or earlier than the most learned calculation would determine; and this in consequence of the

strength and direction of the wind, which the calculator cannot reckon upon.

The Calendar pages exhibit the time of high-water at Boston, New York and Charleston.

To find the time of high-water at any of the following places, udd to or subtract from the time of high water, morning or evening, at New York, the quantity of time affixed to such place in this table. In using the quantities in this table, observe that more than 12 hours and less than 24, from midnight or the heginning of morning, is afternoon of the same day; and that

more than 12 hours and less than 24, from noon, is morning of the next day.

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THE WIDOW MALONEY'S PIG.—Mike Murphy was taken to task by his spiritual guide for having stolen the widow Maloney's pig. The ev dence against Mike was so direct and positive that it was worse than useless for him to deny hat he had unlawfully appropriated the youthful porker, and he listened with downcast eyes and much meekness to a well-deserved lecture from the priest, upon the wickedness of the theft he had committed, till the reverend gentleman asked him what he would be able to say in the great jndgment day, when he should be confronted by Mrs. Maloney and the

stolen pig? when he brightened np and said, "And yon say that the pig will be there, yer riverence?" "Yes, Mrs. Maloney and the pig, living witnesses to your wrong doing. What, I repeat, can you say in such a presence?" "Yer riverence, I'll say, 'Widdie Maloney, there's yer pig!"

As the late Rufus Choate was attending the Italian opera one evening, with a lady, he leaned toward her with the extremest gravity, and said, "Interpret the libretto for me, my dear, lest I dilate with the wrong emotion."

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GEN. PERKINS and Tom Marshall were once canvassing the State of Kentucky in a hotly contested election. Perkins was a roaring democrat and demagogue. Among other means for catching the flate, he was in the habit of boasting that his father was a cooper by trade, in an obscure part of the State. "He (Perkins) was one of the people. He didn't belong to the kid-gloved aristocracy." His great fail-ing was his fondness for old Monongahela whisky, and the more he drank, the more of a democrat he became, and the prouder of being the son of a ccoper. Of this fact he had been making the most, when Marshall, in replying to

his speech, while looking at him with great contempt, said: "Fellow-citizens, his father may have been a very good cooper—I don't deny that—but I do say, gentlemen, that he put a mighty poor head into that whisky-barrel."

<sup>&</sup>quot;Good evening, Mary," said a gentleman to

a young lady whom he had offended.
"Miss Mary, if you please," said the damsel, bridling up at his familiarity.

<sup>&</sup>quot;We can Miss you, Mary, only when you are absent," was a reply which made Mary smile in spite of herself.

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A GOOD story is told of an officer in the American army, during the war of 1812-14, who was, and is still, more accustomed to the use of the and it soin, into accustomed to the we of the sword than the pen. While stationed on the lake frontier, two of his soldiers, brothers, hy the name of Kennedy, and usually called Kan-nady, deserted. The officer of whom we are speaking, wrote an order, and issued it to a subaltern, to take a file of men, and proceed to a place named, and take the two Canadas. The order was peremptory, and not to be trifled with. The officer looked at his instruc-tions and prepared to ohey them, hut he re-

marked that he did not believe he could take more than one of the provinces without a reenforcement.

QUID PRO QUO .- Mr. Foote had said that he would write a little hook in wluch Mr. Benton should figure very largely. Mr. B. heard of this, and replied, in his characteristic way, to the informant:

"Tell Foote that I will write a very large book, in which he shall not figure at all." The "Thirty Years" will show how faithfully

this promise was kept,"

MOON'S PHASES.

Boston.

New York. Baltimore. Charleston. Sun on Meridian

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CAUSE AND EFFECT.—In the hearing of an Irish case for assault and battery, a counsel, while cross-examining one of the witnesses, asked him what they had the first place they stopped at? "Four glasses of ale," was the reply. "Next?" "Two glasses of whisky." "Next?" "One glass of brandy." "Next?" "A fight."

WHEN dressed for the evening, the girls, nowa-

Scarce an atom of dress on them leave : None blame them-for what is an evening dress, But a dress that is suited for Eve?

A QUARTER OF TWELVE .-- "Ben, why were you out so late last night?" "It wasn't so very late-only a quarter of

"How dare you sit there and tell me that? I was awake when you came, and looked at my watch. It was three o'clock."
"Well, isn't three a quarter of twelve?"

A young man in a western town had patronized the fine arts so far as to buy a picture of the temptation of Adam and Evc. Some one asked him if it was a chaste picture. "Yes," he said, "chased by a snake."

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Smith, badly Jilled, findeth Consolation in Philosophy.

"Yes! Jones has wed a handsome wife,
I envy him at present;
But he must keep her all his life,
And that may be unpleasant.
For should these turtles disagree,
Just Heaven! how Jones will envy me!"

Jealousy of Smith dasheth Jones' happiness.

"A hee has stung your lip, ah, wife! You must have kissed your cousin John, And left the tempting honey on. I'll he revenged! I'll take his life! Boy! bring my double gun, I'll shoot him! No! bring my double soles! I'll boot him!"

Smith, himself overtaken, at last, by Matrimony, findeth Philosophy of no avail.

Smith's lovely hride has rushed down stairs
To learn what meant that crash.

Her hushand in the parlor swears, Amid a frightful smash

Of cornices and ceiling work;
And there the suicidal Turk
Sits on the floor hestrewn with wreck,
A hempen tie around his neck!

"Good gracious! Mr. Smith! what's this!
I'm going to faint! Get up, you heast,
And catch me! Well, this married bliss
Is three-fourths humhug at the least!"

4 25 7 40 1 48 9 5 4 31 7

30|S ||23

Smith answers with a hollow voice, (But his expressions are not choice):

"The devil take these modern houses,
Modern improvements, modern spouses!
Time was when men might end their cares,
Without incurring for repairs
A bill of lath-and-plaster work,
But now we cannot even shirk

That petty torment—Woman's Tongue!
I'd just made fast this half-inch rope,

36 7

5 51 4

1 52

And entertained a pleasing hope
That I was comfortably hung,
When down came all that filagree.
Well, now, perhaps, we may agree
To live in peace, without contention.
I'll break your neck, if this you mention!"

A WITTY fellow slipped down on an icy pavement. While sitting, he muttered, "I have no desire to see the town hurned down, hut I sincerely wish the streets were laid in ashes."

A PIOUS DEACON.—A certain deacon, called Highley, used to trade horses at the Berkshire cattle market. Stirred up hy the preaching of his minister, he one Sunday, after meeting, thus

communicated with one Brown:

"You don't s'pose, brother Brown," he argued, "Yon don't s'pose them little stories—sort o' lies, like—that you and I tell in the way o' trade, will he reckoned agin us in the day o' judgment? Sarcumstanced as we are, we can't help it, yon know. I don't s'pose it makes no difference in the sight o' the Lord, long's the heart's all right, hrother Brown."

IRISH ECONOMY.—Pat's master offered him eighteen shillings per week as his wages. Pat shook his head. "What! will not that satisfy

you?" inquired his master.

"Faix, an'ye want to ruin me," replied Pat.
"I won't take more than twelve shillin's a
week, and then if I'm away a week or so, I'll
save just six shillin's weekly."

Nor one, but t'other—"I don't think, hushand, that you are very smart." "No, indeed, wife, hut every knows that I am awfully shrewed."

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THE LEX TAILORONIS.—In a late trial for the amount of a tailor's hill, it appeared that the clothes supplied did not fit the defendant. "Then," observed the judge, "we must proceed according to the lex tailoronis, and the plaintiff must he non-suited."

23 6 37 rises. 11 26 5

1 7 9 11

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29 W

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8 46 2 5 22 6 39 4 43 10 53 5

15 5 9 5 2

14 47

Some people mistake "vale of tears" for "veil of tears," and so go weeping through the world. One would think they fancied virtue to he a species of bulrush, thriving best in wet places.

One of the best "hits" ever made at an impropriety in a lady's dress was made hy Talleyrand. During the revolution, when asked hy a lady his opinion of her dress, he replied, "It began too late and ended too soon."

8 12 5 28 6 33

6 34

2 6 5 8

3 12

7 0 morn

6 59

20||5 10

A GARRULOUS fop, who had annoyed, hy his frivolous remarks, his partner in the hall-room, among other empty nothings, asked whether "she had ever had her ears pierced?" "No," was the reply, "hut I've often had them bored!"

M	OON'S	PHA	SI	ES.		E	Bosto	1.	N	ew 3	or	k.	Balt	timor	e.	Char	leat	on.	Sui		Meri nmai	
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7 F	5 49 10	5 3		26	9	43	3	59	5	33	6	24	9	50	ev	45	5	35	6	23	9	56
8 S	5 26 33	5 33		25 23	10 11	39 44	6	57	5	34 35	6	23 21	10	45	1	43	5	35	6	21	10	52
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18 T	1 36 13	5 4		7	7	41	1	21	5	43		5	7	46	10	53	5	44		5	7	52
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26 W	1 30 51	5 50	1	52	2	36	8	53	5	51	5	52	2	38	5	39	5		5	52	2	41
27 T	1 54 14	5 5	1 5	50	3	37	9	40	5		5	50	3	38	6	28	5	- 1	5	51	3	39
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A CUTE YANKEE.—A Sheriff in Illinois who hates Yankee peddlers as he does "pizen," makes it his especial business to see that this class of itinerating merchants do not vend their wares without a license. This functionary met a peddler lately whom he suspected of violating the statutes, and after pricing a number of his articles purchased a hottle of the "Balm of Columhia," or, as the peddler stated, it "Balm o' Kulumby, price one dollar good for the har, and assistin' poor human nature," and in reply to the peddler's question whether he wanted anything else, said he did—he wanted to see the peddler's license, which

was exhibited, and prononned "all right." Handing hack the bottle to the peddler, the sheriff said, "I don't know that I really want this stuff now, what will you give for it?" "Wal," replied the Yankee, "bein' it's you, Sheriff, I'll give you twenty-five cents for it," and after purchasing it at that low figure, he said to the sheriff, "have you got a peddler's license about your trowsers anywhere?" He allowed he hadn't, and had no use for the article. At the next village the Yankee complained of the sheriff, who was fined eight doliars for vending "Balm o'Kulumhy" without a license.

TOTA MONTH.		DIG 1000.		Lot Dujta
MOON'S PHASES.	Boston.	New York. Washington.	Charleston.	Sun on Msridian or noohmark.
Third Quarter		H. M. 6 9 ev. 5 57 ev. 9 41 m. 9 29 m.	н. м. 5 45 ev. 9 18 m.	D. H. M. S. 1114928 911478
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A LECTURER who was contending at a tiresome length and great tautological perplexity,
that "art could not improve nature," was
startled "out of his boots" by the question, in
a deep, sonorous voice, by one of bis audience,
"How do you think you would look without
your wig?" The question was a "poser"—the
argument a non sequitur.

A Down East newspaper in announcing the death of Henry Johnson, of Newburyport, says:
"He was an uncle of the Hon. Caleb Cushing, but otherwise a respectable and worthy man."

In giving the regular toasts at a military entertainment in Cincinnati, not long since, "The Army" was not forgotten, when a distinguished colonel rose, and commenced by saying,

"Here's to the army—may it never want"—
and there he rested, colored, stammered, and
was completely lost; when a shrewd one sitting at his side whispered, "And may it never
be wanted," which the colonel repeated in a
clear voice, and which produced the effect of
calling down the house.

1	100N'S	PHASES.	I	Boston.	New 1	ork.	Baltimore.	Charleston.		Meridian
New First	d Quarter Moon Quarter . Moon		D. H. 6 4 12 7 20 4 28 6	м. 33 m. 52 ev. 9 m. 54 m.	н. м 4 21 7 40 3 57 6 49	m. ev.	H. M. 4 9 m. 7 28 ev. 3 45 m. 6 30 m.	H. M. 3 58 m. 7 17 ev. 3 33 m. 6 18 m.	D. H 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	м. в. 1 43 42 1 44 2 1 45 16 1 47 23
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25 S 26 M 27 T	20 54 38 21 5 54 21 16 46	7 4:4 31 7 5 4 30	5 22 6 25	9 40 10 26	6 59 7 0	4 35 4 34	5 17 6 6 20 7	26 6 54 12 6 55	4 41	4 13 5 13 6 14
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A HUNGRY traveller who had lost his way on one of the western prairies, stopped at the house of a good parson, who gave him a hearty welcome. Supper was soon annonneed, and the stranger was asked to "sit by," which he at once proceeded to do; and, without waiting for a second invitation, he laid hold of what he could reach. "Stop! stop!" said the good man of the house, "we are in the habit of saying something here before we eat." This hint to wait till a blessing was asked, the rough customer did not understand, but with his mouth full he muttered, "Go ahead; say what yon like; you can't turn my stomach now."

THERE was "some fun" and satire in the olden time as well as now, and much of it was very sharp and biting. Witness the following:

Dr. Byles was a famous Boston punster, but he sometimes met with more than his match. A lady whom he had long courted unsuccessfully, married a man by the name of Quincy.

"So, madam," said the unsuccessful suitor, "It appears that you prefer a Quincy (quinsy) to Byles?"

"Yes; for if there had been anything worse than Bytes, God would not have suffered Job to be afflicted with them."

M	OON'S	РНА	SES	•	В	oston	•	Ne	w Y	ork	.   \	Wash	ingto	n. C	Charle	esto	n.			Meri	
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5 W	22 28 53	7 14			rn	4	53	7	9	4		mo		1	39	$\frac{7}{7}$		4	- 1	mo	
6 T	$22 \ 35 \ 58$ $22 \ 42 \ 37$	$\begin{array}{c c} 7 & 15 \\ 7 & 16 \end{array}$		-	$\frac{18}{32}$	5	49 49	7	10 11	4	33 33	1	18 31	2	35 35	17		4	38 38	1	18   29
7 F 8 S	22 42 37 22 48 48	$\begin{vmatrix} 7 & 16 \\ 7 & 17 \end{vmatrix}$	1 .		47	7	49	7	12	4	33	2	44	4	35	7		4	38	2	41
8 S 9 S	22 48 48	7 18	_	- 1	2	8	51	7	13	4	33	3	58	5	37	7		4	38	3	54
10 M	$\frac{22}{22} \frac{54}{59} \frac{55}{51}$	7 19		1	21	9	52	7	14	4	33	5	16	6	38	7	- 1	$\hat{4}$	38	5	11
11 T	23 4 41	7 20			32	10	48	7	15	4	33	6	26	7	34	7	9	4	38	. 6	20
12 W	23 9 3	7 21	1		ets	11	38	7	15	4	33	se	_	8	24	7	10	4	39	set	ts
13 T	23 12 58	7 22	4 2	8 5	39	$_{ m mo}$	rn	7	16	4	33	5	44	9	18	7	10	4	39	5	50
14 F	23 16 25	7 25	4 2	8 6	48		32	7	17	4	34	6	53	10	4	7	11	4	39	6	58
15 S	23 19 25	1	3 4 2		57	1	18	7	17	4	34	8	0	10	47	7	11	4	39	8	4
16 S	23 21 56	7 24	_	-	3	2	1.	7	18	4	34	9	5	11	27	7	12	4	39	9	8
17 M	23 23 59	1 1/4			5	2	41	7	18	4	34	1	6	mo		17	12	4	40	10	8
18 T	23 25 34	7 23		-	8	3	24	7	19 19	4	35 35		8		10	17	13 13	4	40	11	8
19 W	$\begin{vmatrix} 23 & 26 & 40 \\ 23 & 27 & 19 \end{vmatrix}$	7 26		- 1	orn.	4	7 50	ll.	20	4	36	mc	ти 5	1	53 36	7	14	4	40 41	mo	
20 T 21 F	$\begin{bmatrix} 23 & 27 & 19 \\ 23 & 27 & 29 \end{bmatrix}$	1 1			6	5	39	7	20	4	36	1	4	2	25	7	14	4	41	1	$\frac{4}{2}$
22 S	23 27 11	7 2				6	26	7	21	$ \hat{4} $	37	2	4	3	12	7	15	4	42	2	1
23 S	23 26 24	1 .	_	•   -	•	7	18	7	21	4	37	3	4	4	4	7	15	$\hat{4}$	42	3	ō
24 M	23 25 19	7 28	100		_	8	11	7	22	4	38	4	6	4	57	7	16	4	43	4	0
25 T	23 23 26	7 28		2 8	13	9	7	7	22	4	38	5	7	5	53	7	16	4	43	5	1
26 W	23 21 15	7 2	4 3	3 6	14	10	3	7	23	4	39	6	7	6	49	7	17	4	44	6	1
27 T	23 18 35	7 2	9 4 3	4 r	ses	10	54	7	23	4	39	ri	ses	7	40	7	17	4	45	ris	es
28 F	23 15 28		1 -	4 8	_	1	40	7	24	4	40	5	25	8	26	7	18	4	45	5	30
29 S	23 11 53	III.	1 -	5 6		e v.		7	24	4	40		36	9	18	7	18		46	6	39
30 S	23 7 50	7 3		6 7			17	7	25		41	7	47	10	3	7	19	4	47	7	51
31 M	23. 9 19	7 3	0 4 3	7 8	57	2	0	17	25	4	42	8	59	10	46	7	19	4	48	9	_0
1								,													

SOME recent clerical voyager says he was one day lying in his berth, and holding himself from falling out, when he heard a brother clergyman in an adjoining berth pitch out upon the floor, tipped out by a sudden roll of the ship.

ship.
"What kind of a curve, Brother——, did
the ship describe then?" he asked: "a parabolic curve?"

"No," answered his groaning friend, as he clambered into his berth again, "that was a diabolic curve?"

A MAN was brought into court on the charge of having stolen some ducks from a farmer. "How do you know they are your ducks?" asked the defendant's counsel. "Oh, I should know them anywhere," replied the farmer, who proceeded to describe their peculiarities. "Why" said the prisoner's counsel, "those ducks can't be such a rare breed—I have some very like them in my yard." "That's not unlikely, sir," said the farmer: "they are not the only ducks I've had stolen lately." "Call the next witness."

## UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT.

## THE EXECUTIVE.

JAMES BUCHANAN, of Pennsylvania, President of the United States Salary \$	25,000
JOHN C. BRECKINRIDGE, of Kentucky, Vice President	6,000

### THE CABINET.

LEWIS CASS, of Michigan, Secretary of State	Salary	\$3,000
HOWELL COBB, of Georgia, Secretary of the Treasury		8,000
JACOB THOMPSON, of Mississippl, Secretary of the Interior	6.6	8,000
ISAAC TOUCEY, of Connecticut, Secretary of the Navy	66	8,000
JOHN B. FLOYD, of Virginia, Secretary of War	66	8,000
JEREMIAH S. BLACK, of Pennsylvania, Attorney-General	66	8,000
JACOB HOLT, of Kentucky, Postmaster-General		8,000

### THE JUDICIARY.

### SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.

ROGER B. TANEY, of Maryland, Chief Justice, Salary \$6,500.

JOHN M'LEAN of Ohio, Associate Justice.	.   JOHN A. CAMPBELL, of Ala., Associate Justice.
JAMES M. WAYNE, of Georgia, " "	SAM'L NELSON, of N. York, " "
JOHN CATRON, of Tennessee, " "	ROBERT C. GRIER, of Penn., "
PETER V. DANIEL, of Virginia, "	NATHAN CLIFFORD, of Maine, " "
Salary of Associate Justices, \$6,000. Court	meets first Monday in December, at Washington,

## MINISTERS TO FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

#### ENVOYS EXTRAORDINARY AND MINISTERS PLENIPOTENTIARY.

ENVOYS EXT	RAORDINARY AND SHNISTERS PLENIPOTEN	FLARY.				
Country.	Capital. Ministers. Rio JaneiroRichard K. Meade, Va	Salary-When app'd \$12,000 1857				
Chil	Alo Janeiro Alchard A. Meade, va	10.000 1857				
	Santiago John Bigler, Cal.					
	CantonWilliam B. Reed, Pa					
	ParisVacant					
Great Britain	LondonGeorge M. Dallas, Pa	17,500 1856				
Mexico	MexicoRobert M. McLane, Md	12,000 1859				
	LimaJohn R. Clay, Pa					
Prussia	BerlinJoseph A. Wright, Ind	12,0001857				
Russia	St. Petershurg Francis W. Pickens, S. C	12.0001953				
Spain	Madrid	12,000 1859				
	MINISTERS RESIDENT.					
1 " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "		E 500 3550				
Argentine Confederation	ParanaB. C. Yancey, Ga	7,500 1958				
Austria	Vienna	9,0001853				
Belgium	BrusselsE. Y. Fair, Ala.	7,5001858				
	La PazJohn C. Smith, Ct					
Denmark	CopenhagenJ. M. Buchanan, Md	7.5001858				
Ecuador	QuitoC. R. Buckalew, Pa	7,5001858				
	GuatemalaB. L. Clarke, Ky					
	NaplesJoseph R. Chandler, Pa					
	Hague					
New Granada	BogotaVacant	7,500				
Nicaragua	NicaraguaM. B. Lamar, Tex	7,5001958				
Portugal	LisbonG. W. Morgan, Ohio	7,500 1858				
	RomeJ. P. Stockton, N. J					
	TurinJohn M. Daniel, Va					
	StockholmBenj. F. Angel, N. Y					
	BerneTheodore S. Fay, Mass					
	Constantinople James Williams, Tenn					
Veneznela	CaraccasE. A. Turpin, N. Y	7,5001858				
COMMISSIONER.						
Sandwich Islands	HonoluluJ. W. Borden, Ind	7.5001838				

## XXXVIth CONGRESS.

FIRST SESSION OPENED MONDAY, DECEMBER 5, 1859.

#### SENATE-66 Members.

JOHN C. BRECKINRIDGE, of Kentucky, President ex-officio.

[Republicans (in *Italics*), 25; Democrats (in Roman), 38; Americans (in small caps), 2; vacanciy, 1. Total, 66. The figures before each Senator's name denote the year when his

term	expires.]	
1361 1865	Benjamin Fitzpatrick,Wetumpka. Clement C. Clay, jr.,Huntsville.	MISSISSIPPI.  1863 Jefferson Davis,Hurricane, Warren Co. 1865 Albert G. Brown,Terry, Hinds Co.
1861 1865	Robert W. Johnson,Pine Bluff. William. K. Sebastian,Helena.	MISSOURI. 1861 Jemes S. Green, Canton. 1863 Trusten Polk, St. Louis.
1861 1863	CALIFORNIA. William. M. Gwin,San Francisco. H. P. Haun,*Marysville.	NEW HAMPSHIRE.  1861 Daniel Clark,
1861 1863	CONNECTICUT.  Lafayette S. Foster, Norwich.  James Dixon, Hartford.	NEW YORK.  1861 William H. Seward,Auhurn, 1863 Preston King,Ogdensburg.
1863 1865	nelaware. James A. Bayard,Wilmington. *Willard Saulsbury,Georgetown.	NEW JERSEY.  1863 John R. Thomson, Princeton. 1865 *John C. Ten Eyck, Burlington.
1861 1863	FLORIDA.  David L. Ynlee	NORTH CAROLINA. 1861 Thomas L. Clingman,Asheville, 1865 "Thomas Bragg,Raleigh.
1861 1865	GEORGIA.  Alfred Iverson,Columbns. Robert Toombs,Washington.	OHIO. 1861 George E. Pugh,
1861 1865	ILLINOIS.  Lyman TrumbullAlton. Stepben A. Douglas,Chicago.	OREGON. 1861 Joseph Lane, Winchester. 1865 [Vacancy.].
1861 1863	Graham N. Fitch,Logansport. Jesse D. Bright,Jeffersonville.	PENNSYLVANIA.  1861 William Bigler,
1861 1865	James Harlan,	RHONE ISLAND.  1863 James F. SimmonsProvidence.
1861 1865	RENTUCKY.  JOHN J. CRITTENNEN,Frankfort.  *Lazarus W. Powell,Henderson.	1865 *Henry B. Anthony,Providence.
1861 1865	John Slidell,	1861 James H. Hammond,Beech Island. 1865 James Chesnnt, jr.,Camden.
1863 1865	Hannibal Hamlin,	1868 Andrew Johnson, Greenville, 1865 A. O. P. Nicholson, Columbia.
1863 1865	MASSACHUSETTS.  Charles Sumner,Boston.  Henry Wilson,Natick.	1863 *Louis T. Wigfall,Marshall, 1865 *John Hemphill,Austin.
1861 1863	James A. Pearce,Chestertown. Anthony Kenneny,Baltimore.	1861 Jacob Collamer, Woodstock. 1863 Solomon Foot,
1863 1865	MICHIGAN.  Zachariah Chandler,Detroit.  *Kinsley S. Bingham,Kensington.	VIRGINIA.  1863 James M. Mason, Winchester. 1865 Robert M. T. Hunter, Loyds, Essex Co.
1863 1865	MINNESOTA. Henry M. Rice,St. Paul. Morton S. Wilkinson,Blue Earth Co.	WISCONSIN. 1861 Charles Durkee,

## HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES-237 Members.

of	, Speaker.
	of ———, Clerk.
Republicans (Roman), 113; Administra'n Democ man spaced), 8; South Americans, (SMALL OF	erats (Italies), 93; Antl-Lecompton Democrats (Reaps), 23. Total, 237.
ALABAMA	5 John V. Brown, Elizabethtown.
2 A V 4 Ct. W Errorgroom	6 GREEN ADAMS
1 "James A. Baatcorn", Heriston 2 James L. Pugh, Enfanta, 3 David Clopton, Crawford, 4 "Sydenham Moore, Greensboro", 5 "George S. Houston, Athens. 6 "Williamson R. W. Cobb, Bellefonte, 7 "Jabez L. M. Curry, Talladega,	7 ROBERT MALLORY, La Grange. 8 William E. Sims, Paris. 9 LARAN T. MOORE, Louisa. 10 *John W. Stevenson, Covington.
3 David Clopton, Crawford.	1 9 Ligin T Moore Louise
4 *Sydenham Moore, Greensboro'.	10 *John W Stevenson Covincton
5 George S. Houston,	To the state of th
6 Williamson R. W. Cooo, Belletonte.	LOCISIANA.
7 *Jabez L. M. Curry,	1 Enward Bouligny, New Orleans.
ARKANSAS.	2 " Al Hes I divitor, Formius on ville,
1 Thomas C. Hindman	3 *Thomas G. Davidson Fast Feliciana
2. Albert RustLittle Rock.	4 John M. Landrum,Shreveport.
	MAINE.
CALIFORNIA.	1 Daniel E. Somes
1 *Charles L. Scott, Sonora.	1 Daniel E. Somes, Blddeford 2 John J. Perry, Oxford, 3 Ezra B. French, Damariscotta.
2 John C. Burch, Weaverville.	3 Ezra B. French
CONNECTICUT.	4 *Freeman H. Morse,Bath.
1 Dwight Loomis,	5 *Israei Washburn, jr., Orono.
9 John Woodrill	6 Stephen C. Foster, Pembroke.
3 Alfred A. Burnham, Windham.	· ·
4 Orris S. Ferry, Norwalk.	MARYLAND.
	1 *James A. Stewart,
1 * William G. Whiteley, Newcastle.	2 EDWIN H, WEPSTER Belair. 3 *J. Morrison Harris, (b) Baltimore. 4 *Harry Winner Duris (c) Rultimore.
1 " i) unam G. Witterey,	4 *HEVRY WINTED DAVIS (A) Rultimore
FLORIDA.	5 *Jacob M. Kunkel Frederick
1 *George S. Hawkins,Pensacola.	4 *HENRY WINTER DAVIS, (c). Baltimore. 5 *Jacob M. Kunkel, Frederick. 6 George W. Hughes, West River.
	The state of the s
GEORGIA. Thomsellle	MASSACHUSETTS.  1 Thomas D. Eliot, New Redford, 2 *James Buffinton, Fall River, 3 Charles F. Adams, Quincy, 4 Alexander H. Rice, Hoston,
1 Peter E. Lore,	I Thomas D. Eliot, New Bedford,
2 THOMAS HARDENAN IT Macon.	2 "James Bumnton,rall River.
A * Lucius I Gartrell Atajanta,	J Charles F. Adams,
4 *Lucius J. Gartrell, Atalanta. 5 John W. Underwool, Rome.	4 Alexander II. Nice,
6 James Jackson Athens.	6 John R Alley Lynn
5 John W. Onderwood, Modes. 6 *James Jackson, Athens. 7 *JOSHUA HILL, Madison. 8 John J. Jones, Lester's District.	7 *Daniel W. GoechMelrose.
8 John J. Jones, Lester's District	8 Charles R. Train Framingham.
	9 *Eli Thaver Worcester.
ILLINOIS.	10 Charles Delano, Northampton,
1 *Flihu B. Washburne,Galena. 2 *John F. Farnsworth,St. Charles.	4 Alexander H. Rice, Bosson. 5 °Anson Burlingame, Cambridge. 6 John B. Alley, Lynn. 7 °Daniel W. Gooch, Melrose. 8 Charles R. Train, Framingham. 9 °Eli Thayer, Worcester. 10 Charles Delano, Northampton. 11 °Henry L. Dawes, Adams.
2 *John F. Farnsworth, St. Charles. 3 *Owen Lovejoy, Princeton. 4 *William Kellogg, Canton. 5 *Isaac N. Morris, Quincy. 6 John A. McClernand, Marshall. James C. Robinson, Marshall.	
4 *William Kellogg,	MICHIGAN.
5 *Isaac N. Morris,Quincy.	1 George B. Cooper, (d)Jackson.
6 John A. McClernand,	2 *Henry WaldronHillsdaie. 3 Francis W. Kellogg,Kelloggville.
7 James C. Robinson, Marshall.	4 *De Witt C, Leach,Lansing.
8 Philip B. Foulie, Belleville.	2 Do Hitt O. Deach,
9 John A. Logan, Benton.	MINNESOTA.
	1 Cyrus Aldrich, Chatfield.
INDIANA. Vincennes	2 William Windom,Winons.
1 *William J. Niblack	MISSISSIPPI,
2 William M. Dran Medican	1 *Lucius Q. C. Lamar,Abbeville.
4 William S. Holman, Aurora.	2 * Reuben Duris Aberdeen
5 *David Kilcore Muncietown.	3 * William Barkedale Columbus.
5 *David Kilgore, Muncietown. 6 Albert G. Porter, Indianapolis. 7 *Jo hu G. Davis, Rockville, 8 *James Wilson, Crawfordsville.	2 Reuben Duris, Aberdeen. 3 William Barkedale, Columbus. 4 Otho R. Singleton, Canton.
7 *John G. Davis Rockville.	5 John J. McRae, State Line.
8 James Wilson, Crawfordsville.	
9 *Schuyler Colfax, South Bend. 10 *Charles Case, Fort Wayne. 11 *John U. Pettit, Wabash.	MISSOURI.
10 *Charles Case,Fort Wayne.	1 J. Richard Barrett, (c)St. Louis.
11 "John U. Pettit,	2 "Thomas L. Anderson, Palmyra.
	2 *Thomas L. Anderson Palmyra. 3 *John B. Clark Fayette. 4 *James Craig St. Joseph.
1 *Samuel R Curtis Keokuk	5 *Samuel H Woodson Independence
1 *Samuel R. Curtis,	6 *John S. PhelpsSpringfield.
	5 *Simuel H. Woodson, Independence. 6 *John S. Phelps, Springfield, 7 John W. Noell, Perryville.
KENTUCKY.	
1 *Henry C. Burnett	NEW HAMPSHIRE.
2 Samuel O. Peyton, Hartford,	1 Gilman Marston, Exeter.
2 *Samuel O. Peyton,	1 Gilman Marston, Exeter. 2 *Mason W. Tappan, Bradford, 3 Thomas M. Edwards, Keene.
4 WM. C. ANDERSON, (a) Danville.	3 Inomas M. Edwards, Keene.

(a) Seat contested by James S. Chrisman, Dem. (b) Contested by William P. Preston. (c) Contested by William G. Harrison. (d) Contested by William A. Howard, Republican. (c) Contested by Francis P. Blair, jr., Republican.

	<del></del>
NEW JERSEY.	6 *John Hickman, Westchester.
NEW JERSEY.  1 †John L. N. Stratton, Bridgeton.  2 †John L. N. Stratton, Mount Holly.  3 *Garnett B. Adraiu, New Brunswick.  4 Jetur R. Riggs, Paterson.  Welliam Population.	7 Henry C. Longenecker,Allentown,
2 †John L. N. Stratton, Mount Hony.	8 *Johu Schwartz,Reading.
3 *Garnett B. Adraid, New Didney B.	10 John W. KillingerLehanon.
5 William Pennington, Newark.	11 James H. Campbell,Pottsville.
	12 George W. Scranton, Scranton.
NEW YORK.  1 †Luther C. Carter, Flushing.  2 James Humphrey, Brooklyn.  3 * Daniel E. Sickles, (f) New York.  4 * Thomas J. Barr, New York.  5 * William B. Maclay, New York.  6 * John Cochrane, New York.  7 †George Briggs, New York.  8 * Horace F. Clark, New York.  9 * John B. Haskin, Fordham.  10 Charles H. Van Wyck, Bloominghurg.  11 William S. Kenyou, Kingston.  12 Charles L. Beale, Kinderhook.	8 *Johu Schwartz, Reading. 9 Thaddens Stevens, Lancaster. 10 John W. Killinger, Lehanon. 11 James H. Campbell, Pottsville. 12 George W. Scranton, Scranton. 13 *William H. Dimmick, Honesdale. 14 *Galusha A. Grow, Glenwood. 15 James T. Hale, Bellefonte. 16 Benjamin F. Junkin, Bloomfield. 17 Edward McPherson, Gettyshurg. 18 Samuel S. Blair, Hollidaysburg. 19 *John Covode, Lockport Statiou. 20 *William Mondgomery, Washington.
2 James HumphreyBrooklyn.	14 *Galusha A. Grow,
3 * Daniel E. Sickles, (f) New York.	16 Benjamin F. Junkin, Bloomfield,
4 *Thomas J. Barr, New York.	17 Edward McPherson,Gettyshurg.
5 * William B. Maclay, New York.	18 Samuel S. Blair, Hollidaysburg.
6 *John Cochrane, New York,	19 *John Covode, Lockport Station.
2 *Horace F. Clark New York,	20 *William Montgomery, Washington. 21 James K. Moorhead, Pittshurg. 22 Rohert McKnight, Allegheny City.
a *John B. Haskin, Fordham.	22 Robert McKnightAllegheny City.
10 Charles H. Van Wyck, Bloominghurg.	
11 William S. Kenyou, Kingston.	24 Chapin Hall, Warren,
12 Charles L. Beale,	24 Chapin Hall, Warren, 25 Elijah Bahbit, Erie.
13 *Ahraham B. Olin,Troy. 14 John H. Reynolds,Alhany.	RHODE ISLAND.  1 Christopher Rohinson, Cumberland. 2 *William D. Brayton, Warwick.
15 James B. McKean,Saratoga Springs.	1 Christopher Rohinson, Cumberland,
16 *George W. Palmer,Plattsburg.	2 *William D. Brayton, Warwick.
17 *Francis E. Spinner, Mohawk.	
18 *Clark B. Cochrane, Schenectady.	1 *John McQueen
19 James H. Graham, Delhi, 20 Roscoe Conkling, Utica.	3 *Lawrence M. Keitt Orangchurg.
21 R. Holland Duell,	4 *Milledge L. Bonham,Edgefield.
22 M. Lindley Lee,Fulton.	5 John D. Ashmore, Anderson. 6 * William W. Boyce, Winushoro.
23 *Charles B. Hoard,Watertown.	6 * William W. Boyce, Winushoro.
24 Charles B. Sedgwick, Syracuse. 25 Martin Butterfield, Palmyra.	TENNESSEE.  1 THOMAS A. R. NEISON, Jonesboro'.  2 *HORAGE MAYNARN, Knoxville.  3 REESE B. BRABSON, Chattanooga.
25 Martin Butternetd,	1 THOMAS A. R. NELSON, Jonesooro'.
26 *Emory B. Pottle, Naples. 27 Alfred Wells, Ithaca. 28 William Irvine, Corning. 29 Alfred Ely Rochester.	3 REESE B. BRABSON Chattanooga.
28 William Irvine,	4 WILLIAM. B. STOKES, Smithville.
29 Alfred Ely	4 WILLIAM, B. STOKES, Smithville, 5 ROBERT HATTON, Lehanon, 6 James H. Thomas
30 Augustus Frank,Warsaw. 31 *Silas M. Burroughs,Medlna.	6 James H. ThomasColumbia.
32 Elbridge G. Spaulding,Buffalo.	7 *John V. Wright,
33 *Reuhen E. Fenton,Frewshurg.	9 TEMERSON ETHERINGE Dresden.
	5 ROBERT HATTON, Lehanon. 6 James H. Thomas. Columbia. 7 *John V. Wright, Purdy. 8 JAMES M. QUARLES, Clarksville. 9 ‡EMERSON ETHERINGE, Dresden. 10 *William T. Avery, Memphis.
NORTH CAROLINA.  1 WILHAM N. H. SMITH Murfreeshoro'. 2 *Thomas Ruffin, Goldsboro'. 3 *Warren Winslovo, Fayette ville.	
2 *Thomas Ruffin,	1 *John H. Reagan, Palestiue, 2 Andrew J. Hamilton, Austin.
3 * Warren Winslow, Fayetteville.	2 Andrew J. Hamilton, Austin.
5 * JOHN A CHMER Greenshoro'.	WIND SAC SEM
6 James M. Leach, Lexington.	1 *Ezekiel P. Walton,
6 JAMES M. LEACH, Lexington. 7 *Burton_Craige, Salishury. 8 *ZEBULON B. VANCE, Ashville.	3 *Homer E. Royce,East Berkshire.
	VIRGINIA.
OINO	VIRGINIA.  1 *Muscoe R. H. Garnett, Loretto.  2 * John S. Millson, Norfolk,  3 Daniel C. Dejarnette, Bowling Greene.  4 Roger A. Pryor, Petershurg.  5 *Thomas S. Bocock, Appomattox, C. H.  6 Shelton F. Leake, Charlottesville.  7 * William Smith, Warrenton.  8 Alexander R. Boteler, Shepherdstown,  9 John T. Harris, Harrisonurg.
1 *George H. Pendleton, Cincinnati. 2 John A. Gurley, Cincinnati. 3 *Charles L. Vallandigham, Dayton. 4 William Allen, Greenville. 5 James M. Ashley, Toledo. 6 William Howard, Batavia. 7 Thomas Carwin, Lebanon	2 * John S. Hillson, Norfolk,
2 John A. Gurley,	3 Daniel C. Dejarnette, Bowling Greene.
4 William Allen Greenville.	4 Roger A. Pryor, Petershurg.
5 James M. AshleyToledo.	6 Shelton F Leake Charlottesville
6 William Howard,Batavia.	7 * William Smith Warrenton.
7 Thomas Corwin, Lehanon,	8 ALEXANDER R. BOTELER, Shepherdstown.
6 William Howard, Batavia, 7 Thomas Corwin, Lehanon, 8 *Benjamin Stanton, Bellefontain, 9 John Carey, Carey, 10 Carey A. Trimhle, Chillicothe, 11 Charles D. Martin, Lancaster, 12 *Samuel S. Cox, Columhus, 13 *John Sherman, Mansfield,	9 John T. Harris,
10 Carey A. Trimhle, Chillicothe.	10 Sherrard Clemens, Wheeling.
11 Charles D. Martin, Lancaster.	11 * Henry A. Edmundson Salem.
12 *Samuel S. Cox, Columbus.	11 * Elbert G. Jenkins, Green Bottom. 12 *Henry A. Edmundson, Salem. 13 Elbert S. Martin, Lee, C. H.
12 *Samuet S. Cor., Columnus, 13 *John Sherman, Mansfield, 14 Harrison G. Blake, Medina, 15 William Helmick, New Philadelphia, 16 *Cydnor B. Tompkins, McConnellsville, 17 Thomas C. Theaker, Bridgeport, 18 Sidney Edgerton, Akron, 19 *Edward Waôe, Cleveland, 20 John Hutchins Warren	WISCONSIN.
14 Harrison G. Biake,	1 *John F. PotterEast Troy.
16 *Cydnor B TompkinsMcConnellsville.	1 *John F. Potter,East Troy. 2 *Cadwallader C. Washhurn,. La Crosse.
17 Thomas C. Theaker, Bridgeport,	3 Charles H. Larrabee, Horicou
18 Sidney Edgerton Akron.	Delegates from Territories.
19 *Edward Wade, Cleveland.	KANSAS
	1 *Marcus J. Parrot Leavenworth City.
21 *John A. Bingham, Cadiz.	NEBRASKA.
OREGON.  1 Lansing Stout. (a) Portland.	1 Experience Eastabrook, (h) Omaha City.
1 Lansing Stout, (g) Portland.	NEW MEXICO.
PENNSYLVANIA. Philadelphia	1 *Miguel A. Olero, (i)Albuquerque.
2 *Edward Joy Morris + Philadelphia.	UTAH.
3 +John P. Verree,Philadelphia.	1 William H. Hooper, Salt Lake City.
4 +William Millward,Philadelphia	WASHINGTON.
PENNSYLVANIA.  1 *Thomas B. Florence, Philadelphia. 2 *Edward Joy Morris,† Philadelphia. 3 †John P. Verree, Philadelphia. 4 †William Millward, Philadelphia 5 †John Wood, Conshohocken.	1 *Isaac I. Stevens,Olympia.
Members of the last riouse.	Opposition elected on Papplete tielect
(f) Contested by Amor J. Williamson. (g) Contested (i) Contested by Henry M. Watts.	by David Logan. (h) Contested by Samuel G. Daily, Rep.
(i) Contested by Henry M. Watts.	

## RATES OF POSTAGE—Domestic and Foreign.

#### RATES OF DOMESTIC POSTAGE.

LETTERS, for each balf ounce, under 8,000 miles, prepaid, 3 cents; over 3,000 miles, prepaid, 10 cents. All letters must be prepaid by stamps, or inclosed in stamped envelopes, or they will not be forwarded.

Transient Newspapers, Periodicals, Circulars, &c., to any part of the United States, not weighing over 3 ounces, 1 cent, and 1 cent for each additional ounce, prepayment re-

quired.

Books, prepaid, not weighing over 4 pounds, 1 cent per ounce for any distance in the United Statos under 3,000 miles, and 2 cents an ounce over 3,000 miles, prepayment required. All fractions over the ounce being counted as an

additional ounce.

Newspapers and Periodicals not exceeding 14 ounce in weight, when paid quarterly in advance and circulated in the State where publisbed-Daily, per quarter, 221; six times per week, 19\frac{1}{2}; tri-weekly, 9\frac{1}{2}; semi-weekly, 6\frac{1}{2}; weekly, 3\frac{1}{2}; semi-monthly, 1\frac{1}{2}; monthly, 4. Newspapers and periodicals when weighing 1\frac{1}{2} ounce and over, double the above rates.

Small Newspapers, published monthly, or oftener, and pamphlets not containing more tban 16 octavo pages, in packages of 8 ounces

or over, } cent per ounce.

Weekly Newspapers, within the county where published, free.

Quarterly payments, in advance, may be made either where published or received.

#### BATES OF LETTER POSTAGE TO FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

To England, Ireland and Scotland (California, Oregon and Washington excepted, 24 cents toz. From California, Oregon, or Washington, 29 cents doz.
 To France and Algeria, by French mails, 15

cents + oz., 80 cents + oz.

To German States, by Prussian closed mail, 30

cents 🕯 oz. Do by French mail, 21 cents 1

oz., 42 cents + oz. mail (except Do by Bremen

Bremen, Frankfort, Luxemburg, Wurtemburg, Holland, and the Netberlands), 15 cents ; oz.

by Hamburg mail (except Hamburg, Frankfort, Laxemburg, Wurtemburg, Holland, and the Netherlands), 15 cents 🛊 oz.

To Bremen, by Bremen mail, 10 cents } oz. To Brazil, via England, 45 cents 2 oz. Prepaid. To Hamburg, by Hamburg mail, 10 cents } oz. To Frankfort and Wurtemburg, by Bremen or

Hamburg mail, 22 cents ; oz. To Luxemburg, by Bremen or Hamburg mail,

25 cents 1 oz.

Do

To Holland and the Netherlands, by French mail, 21 cents 1 oz., 42 cents 1 oz.

To Austria and its States, by Prussian closed mail, 80 cents } oz.

Do by Bremen or Hamdo burg mail, 15 cents ₹ 0Z.

Do do by French mail, 27 cents 1 oz., 54 cents doz.

To Russia, by Prussian closed mail, 37 cents } oz. by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 29 Do cents | oz.

To Prussia, by Prussian closed mail, 80 cts. 1 oz. Do by Bremen or Hamburg mail 15 cents } oz.

Do by French mail, 21 cents 1 oz., 42 cents | oz.

To Sardinian States, by Prussian closed mail, 8S cents } oz.

Do by French mail, 21 cents 1 oz., 42 cents 1 oz. by Bremen or Hamburg mail 30 cents } oz.

To Lombardy, by Prussian closed mail, 83 cents

Do 54 cents | oz.

by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 15 Do cents } oz.

To Parma and Modena, by Prussian closed mail, 83 cents + oz.

Do do by French mail, 27 cents 1 oz., 54 cents 1 oz. Do do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 25 cents } oz.

To Papal States and Tuscany, by Prussian closed mail, 85 cents d oz.

Do do by French mail, 27 cents, ½ oz., 54 cents ½ oz. by Bremen or Hamdo

Do burg mail, 28 cts. doz.

To the Two Sicilies, by Prussian closed mail, 30 cents } oz .- prepaid.

Do by French mail, 30 cents 1 oz., 60 cents doz. by Bremen or Hamburg Do

mail, 22 cents + oz.prepaid. To Spain, by French mail, 21 cents 1 oz., 42

cents { oz.-prepaid. by British mail, via Southampton, Do

73 cents } oz.—prepaid. To Portngal, by French mail, 21 cents 1 oz., 42

cents ! oz .- prepaid. Do by British mail, via Southampton,

63 cents + oz.-prepaid. To Denmark, by Prussian closed mail, 85 cents doz.

Do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 25 cents + oz.

Do by French mail, 27 cents ; oz., 54 cents | oz.

To Sweden, by Prussian closed mail, 42 cents t oz.

To Sweden, by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 33 cents 1 oz.

Do by French mail, 33 cents 1 oz., 66 cents 🖟 oz.

To Norway, by Prussian closed mail, 46 cents

Do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 38 cents ; oz. Do by French mail, 33 cents 1 oz., 66

cents 1 oz. To West India Islands (not British), except Cuba, Turk's Island, Carthagena, Hon-duras, San Juan (Nicaragua), Santa Martha, Venezuela, and St. Thomas, 34 cents 1 oz., when distance from mailing office is under 2,500 miles, and 44 cents \( \frac{1}{4} \) oz. when distance exceeds 2,500 miles prepaid.

To Canada, New Brunswick, Cape Breton, Prince Edward's Island, Nova Scotia, and New Foundland, 10 cents \( \frac{1}{2} \) oz. when distance is not over 3,000 miles from line of crossing,

and 15 cents 1 oz. if distance exceeds 3,000 miles.

To Aspinwall and Panama, New Grenada, and Mexico, 10 cents ½ oz. when distance does not exceed 2,500 miles, and 20 cents if distance exceeds 2,500 miles-prepaid.

To Bogota and Buenaventura, New Granada.

18 cents ½ oz.—prepaid.
To Ecuador, Bolivia, and Chili, 34 cents ½ oz. prepaid.

To Peru, 22 cents 1 oz.—prepaid.
To West Indies, British, (except Turk's Island,) 10 cents 1 oz. if distance does not exceed 2,500 miles, and 20 cents 1 oz. if distance exceeds 2,500 miles-prepaid.

To Sandwich Islands, New South Wales, and China, by mail to San Francisco, thence by private ship, 10 cents 1 oz. - prepaid.

Note.—In all cases where the word prepaid is not added, the prepayment of the postage is optional with the sender.

## LAND FOR THE LANDLESS.

#### ACTION OF CONGRESS ON THE PUBLIC LANDS

THE Public Domain of the United States is still immense, notwithstanding the millions npon millions of acres which have been squandered or passed over to the hands of speculators and monopolists, by the action of the National Government, during the past few years. It is estimated by intelligent persons, who have given their attention to the subject, that lying within the States and Territories of this government there are now about one thousand millions of acres of public lands, still nnentered. "What shall be done with this immense domain?" is a question which has for years occupied the minds of thoughtful men, who have the best interests of society at heart. At length, the great question of the proper disposition of these lands has become one of party, and may be stated as follows: "Shall the Public Domain be open to monopoly by speculators, leading inevitably to a landed aristocracy? or shall it be reserved for actual occupants in small quantities, at a nominal price, or without price?" There would be no difficulty whatever in during the session of 1858-9, npon the dis

adjusting this question at any time and in the right way, if the Negro question, which, in the National Administration, absorbs or overrides all others, were not behind it. Although this is an old question, it had never commanded, in Congress, the attention to which it is entitled, previous to the organization of the Republican party; because until that time both the great parties into which the country was divided were either controlled, or their action was modified, by the Slaveholding interest of the country. That interest, which is ever vigilant, understands that it cannot well exist where small freeholds prevail, and hence it opposes, with all its great power, all Preëmption and Homestead laws, knowing well that if our new States and Territories are to be occupied in quarter-sections, they will be occupied by working farmers, and not by speculators and great planters.

Since this question has assumed a national importance, a concise record of the proceedings and votes in Congress

position of the Public Domain, will be of interest to the purchasers of The Tribune ALMANAC, as a matter of record.

On the 20th January, 1859, (See Congressional Globe, p. 492), a bill relating to preëmptions, reported from the Committee on Public Lands, was pending before the House. The bill proposed to make some changes in the details of existing preëmption laws, but without affecting the substance of the present system of disposing of the public lands. It was, however, in parliamentary order to propose to amend the bill so as to change the present system, and to bring the House to a direct vote npon snch propositions. The friends of such change were prompt to avail themselves of this advantage.

Mr. Grow, of Pennsylvania, moved to amend the bill by adding the following as an additional section:

"Be it further enacted, That from and after the passage of this act, no public land shall be exposed to sale by proclamation of the President, unless the same shall have been surveyed, and the return of such survey duly filed in the Land Office, for ten years or more before such sale.

The force and effect of this amendment would be to give the preëmptors ten years the start of the speculators and land monopolists. That is to say: with the addition of Mr. Grow's amendment to the existing laws and regulations touching the Public Lands, they would be open to preemption ten years before they could come within the grasp of the speculator, thus giving the poor, industrious settler ample time to "clear up" his farm and pay for it from the proceeds of the soil. This was just what the South and the Democracy did not want, as the sequel will show.

The slaveholding aristocracy, who are bold enough when it is necessary to be bold, but who are crafty as well as bold, forthwith resorted to parliamentary tactics to avoid a direct issue upon Mr. Grow's proposition.

Their first movement was a motion to refer the bill and amendment to the Committee of the Whole, familiarly and aptly styled "the tomb of the Capulets." If that reference had been carried, the bill never would have been reached, and would never have been heard of afterward.

The vote upon the motion to refer the bill to the Committee of the Whole was as follows—the Democrats in Roman, the Republicans in Italics, and the Southern Americans in SMALL CAPITALS:

#### YEAS.

MAINE .- Wood-1.

CONNECTICUT—Arnold, Bishop—2. New York—Burroughs, Maclay, Russell Taylor-4.

New Jersey-Wortendyke-1.

PENNSYLVANIA—Ahl, Chapman, Dewart, Montgomery, Morris, Ritchie, White—7.

MARYLAND—HARRIS, RICAUD—2. VIRGINIA—Bocock, Caskie, Edmundson, VIRGINIA—Bocock, Caskie, Edmundson, Faulkner, Garnett, Millson, Powell—7.
NORTH CAROLINA—Craige, Ruffin, Scales,

Winslow-4.

SOUTH CAROLINA-Boyce, Branch, Keitt, Mc-Queen, Miles-5.

Georgia-Crawford, Gartrell, Jackson, Seward, Stephens, TRIPPE, Wright-7. FLORIDA-Hawkins-1.

ALABAMA-Curry, Houston, Moore, Shorter-4.

Mississippi-Barksdale, Davis, McRae-3. Louisiana-Eustis, Sandidge, Taylor-8. Texas-Bryan, Reagan-2.

TENNESSEE-Atkins, Jones, Maynard, Ready, Savage, Watkins, Zollicoffer-7.

KENTUCKY-Burdett, Jewett, MARSHALL, Peyton, Stevenson, Talbott, Underwood-7

Missouri—Anderson, Caruthers, John B. Clark, James Craig, Phelps, Woodson—6.
Оню—Burns, Cockerill, Groesbeck, Harlan, Lawrence, Nichols, Pendleton, Vallandig-

ham-S. Indiana-Davis, English, Gregg, Hughes, Niblack-5. ILLINOIS-Marshall, Morris, Shaw, Smith-4

-Total, 90.

MAINE-Foster, Gilman, Morse, I. Wash-

burn-4.

New Hampshire—Cragin, Toppan-2.
Vermont—Morrill, Royce, Walton-8.
Massachushtts—Buffinton, Burlingame,
Chaffee, Comins, Dawes, Hall, Knapp, Thay-

RHODE ISLAND-Brayton, Durfee-2. CONNECTICUT-Clark, Denn-2.

New York—Andrews, Clark, John Cochrane, Dodd, Fenton, Granger, Hatch, Hoard, Kelsey, Matteson, Morgan, Morse, Murray, Olin, Palmer, Parker, Spinner, Thompson-18.

NEW JERSEY-Clawson, Huyler-2.

PENNSYLVANIA—Covode, Edie, Florence, Grow, Jones, Keim, Leidy, Purviance, Stewart-9.

MARYLAND-Bowie, Stewart-2.

VIRGINIA.—Goode, Hopkins—2.

NORTH CAROLINA .-- GILMER, VANCE-2. ALABAMA-Cobb, Dowdell, Stallworth-3.

MISSISSIPPI-Singleton-

Оню—Bingham, Bliss, Cox, Giddings, Hall, Leiter, Mott, Sherman, Stanton, Tompkins, Wade-11.

INDIANA-Colfax, Foley, Kilgore, Pettit, Wilson-5.

Illinois-Farnsworth, Kellogg, Lovejoy, Washburne-4.
MISSOURI-Blair-1.

MICHIGAN-Howard, Leach, Walbridge, Waldron-4.

Wisconsin-Potter, Washburn-2.

IOWA—Curtis, Davis—2. CALIFORNIA—Scott—1.

MINNESOTA-Cavanaugh, Phelps-2; Total-

The motion to refer the bill to the Committee of the Whole having thus failed, the House was brought to a direct vote upon Mr. Grow's amendment, which was adopted by the following vote:

MAINE-Foster, Gilman, Morse, Washburn, Wood--5.

NEW HAMPSHIRE-Cragin, Pike, Tappan-3.

VERMONT-Morrill, Royce, Walton-3. MASSACHUSETTS - Buffinton, Burlingame,

Chaffee, Comins, Davis, Dawes, Gooch, Hall, Knapp, Thayer—10. RHODE ISLAND—Brayton, Durfee—2.

roughs, Clark, John Cochrane, Dodd, Fenton, Granger, Hoard, Kelsey, Matteson. Morgan, Morse, Murray, Olin, Palmer, Parker, Sherman, Spinner, Thompson—20.

NEW JERSEY—Robbins—1.

PENNSYLVANIA—Chanman Connecticut—Dean—1.

PENNSYLVANIA—Chapman, Covode, Edie, orence, Grow, Keim, Morris, Phillips,

Florence, Grow, Keim, Morri Purviance, Ritchie, Stewart-11.

MARYLAND-Stewart-1. TENNESSEE-Atkins. Avery, Jones, Sav-

Kentucky-Jewett, Stevenson, Talbott-3. Оню-Bingham, Bliss, Cockerill, Gid-dings, Harlan, Horton, Lawrence, Leiter, Miller, Mott, Sherman, Stanton, Tompkins,

Wade-14. Indiana-Colfax, Kilgore, Pettit,

ILLINOIS-Farnsworth, Kellogg, Lovejoy, Washburne-4.

Michigan-Howard, Leach, Walbridge, Waldron-4.

Wisconsin-Billinghurst, Potter, Washburn-3.

MINNESOTA—Cavanaugh, Phelps—2. Iowa - Curtis, Davis-2.

MISSOURI-Blair-1.-Total, 98.

Connecticut-Arnold-1.

NEW YORK-Russell, Searing, Taylor-3. New Jersey-Huyler, Wortendyke-2. PENNSYLVANIA -- Ahl, Dewart, Leidy, Montgomery-4.

Delaware—Whiteley—1. A MARYLAND—Bowie—1.

Virginia-Bocock, Caskie, Edmundson, Garnett, Goode, Hopkins, Millson, Powell-8.

NORTH CAROLINA—Branch, Craige, GILMER, Ruffin, Scales, Shaw, VANCE, Winslow—8.
SOUTH CAROLINA—Bonham, Boyce, McQueen,

Miles-4.

Georgia-Crawford, Gartrell, Jackson, Seward, Stephens, TRIPPE, Wright-7.

FLORIDA-Hawkins-1.

ALABAMA-Cobb, Curry, Dowdell, Houston, Moore, Shorter, Stallworth-7.

MISSISSIPPI—Davis, McRae, Singleton—3. LOUISIANA—EUSTIS, Sandidge—2.

TEXAS-Reagan-1.

TENNESSEE-MAYNARD, READY, Smith, Watkins, Zollicofffr-5.

KENTUCKY-Burnett, Elliott, Underwood-3. Оню-Burns, Cox, Hall, Pendleton, Vallandigham-5.

Indiana-Davis, Foley, Gregg. Hughes-4. ILLINOIS-Hodges, Marshall, Shaw, Smith-MISSOURI-ANDERSON, Caruthers, Clark, Craig, Phelps, Woodson-6.

CALIFORNIA -- Scott -- 1 .- Total, 81.

Upon the adoption of Mr. Grow's amendment, the Republican vote, as will be seen, was nnanimously in the affirmative. Of the votes from the Slave States, all but nine were in the negative, and, as we shall presently see, there was only one of that number who was really in favor of it, this one being Mr. Blair, Republican, of Missouri.

Mr. Grow's amendment being incorporated into the bill, the next question was upon the passage of the bill, which was defeated by the following vote:

MAINE-Foster, Morse, Washburn, Wood-4. NEW HAMPSHIRE-Cragin, Pike, Tappan

VERMONT-Morrill, Royce, Walton-3. MASSACHUSETTS-Buffinton, Burlingame, Chaffee, Comins, Davis, Dawes, Gooch, Hall, Knapp, Thayer-10.

RHODE ISLAND—Brayton, Durfee—2. Connecticut—Clark, Dean—2.

NEW YORK-Andrews, Bennett, Burroughs, Clark, C. B. Cochrane, John Cochrane, Dodd, Fenton, Granger, Hatch, Hoard, Kelsey, Matteson, Morgan, Morse, Murray, Olin, Palmer, Parker, Spinner, Thompson—21. NEW JERSEY—Clawson, Robbins—2.

PENNSYLVANIA-Covode, Dick, Edie, Grow, Keim, Morris, Purviance, Ritchie, Stewart

MARYLAND-DAVIS-1.

OHIO—Bingham, Bliss, Oox. Giddings, Hall, Harlan, Horton, Leiter, Miller, Mott, Sherman, Stanton, Tompkins, Wade-14.

MICHIGAN-Howard, Leach, Walbridge. Waldron-4.

INDIANA-Colfax, Kilgore, Pettit, Wilson-

ILLINOIS-Farnsworth, Kellogg, Lovejoy, Morris, Washburne-5

WISCONSIN-Potter, Washburn-2. IOWA-Curtis, Davis-2 Minnesota-Cavanaugh, Phelps-2. MISSOURI-Blair-1 .- Total, 91.

CONNECTICUT - Arnold-1. New York-Corning, Russell, Searing, Taylor-4.

New Jersey-Huyler-1.

PENNSYLVANIA—Ahl, Chapman, Dewart, Florence, Jones, Leidy, Montgomery, Phillips,

DELAWARE-Whiteley-1.

MARYLAND-Bowie, RICAUD, Stewart-3. VIRGINIA-Bocock, Caskie, Edmundson, Garnett. Goode, Hopkins, Millson, Powell-8.

NORTH CAROLINA-Craige, Gilmer, Ruffin, Scales, Shaw, Vance, Winslow-7.

SOUTH CASOLINA-Bonham, Boyce, McQueen

GEORGIA-Crawford, Gartrell, Jackson, Stephens, TRIPPE, Wright-6.

FLORIDA-Hawkins-1.

ALABAMA-Cohh, Dowdell, Houston, Moore, Shorter, Stallworth-6.

Mississippi-Barksdale, Davis, McRae, Sin-

Louisiana-Sandidge, Taylor-2. Texas-Bryan, Reagan-2. ARKANSAS-Greenwood-1.

TENNESSEE-Atk ns, Avery, Jones, MATNARD, READY, Savage, Smith, Watkins, Zollicoffer-

KENTUCKY-Burnett, Clay, Elliott, Jewett, Marshall, Mason, Peyton, Stevenson, Talbott, Underwood-10.

Оню-Burns, Cockerill, Groesheck, Pendleton, Vallandigham-5.

Indiana-Davis, Foley, Gregg, Hughes-4.

ILLINOIS-Marshall, Shaw-2. Missouri-Annerson, Caruthers, Clark, Craig,

Phelps, Woodson-6.-Total, 95.

The defeat of the bill, in consequence of the incorporation into it of Mr. Grow's amendment, shows that a majority of the House was really opposed to that amendment, although it had been adopted by a vote of 98 to 81. Certain members, who did not dare to vote directly against the amendment, joined in killing it afterward, by killing the bill, of which it had been made a part by their own votes.

Thus Messrs. Stewart of Maryland, Atkins, Avery, Jones, and Savage, of Tennessee, and Jewett, Stevenson, and Talbott, of Kentncky. who had voted for the amendment, voted afterward against the amendment, voted afterward against the ment can borrow money at four and a bill. Only one, Mr. Blair, of the nine half per cent. per annum, while the set-Southern supporters of the amendment, ther frequently pays five per cent. per proved true to it in the end, and no other month for the money to enter his lands. Southern member came to its support in to prevent their sale at public anction.

the final vote, saving only Mr. Davis of Maryland, who represents the free-labor interests of the city of Baltimore, rather than the interests or passious of the slaveholding and landed aristocracy of the planting States.

Afterward, on the same day, when these votes upon Mr. Grow's amendment were given, the representatives from Minnesota, both of them members of the Democratic party, delivered speeches, in which they made no secret of their chagrin that a measure so vital to their constituency encountered the nearly nnanimous opposition of their political friends. Mr. Cavanangh, one of the members from Minnesota (Globe, p. 505,) said:

"In reference to the vote on this hill to-day, with an overwhelming majority of this side of the House voting against my colleague and myself, voting against this bill, I say it frankly, I say it in sorrow, that it was to the Republican side of the Honse to whom we were compelled to look for support of this just and honorable measure. Gentlemen from the South, gentlemen who have hroad acres and wide plantations, aided here to-day hy their votes more to make Republican States in the North than by any vote which has been cast within the last two years. These gentlemen come here and ask us to support the South; yet they, to a man almost, vote against the free, independent labor of the North and West.

"I, sir, have inherited my Democracy; have been attached to the Democratic party from my hoyhood; have helieved in the great truths as enunciated by the 'fathers of the faith,' and have cherished them religiously, knowing that, hy their faithful application to every department of this Government, this nation has grown np from struggling colonies to prosperous, powerful, and sovereign States. But, sir, when I see Sonthern gentlemen come np, as I did to-day, and refuse, by their votes, to aid my constituents, refuse to place the actual tiller of the soil, the honest, industrious laborer. heyond the grasp and avarlce of the speculator, I tell you, sir, I falter and I hesitate.

The amendment of Mr. Grow, forbidding the public sales of lands for at least, ten years after their survey, would secure the great bulk of the lands to preëmptors, and would give them a long pay-day, and thus save them from the enormous usury they are now compelled to pay to money lenders. It would not reduce the revenue derived by the Treasury from the public lands, but would only postpone it, and this postponement would be far less preindicial to the Government than it would be beneficial to the settler. The GovernOn the first of February, the question of the Public Lands was again before the House, the pending bill (House bill No. 72) being a bill to secure Homesteads to actual settlers, and being in the words following:

A BILL TO SECURE HOMESTEADS TO ACTUAL SET-TLERS ON THE PUBLIC DOMAIN.

Section 1.—Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That any person who is the head of a family, or who has arrived at the age of twenty-one years, and is a citizen of the United States, or who shall have filed his intention to hecome such, as required hy the naturalization laws of the United States, shall, from and after the passage of this act, he entitled to enter, free of cost, one quarter-section of vacant and unappropriated public lands which may, at the time the application is made, he subject to private entry, at \$1 25 per acre, or a quantity equal thereto, to be located in a body, in conformity with the legal subdivisions of public lands, and after the same shall have heen surveyed.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the person applying for the henefit of this act shall, upon application to the register of the land office in which he or she is about to make such entry, make affidavit hefore the said register that he or she is the head of a family, or is twenty-one years or more of age, and that such application is made for his or her exclusive use and benefit, and those specially mentioned in this act, and not either directly or indirectly for the use or henefit of any other person or persons whomsoever; and upon making the affidavit as above required, and filing the affidavit with the register, he or she shall thereupon he permitted to enter the quantity of land already specified: Provided, however, That no certificate shall be given or patent issued therefor until the expiration of five years from the date of such entry: and if, at the expiration of such time, or at any time thereafter, the person making such entry, or, if he he dead, his widow, or, in case of her death, his heirs or devisee, or ln case of a widow making such entry, her heirs or devisee, in case of her death shall prove by two credible witnesses that he, she, or they, have con-tinued to reside upon and cultivate such land, and still reside upon the same, and have not alienated the same, or any part thereof, then, in such case, he, she, or they, if at that time a citizen of the United States, shall, on payment of ten dollars, he entitled to a patent, as in other cases provided for by law: And pro-vided, further, In case of the death of both father and mother, leaving an infant child or children under twenty-one years of age, the right and the fee shall inure to the henefit of said infant child or children, and the executor, administrator, or guardian, may, at any time within two years after the death of the surviving parent, and in accordance with the laws of the State in which such children for the time being have their domicil, sell said land for the benefit of said infants, but for no other purpose; and the purchaser shall acquire the ahsolute title hy the purchase, and be entitled to a patent from the United States.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the register of the land office shall note all such applications on the tract-hooks and plats of his office, and keep a register of all such entries, and make a return thereof to the General Land Office, together with the proof upon which they have heen founded.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That all lands acquired under the provisions of this act shall in no event hecome liable to the satisfaction of any debt or debts contracted prior to the issuing the contracted prior

to the issuing the patent therefor.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That if, at any time after the filing the affidavit, as required in the second section of this act, and hefore the expiration of the five years aforesald, it shall be proven, after due notice to the settler, to the satisfaction of the register of the land office, that the person having filed such affidavit shall have actually changed his or her residence, or ahandoned the said entry for more than six months at any time, then, and in that event, the land so entered shall revert hack to the Government, and be disposed of as other public lands are now hy law, subject to an appeal to the General Land Office.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That no individual shall he permitted to make more than one entry under the provisions of this act; and that the Commissioner of the General Land Office is hereby required to prepare and issue such rules and regulations, consistent with this act, as shall he necessary and proper to carry its provisions into effect; and that the registers and receivers of the several land offices shall he entitled to receive the same compensation for any lands entered under the provisions of this act that they are now entitled to receive when the same quantity of land is entered with money, one half to he paid by the person making the application, at the time of so doing, and the other half on the Issue of the certificate hy the person to whom it may he issued: Provided, That nothing in this act shall he so construed as to impair or interfere in any manner whatever with existing preëmption rights.

The previous question having been ordered, the Honse was brought to a direct vote npon this bill, without debate.

A motion to lay the bill on the table was lost—yeas 77, nays 113; and the bill was then passed—yeas 120, nays 76.

As these two votes were substantially the same, we only give the last one, which was upon the passage of the bill, and which was as follows:

YEAS

Maine—Abbott, Foster, Gilman, Morse, Washburn—5.

NEW HAMPSHIRE-Cragin, Pike, Tappan-

VERMONT—Morrill, Royce, Walton—3.
MASSAGHUSKTTS—Buffinton, Burlingame, Chaffee, Comins, Davis, Dawes, Gooch, Hall, Knapp, Thayer—10.

Wash-

RHODE ISLAND-Brayton, Durfee-2. CONNECTICUT—Bishop, Clark, Dean-3.

NEW YORK-Andrews, Barr, Burroughs, C. B. Cochrane, John Cochrane, Corning, Dodd, Fenton, Goodwin, Granger, Haskin, Hatch, Hoard, Kelsey, Maclay, Matteson, Morgan, Morse, Murray, Olin, Palmer, Parker, Pottle, Russell, Spinner, Taylor, Ward—27.

NEW JERSEY-Adrain, Clawson, Robbins,

Wortendyke-4.

PENNSYLVANIA-Covode, Dick, Florence, Grow, Hickman, Keim, Morris, Phillips, Purviance, Reilly, Roberts, Stewart, Kunkel

TENNESSEE-Jones-1.

KENTUCKY-Jewett-OHIO-Bingham, Bliss, Burns, Cockerill, Cox, Giddings, Groesbeck, Hall, Harlan, Horton, Lawrence, Leiter, Miller, Pendleton, Sherman, Stanton, Tompkins, Vallandigham, Wade-19.

INDIANA—Case, Colfax, Davis, Foley, Gregg, Kilgore, Petit, Wilson—S.

ILLINOIS-Farnsworth, Hodges, Kellogg, Lovejoy, Morris, Smith, Washburne-7 MICHIGAN-Howard, Walbridge, Leach,

Waldron-4.

Wisconsin-Billinghurst, Potter,

MINNESOTA—Cavanaugh, Phelps—2.

IOWA-Curtis, Davis-2.

MISSOURI-Craig-1.

California - McKibbin, Scott-2. Total, 120.

NATS.

PENNSYLVANIA-Leidy-1. Delaware-Whiteley-1.

MARYLAND-Bowie, DAVIS, HARRIS, Kunkel,

RICAUD, Stewart-6.

Virginia - Bocock, Caskie, Edmundson, Faulkner, Garnett, Goode, Hopkins, Jenkins, Letcher, Millson, Smith-11.

NORTH CAROLINA—Branch, Craige, GILMER, Ruffin, Scales, Shaw, VANCE, Winslow—8.

SOUTH CAROLINA-Bonham, Boyce, Keitt, Mc-Queen, Miles-5.

Georgia-Crawford, Gartrell, Hill, Jackson, Seward, Stephens, TRIPPE, Wright-8.

ALABAMA-Cobb, Curry, Dowdell, Houston,

Moore, Shorter, Stallworth-7.

MISSISSIPPI-Barksdale, Lamar, McRae, Singleton-4

LOUISIANA-EUSTIS-1. Texas-Reagan-1.

ARKANSAS-Greenwood-1.

TENNESSEE-Atkins, Avery, MAYNARD, READY, Smith, Watkins, Wright, Zollicoffer-S.

KENTUCKY-Burnett, Marshall, Mason, Pey-

ton, Unnerwood-5.

OHIO-Nichols-1 Inniana-English, Hughes, Niblack-3.

Illinois—Marshall, Shaw—2.

MISSOURI-ANDERSON, Clark, WOODSON-3 .-Total, 76.

Only three Sonthern members, Jones of Tennessee, Jewett of Kentucky, and Craig of Missouri, voted for the bill, thereby marking numistakably the sectional character of the opposition to it.

The Republican vote, with a solitary ex-

ception, was given solid for the bill. the Northern members, connected with the Democratic party, twenty-nine voted for the bill and six voted against it. of the entire Democratic vote in the House, a large majority was against the bill, but even this is less important than the other fact, that the Southern wing of the party was almost unanimonsly against, it being this Southern wing which controls in the party councils, and which, when ont-voted in the House, has other departments of the Government, the Senate and the President, with which it is more powerful, and by means of which it has so far rarely failed to defeat measures, however popular and beneficial, which it dislikes.

The Homestead bill had now passed the House by a decisive majority, but it had yet to encounter the more dangerous ordeal of the Senate, in which the Democratic majority was larger, and in which the representation of the slaveholding States is proportionately greater.

No direct vote npon the measure was, in fact, reached in the Senate, because the Southern managers would not permit it.

There are two ways of killing off obnoxious measnres. Oue is, to act upon them and vote them down. Another is, to overslangh them whenever they are proposed, by proceeding to consider some This latter method is inother business. variably resorted to where a measure, obnoxious to a majority of the Senate, is supposed to be acceptable to the people. And it was precisely by this method, and for that reason, that the Homestead bill was run over, shoved aside, evaded, and left unacted upon, by the Senate dnring its late session. The regular appropriation bills and the bill for the purchase of Cuba were being pressed upon the time of the Senate during the last days of the session, both of them commanding the support of the majority of that body.

On the 17th day of February, Mr. Wade; of Ohio, (Con. Globe, page 1074.) moved to postpone all prior orders and take up the Homestead bill, which had passed the The following extracts from the debate npon this motion will exhibit the

points made:

"Mr. WADE. The Homestead bill to which I am a good deal attached, has, I believe, twice passed the House and come to this body, but somehow it has had the go-by, and we have never had a direct vote upon it here that I know of. I do not propose to discuss it for a single moment, and I hope none of its friends will debate it, because it has been pending before Congress for several years, and I presume every senator is perfectly well acquainted with all its provisions, and has made up his mind as to the course he will pursue in regard to it. I have no hope that anything I could say would win an opponent of the bill to its support; and I hope every friend of the measure will take no time in debate, but will try to get a vote upon it, for I think jt is the great measure of the session. All I want, all I ask, is to have a vote upon it.

upon it.

"Mr. Rein, of North Carolina. I think it is too late in the session now to take up this bill to be acted upon here, at least until we act upon other great measures upon which there is more unanimity of sentiment in the country, and a higher sense of duty upon us to pass them during the few days of the session that

remain.

"Mr. Hunter, of Virginia. I believe that a fortnight from to-day will take us to the 3d of March. Now, it is known that we have nearly all the important appropriation bills, and one that is unfinished, to take up. I hope there will be no effort to press this Homestead bill, so as to displace the appropriation bills. I must appeal to the Senate to consider how little of the session is now left to us, and whether we ought not to take up the appropriation bill and dispose of it.

dispose of it.
"Mr. Shields, of Minnesota. The friends of this bill desire nothing but a vote upon it, not to waste time in debate. Let us take it up,

and have a fair vote upon it.

"Mr. HUNTER. I do not conceal the fact that I am very much opposed to it; but I suppose, whenever this bill comes up, it must be

the Subject of debate.

"Mr. Wilson, of Massachusetts. I appreciate the anxiety of the senator from Virginia to take up the appropriation bills; but I would suggest to that senator that he allow us to take up this bill, and have a vote upon it. I do not suppose that anyhody, who is in favor of the measure, desires to consume the time of the Senate, at this stage of the session, by discussing it. It has been discussed before the nation. It is well understood. I believe it is sustained by an overwhelming majority of the people of the country.

"Mr. WADE. I have no doubt, from the business before us, that this is the last opportunity we shall have to act upon this great measure. I hope, as I said before, every friend of it will stand by it until it is either triumphant or defeated, and that, too, in preference to any other business that may be urged upon us. As to the appropriation bills, I have not the least fear but that they will go through. Their gravita-

tion carries them through."

The question was then taken, and Mr. Wade's motion was carried by the following vote, the Republicans being indicated by italics:

YEAS—Messrs. Bright, Broderick, Chandler, Collamer, Dixon, Doolittle, Fessenden, Foot, Foster, Gwin, Hale, Hamlin, Harlan, Johnson of Tennessee, King, Pugh, Rice, Seward, Shields, Simmons, Smith, Stuart, Trumbull, Wade, and Wilson—26.

NAVS-Messrs. Allen, Bayard, Benjamin,

Bigler, Brown, Chestnut, Clay, Clingman, Davis, Fitch, Fitzpatrick, Green, Hammond, Hunter, Iverson, Lane, Mallory, Mason, Pearce, Reid, Slidell, Toomhs, and Ward—23.

Upon an examination of this vote, it will be seen that the Republicans voted unanimously in the affirmative, and that the Southern senators were all in the negative, with the solitary exception of Mr. Johnson of Tennessee. Of the Northern Democrats, Gwin, Bright, Pugh, Rice, Shields, Smith, and Stuart, all being from the new States, voted for Mr. Wade's motion.

The Homestead bill was now np, and, so far as its friends were concerned, nothing was asked but a vote, which would not have consumed ten minutes. But a vote was precisely what the Sonthern managers

were determined to avoid.

Instantly, therefore, upon the announcement of the success of Mr. Wade's motion, which brought the bill before the Senate, Mr. Hunter took the floor, and moved that it be set aside, so as to take up another bill, viz.: the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill.

No question of order was raised upon this motion of Mr. Hunter, but it was well characterized as "child's play," to move to set aside a bill, instantly after a vote

to take it np.

Pending some conversational debate upon Mr. Hunter's motion, the hour of twelve o'clock arrived, and the Vice President decided that the Cuba bill, having been assigned for that hour, was the subject pending before the Senate.

Hereupon, Mr. Wade moved to postpone the twelve o'clock order, and continue the consideration of the Homestead bill, and this motion prevailed by the fol-

lowing vote:

YEAS—Messrs. Bell, Bright, Broderick, Chandler, Clark, Collamer, Dixon, Doolittle, Douglas, Durkee, Fessenden, Foot, Foster, Hule, Hamlin, Harlan, Johnson of Tennesse, King, Pugh, Rice, Sevard, Simmons, Smith, Stuart, Trumbull, Wade, and Wilson—27.

NAYS—Messrs. Allen, Bates, Benjamin, Bigler, Brown, Clay, Clingman, Davis, Fitch, Fitz-patrick, Green, Gwin, Hammond, Hunter, Iverson, Johnson of Arkansas, Lane, Mallory, Mason, Pearce, Reid, Sebastian, Slidell, Toombs,

Ward, and Yulee-26.

On this vote, an additional Southern senator, Mr. Bell of Tennessee, ranged himself on the side of homesteads. But this was offset by the ratting back to the negative side of Mr. Gwin.

The Homestead bill was now again before the Senate, but the question, as stated by the Vice President, was still upon Mr. Hunter's motion to set it aside, and take np the consular and diplomatic ap-

propriation bill.

Mr. Mason, of Virginia, threatened an "extended debate" upon the homestead bill, if its consideration were insisted npon. He declared, at any rate, for himself that he intended to "go into it pretty largely, because he had not yet known a bill so fraught with mischief, and mischief of the most demoralizing kind."

Mr. Wade and Mr. Seward, in hricf and energetic terms, exhorted the friends of

the hill to stand firm.

The vote was then taken npon Mr. Hunter's motion, and resulted as follows:

YEAS—Messrs. Allen, Bates, Bayard, Benjamin, Bigler, Brown, Clay, Clingman, Davis, Fitch, Fitzpatrick, Green, Gwin, Hammond, Hunter, Iverson, Johnson of Arkansas, Kennedy, Lane, Mallory, Mason, Pearce, Reid, Sebastian, Slidell, Toomhs, Ward, and Yulee—28.

NAYS—Messrs. Bell, Bright, Broderick, Chandler, Clurk, Collamer, Dixon, Doolittle, Douglas, Durkee, Fessenden, Foot. Foster, Hale, Humlin, Harlan, Houston, Johnson of Tennessee, King, Pugh, Rice, Seward, Simmons, Smith, Stuart, Trumbull, Wade, and Wilson—28.

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The vote being a tie, the Vice President, Mr. Breckinridge, voted in the affirmative, and thus, after a long struggle, the Homestead hill was, for that day, overslanghed.

Of the twenty-eight votes for overslanghing it, all but five are from the South, and one of these five, Mr. Gwin, is only a temporary resident of a Free State.

Of the twenty-eight votes in favor of sustaining the bill, only three are from

the Sonth.

Two days afterward, on the 19th of February, Mr. Wade again moved to set aside all prior orders and take up the Homestead hill; but this motion was negatived by the following vote:

YEAS—Messrs. Broderick, Chandler, Clark, Collamer, Dixon, Doolittle, Durkee, Fessenden, Foot, Hale, Hamlin, Harlan, Johnson of Tennessee, Jones, King, Pugh, Rice, Sevard, Shields, Simmons, Stuart, Trumbull, Wade, and Wilson—24.

Navs.—Messrs. Allen, Bates, Bayard, Benjamin, Bigler, Bright, Brown, Chestnut, Clay, Clingman, Crittenden, Davis, Fitch, Fitzpatrick, Green, Hammond, Houston, Hunter, Iverson, Kennedy, Mallory, Mason, Pearce, Polk, Reid, Sehastian, Slidell, Smith, Toomhs, Ward, and

Vnlee-81

Upon these two days, the 17th and 19th of Fehrnary, the question was made between the consideration of the Homestead hill and the consideration of the appropriation hills, the necessity of passing which

last hills did not fail to be insisted upon by the Democratic managers. At a subsequent stage of the session, as will be presently seen, the question was made between considering the Homestead bill and

considering the Cuba bill.

Upon the 25th day of Fehruary, npon the occasion of a motion by Mr. Slidell to postpone all prior orders and take up the hill for the purchase of Cnba, Mr. Doolittle resisted it, and called npon the friends of homesteads to vote it down, so that he himself might snhmit a motion to take np the Homestead bill. Mr. Doolittle said:

"I think it would be better to take up this question of the Homestead bill and vote upon it, and then the Cuba hill will come up. I ask the friends of the Homestead hill now to stand

hy it and give it the preference."

The vote was then taken, and the motion to take up the Cuba bill prevailed, as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Allen, Bayard, Bell, Benjamin, Bigler, Brown, Chestnut, Clay, Clingman, Davis, Fitch, Fitzpatrick, Green, Gwin, Hammond, Houston, Hunter, Iverson, Jones, Lane, Mallory, Mason, Polk, Pugh, Reid, Rice, Sehastian, Shields, Slidell, Smith, Stuart, Toombs, Ward, Wright, and Yulee—35.

NAYS—Messrs. Broderick, Cameron, Chandler, Clark, Collamer, Dixon, Doolittle, Douglas, Durkee, Fessenden, Foot, Foster, Hale, Hamlin, Harlan, Johnson of Tennessee, Kennedy, King, Pearce, Seward, Simmons, Trumbull, Wade, and Wilson—24.

The Cnha hill was now np, and the discussion npon it protracted the session late into the night, and almost into the next morning. It was distinctly seen during the progress of this discussion that it would he without practical result, and that no vote could be reached hefore the

final adjournment of Congress.

Accordingly, at ten o'clock in the evening, Mr. Doolittle felt it to he his duty to renew the attempt to set aside the Cuba hill, the subject-matter of a manifestly idle debate. so as to take up the Homestead hill. His motion to that effect, and the commencement of the debate upon it, will he found on page 1351 of the Congressional Globe. Such extracts are made as will exhibit its general character:

"Mr. TRUMBULL. If there was any assnrance that the Homestead hill could be taken np, after the Cnha question was disposed of, I should he willing to see it have the go-by on the present occasion; but we have sought repeatedly to hring up the Homestead hill, and every movement that has been made to bring it up has been met with a counter movement, crowding it out of the way with something else. . . . If the senator from Virginia will give

us an assurance that we shall have a chance to bring up the Homestead bill, and keep it before the Senate until we can get a vote upon it, after the Cuba bill is through, and that he will not interpose an appropriation bill, I would join with gentlemen in asking my friend from Wisconsin to withdraw the motion he has

" Mr. HUNTER. I certainly will press the appropriation bills. I will give no promise to

vote to take up the Homestead bill.

"Mr. TRUMBULL.—That is as I expected. We now have notice that we are to be met with an appropriation bill the moment that the Cuba question is disposed of, and here we are wasting our time at this stage of the session in making long speeches, and debating about the acquisition of a country that does not belong to us, instead of providing for the settlement of the country which we own. There can be no hope of getting up the Homestead bill as against an appropriation bill.

"Mr. SEWARD-After nine hours yielding to

the discussion of the Cuba question, it is time to come back to the great question of the day and the age. The Senate may as well meet face to face the issue which is before them. is an issue presented by the competition between these two questions. One, the Homestead bill, is a question of homes, of lands for the landless freemen of the United States. The Cuba bill is a question of slaves for the slave-

holders of the United States.

"Mr. WADE—I am very glad that this question has at length come up. I am glad, too, that it has antagonized with this nigger question. [Laughter.] I have been trying here for nearly a month to get a straight-forward vote upon this great measure of land for the landless. I glory in that measure. greatest that has ever come before the American Senate, and it has now come so that there is no dodging it. The question will be, shall we give niggers to the niggerless, or lands to the

"I moved some days ago to take up this subject. It was said then that there was an appropriation bill that stood in the way. The senator from Virginia had his appropriation bills. It was important, then, that they should be settled at once; there was danger that they would be lost, and the government would stop in consequence; and the appeal was made to gentlemen to give this bill the go-by for the time being, at all events, and the appeal was successful. The appropriation bills lie very easy now behind this nigger operation. [Laughter.] When you come to niggers for the niggerless, all other questions sink into insignificance."

Mr. Doolittle's motion to set aside the Cuba bill for the purpose of taking up the Homestead bill, was lost, by the following vote:

YEAS--Messrs. Broderick, Cameron, Clark, Chandler, Collamer, Doolittle, Fessenden, Foot, Foster, Hale, Hamlin, Harlan, Johnson of Tennessee, King, Seward, Simmons, Trumbull, Wade, and Wilson-19.

NAVS-Messrs. Allen, Benjamin, Bayard, Bigler, Brown, Chestnut, Clay, Clingman, Douglas, Fitch, Fitzpatrick, Green, Gwin, Hunter, Iverson, Johnson of Arkansas, Lane, Mallory, Mason, Polk, Pugh, Reid, Rice, Sebastian, Shields, Slidell, Toombs, Ward and Wright—29.

This was the last attempt made to get up the Homestead bill in the Senate. It had first been overslaughed by the appropriation bills, and now by the Cuba bill. and no expectation remained of reaching it during the few remaining days of the session. The Republicans, who had endeavored to get it up in all forms and on all occasions without success, felt it to be their duty to abandon a manifestly hopeless struggle.

From this review of the votes in the Senate and House, it will be seen that the two great national parties, the one representing the rights and interests of free labor, and the other representing the pretensions and interests of negro slavery, have come to a well-defined issue npon this great matter of the disposition of the

public domain.

In the House, we see the Republicans voting with unanimity for a proposition to secure to preëmptors all the public lands for the term of ten years after their snrvey, forbidding, during that time, their disposition either at public sale or by private entry, and giving to the pre-emptor a pay-day which would save him from usnry, by giving him time to provide means out of his crops wherewith to bny his freehold. Afterward, we find these same Republicans in the House voting with the same unanimity for a Homestead It is probable, and indeed is known, that some Republicans preferred one measure to the other, but they voted for both, being agreed in the main object, which was to preserve the public domain for the actual settler and small cultivator, and being willing to waive differences of opinion as to detail, so long as the main object should be at all events secured.

In the Senate, we witness the same nnanimity on the Republican side in favor of the Homestead bill, and should have witnessed it upon the proposition to prohibit public sales of lands for ten years after their survey, if a vote upon that proposition could have been reached.

On the side of the Democratic party, we witness an opposition to both these measures, not indeed absolutely unanimous, but of such a character as to render it conclusively certain that that party will continue to oppose those measures to the end.

## THE FOREIGN SLAVE TRADE.

WHEN John Quincy Adams, William Slade, Joshua R. Giddings, George N. Briggs, and ten or twelve other sentinels of Freedom warned the people, as early as 1842, that it was the design of the Democracy to annex Texas to the United States, the nnthinking public poh pohed and the Democracy ridiculed the idea. When, two years later, Martin Van Buren, who was opposed to Annexation, was thrown overboard by the Democratic National Convention, because of such opposition, and James K. Polk was nominated in his stead, the people began faintly to comprehend what was in prospect. Mr. Clay was put in nomination by the Whigs, and that eminent statesman and his friends assured the public that Mr. Polk's election would inevitably result in the annexation of Texas, to be followed by a wasteful and demoralizing war with Mexico-a view of the case which was stoutly denied by the Democracy. After a hotly contested canvass Mr. Polk was elected President. Texas was annexed, and the war followed, at an expense to the United States of about two hundred millions of dollars (more than enough to construct a Railway to the Pacific), and twenty thousand lives, to say nothing of the national disgrace of having deliberately picked a quarrel with a weak neighboring Republic for the sake of dismembering her. In 1856 the Republican leaders interpreted the Democratic creed as put forth by the National Convention of that party, and familiarly known as the "Cincinnati Platform," as a scheme to buy or steal Cuba, to carry Slavery into the Territories, and particularly to snbjugate Kausas, all at the dictation and for the benefit of the Slave Oligarchy. Although this explanation of the platform was vehemently denied by the Democracy during the Presidential canvass of '56,

yct, if it has not all become literally true. it is because the administration of Mr. Buchanan has lacked the power and not the disposition to prove it so. By a previously nnderstood arrangement, the Snpreme Court, in the Dred Scott case, has declared Slavery to be the law of the Territories (the Dred Scott decision, it will be remembered, was foreshadowed in Mr. Buchanan's Inaugural Address); the whole power and patronage of the Administration was vainly used to enslave Kansas, and the thirty million scheme for obtaining Cnba, was pressed upon Congress by all the power of the Executive, and all, or nearly all, the strength of the Sonth.

During the Presidential Campaign of 1856, it was predicted by prominent Republicans that should the Democracy triumph in that struggle, it was by no means improbable that the re-opening of the African Slave Trade would form a plank in the Democratic National Platform for 1860. Whether this prediction shall become history or not, it is undeniable that a marked change is taking place in the public mind, or at least in the Southern Democratic mind, on the subject of this piratical and murderous trade; and this change indicates auything but improvement in the morals of the South. rapid growth of the Southern sentiment in favor of re-opening the Slave Trade is not only indicated by the facts that cargoes of Slaves have recently been landed in the ports of the Southern States, and openly sold to Slave-traders and planters there, and that Southern Conrts and Juries ntterly refuse to convict parties guilty of this peculiar form of piracy, in the face of the most positive and conclusive testimony, but by the proceedings and debates in Congress during the Session of 1858-59.

In 1856, Mr. Etheridge, of Tennessee, offered strong resolutions in reprobation of the Slave Trade in the House of Repre-. sentatives, when no single member was found on that floor bold enough to express any sympathy for the infernal traf-Mr. Etheridge's resolutions, after befic. ing softened a little in their phraseology by an amendment offered by Mr. Orr, of South Carolina, were passed with only eight dissenting votes; and even these were given, professedly, not from any objection to the sentiments expressed in the Resolution, but from opposition to the adoption of any resolutions whatever upon the ground that the revival of the African Slave Trade was not a practical question before the country. The Consular and Diplomatic Appropriation bill, which passed at the second session of the XXXVth Congress, contained a clause appropriating \$75,000 to enable the President of the U.S. to carry into effect the Act of March 3, 1819, the proposed appropriation being based upon an Executive statement of the expenses incurred and to be incurred in the return to Africa of the negroes rescued from the slaver Echo.

In the House, on the 27th of January, two motions in respect to this appropriation were voted upon; one made by Mr. Dowdell, of Alabama, to strike out the appropriation altogether, and the other made by Mr. Crawford, of Georgia, to reduce the appropriation from seventy-five to forty-five thousand dollars, so as to cut off the sum proposed to be paid to the Colonization Society for maintaining and educating the negroes for one year after

their delivery in Africa.

In substance there was no difference, in intent, or in effect, between these two motions. The adoption of either, nullified and practically abrogated the act of March 3, 1819. The motion of Mr. Dowdell left no provision for the expenses of returning rescued negroes to Africa, or of supporting them prior to their return. motion of Mr. Crawford would leave them to be thrown naked upon the coast of Africa, there to perish by linger violence; a course of procedure so re-pugnant to humanity, as to be certain to render the act of March 3, 1819, odious, and thereby to bring about its repeal.

The motion of Mr. Dowdell was negatived, Yeas 28, Nays 163. Those who voted in the affirmative, were as fol-

lows:

SOUTH CAROLINA-Messrs. Bonham, Boyce, McQueen, and Miles-4.

TENNESSEE-Messrs. Avery, Maynard, and

TEXAS-Mr. Bryan-1.

VIRGINIA—Messrs. Caskie, and Goode—2. FLORIDA—Mr. Hawkins—1.

ALABAMA--Messrs. Cobb, Curry, Dowdell,

Houston, Moore, Shorter, and Stallworth-GEORGIA-Messrs. Crawford, Gartrell, Seward, Stephens, and Trippe-5.

LOUISIANA—Davidson and Sandidge-2.

MISSISSIPPI-McRae and Singleton-2. NORTH CAROLINA-Mr. Ruffin-1. Total, 28.

The motion of Mr. Crawford was negatived, Yeas, 50, Nays 145. Those who voted in the affirmative, were as follows:

TENNESSEE-Messrs. Avery, Maynard, Wat-

kins, Wright, and Zollicoffer-5.

MISSISSIPPI-Messrs. Barksdale, McRae, and Singleton—3. VIRGINIA-Messrs. Bocock, Caskie, Edmund-

son, Garnett, Goode, Letcher, and Smith—9. Hopkins,

SOUTH CAROLINA-Messrs. Bonham, Boyce, McQueen, and Miles-4.

NORTH CAROLINA-Messrs. Branch, Ruffin,

Shaw, and Vance-4.

TEXAS-Mr. Bryan-1. KENTUCKY-Messrs. Burnett, Clay, Peyton, Stevenson, and Talbott-5.

ALABAMA-Messrs. Cobb, Curry, Dowdell, Moore, and Stallworth-5.

Georgia-Messrs. Crawford, Gartrell, Jackson, Seward, Stephens, and Trippe-6.
LOUISIANA-Messrs. Davidson, Eustis, and

Sandidge--3.

FLORIDA-Mr. Hawkins-1. ILLINOIS-Mr. Hodges-1.

NORTH CAROLINA. - Messrs. Ruffin, Shaw, and Vance-3. Total, 50.

Of the one hundred and forty-five votes against Mr. Crawford's motion, only nineteen were from the Slave States, as follows:

MISSOURI-Messrs. Anderson, Craig, and Phelps-4.

MARYLAND—Messrs. Bowie, Davis, Ricaud, and Stewart—4.

NORTH CAROLINA-Messrs. Gilmer and Winslow-2.

ARKANSAS-Mr. Greenwood-1. TENNESSEE-Messrs. Jones and Smith-2. KENTUCKY-Messrs. Marshall, Mason, and

Underwood-3. VIRGINIA.—Mr. Millson—1. DELAWARE-Mr. Whiteley-1. GEORGIA-Mr. Wright-1. Total, 19.

Thus, of the sixty-eight Slave-State members present and voting, forty-nine voted for Mr. Crawford's motion. Of the absentees, Mr. Woodson, of Missouri, who came in after the vote was declared, said he should have voted for the motion, if he had arrived in season.

Another motion in respect to this appropriation, had been voted upon in Committee of the Whole on the 26th of January. This was made by Mr. Bonham, of South Carolina, and being rejected in Committee of the Whole, there is no record to show who supported it.

Mr. Bonham's motion was to qualify the appropriation by the following pro-

viso:

"Provided, That no part of this snm shall he used for schooling the children, or for instructing the children and adults in the arts of civilized life."

Mr. Bonham said, among other things:

"It is now, for the first time, that we have an instance in an appropriation hill for teaching Africans the arts of civilized life. This is the point."

Mr. Bonham could tolerate nothing, which treated Africans as if they were capable of being civilized, or which implied the idea, that it was desirable to

civilize them.

The opposition in the House to the appropriation for the expenses of the Echo negroes, was carried to an unusual extreme. The principal portion of the men concerned in it, having failed to strike the appropriation ont of the Consular and Diplomatic Appropriation bill, voted against the passage of the bill itself, and succeeded in defeating it three times. They did this, although they were the political friends of the Administration, and under party obligations to sustain the general appropriation bills for carrying on the Government. This violent conrse of procedure, proposing to sacrifice an entire appropriation bill rather than snbmit to an obnoxions sectiou, marks the rancor and desperation of the partisans of the African Slave Trade.

In the Senate this appropriation for the Echo negroes gave rise to the same discussions which it had excited in the

House.

Mr. Clay, of Alabama, moved to strike out the whole appropriation, but, just before the vote was taken on the 16th of February, he so modified his motion as to propose to strike out \$75,000 and insert \$45,000, being a motion similar to that made in the House by Mr. Crawford.

Mr. Clay's motion was negatived, Yeas 12, Nays 40, the following senators vot-

iug for it:

Messrs. Chestnut, Clay, Davis, Fitzpatrick, Hammond, Iverson, Johnson of Tennessee, Mason, Reid, Thompson of Kentucky, Toombs, and Ward—all from the Slave States.

Of the forty negative votes, twelve were

from the Slave States, (if we reckon Delaware as snch) as follows:

Messrs. Bates, Bell, Benjamiu, Crittenden, Green, Houston, Hunter, Mallory, Pearce, Polk, Slidell, and Yulee.

Let us now examine what was said in the debates in Congress upon this Echo appropriation.

In the House, on the 25th of January,

Mr. Dowdell, of Alabama, said:

"I will take this occasion to say, without discussing the expediency of reopening the Slave Trade, a matter which properly belongs to the sovereign States whose industrial policy is to be affected by it, that the laws are highly offensive in defining that to be piracy upon the high seas which is not robbery, and in attaching the death penalty to an act which in itself is not necessarily immoral."

Mr. Clay, of Kentucky (a son of the Henry Clay who was for so many years President of the American Colonization Society), said:

"I am opposed to all these laws on our statute hook in relation to the Slave Trade, and I will not vote a dollar for the purpose."

In the House, on the next day, (Jannary 26th) Mr. Crawford, of Georgia, said:

"In 1819, the whole South was nnanimonsly against the Slave Trade. Now, it is becoming divided, and unless the war upon Slavery is stopped, fifteen years will witness the trade open for the South, and our then Mexican possessions reaching to Gnatemala certainly, and prohably further South."

Mr. Seward, of Georgia, said:

"I look upon the law for the suppression of the Slave Trade as mischievous and wrong, and a violation of the Constitution.

"I want to have that law repealed, I want to leave this matter to he scaled hy the States

as a domestic question."

Mr. Miles, of Sonth Carolina, said:

"I am not prepared to advocate the reopening of the Slave Trade, hut I am prepared to advocate, with all my mind and strength, the sweeping away from our statute hook, of laws which stamp the people of my section as pirates, and pnt a stigma upon their instintions."

In the Honse, on the 27th of January, Mr. Crawford, of Georgia, said:

"This question of opening the Slave Trade is one of the highest importance, and one which threatens to make and unmake parties in the country. It is a question which grouns stronger and stronger every day, and I helieve the result of it will he the building np and tearing down of party platforms."

In the debate in the Senate, February 16, Mr. Mason, of Virginia, and Mr. Brown, of Mississippi, both maintained that humanity required that the Echo

negroes should have been retained in the United States as slaves.

Mr. Brown, referring to the law against the Slave Trade, said:

"I would repeal the law, repeal it instantly, as not hased upon the Constitution, which we are sworn to support."

Some other proceedings in Congress at the same session, in connection with the Slave Trade, are deserving of notice.

On the 23d of December, Mr. Blair, of Missonri, asked leave to submit the fol-

lowing resolution:

"Resolved, That the Committee on the Judiciary be, and herehy is, instructed to report a hill more effectually to prevent the Slave Trade, under the guise of the 'coolie trade' so called, or of 'apprentices, or of 'African lahor importation companies,' or under any other name or in any other guise, the real purpose or effect of which may be, directly or indirectly, immediately or ultimately, to make slaves of the persons so procured and transported."

Unanimous consent being required, objection was made by Mr. Houston, of Alabama.

On the same day, Mr. Kilgore, of Indiana, asked leave to submit the following resolution:

"Resolved, That the President of the United" States he requested to report to this House, what information has been received by him in regard to the recent importation of slaves from Africa into Georgia, and what steps, if any, have been taken to punish this violation of the laws of the United States."

Unanimous cousent being required, objection was made by Mr. Garnett, of Vir-

ginia.

On the 26th of January, the Committee of the Whole House having under consideration the Consular and Diplomatic Appropriation bill, Mr. Seward, Georgia, moved the following as an amendment:

" Provided, further, That all the laws here tofore passed, prohibiting the Slave Trade, be and the same are hereby repealed. And that the policy of restricting the foreign Slave Trade he left with each of the States, as affecting their own local policy."

This amendment was not voted upon,

being ruled to be out of order.

On the 23rd of December, Mr. Sandidge, Louisiana, introduced a resolution, which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs, for the abrogation of that article of the Ashburton treaty which requires the keeping of a squadron on the coast of Africa, for the suppression of the Slave Trade.

On the 31st of January, Mr. Kilgore, of Indiana, asked leave to submit the fol-

lowing resolutions:

"Whereas the laws probibiting the African Slave Trade have become a topic of discussion with newspaper writers and political agitators, many of them boldly denouncing these laws as unwise in policy and disgraceful in their pro-visions, and insisting on the justice and pro-priety of their repeal, and the revival of the odious traffic in African slaves; and whereas recent demonstrations afford strong reasons to apprebend that said laws are to he set at defiance, and their violation openly countenanced and encouraged by a portion of the citizens of some of the States of this Union; and whereas it is proper, in view of said facts, that the sentiment of the people's representatives in Con. gress should he made public in relation thereto: Therefore,

"1. Resolved, That while we recognize no right, on the part of the Federal Government or any other law-making power save that of the States wherein it exists, to interfere with or disturb the institution of domestic Slavery where it is established or protected by State legislation, we do bold that Congress has power to prohibit the foreign traffic, and that no legislation can he too thorough in its measures, nor can any penalty known to the catalogue of modern punishment for crime he too severe against a traffic so inhuman and unchristian.

"2. Resolved, That the laws in force against said traffic are founded upon the broadest principles of philanthropy, religion, and humanity; that they should remain unchanged except so far as legislation may he needed to render them more efficient; and that they should he faithfully and promptly executed hy our Government, and respected by all good

"3. Resolved, That the Executive should be sustained and commended for any proper effort, whenever and wherever made, to enforce said laws, and to bring to speedy punishment the wicked violators thereof, and all their aiders and abettors.

Mr. Burnett, of Kentucky, objected to the introduction of these resolutions, but it being in order on that day to move a suspension of the rnles, Mr. Kilgore moved that they be suspended, so that his resolutions might be considered. The suspension of the rules was not carried, Yeas 115, Navs 84-not two-thirds.

Of the affirmative votes, only five were

from the Slave States, as follows:

MARYLAND-Messrs. Bowie, Davis, aud Ricaud.

NORTH CAROLINA-Mr. Gilmer.

Kentucky-Mr. Marshall.

And of these five, only one, Mr. Bowie, belongs to the Democratic party.

The negative vote came, as to the bulk of it, from the Slave States. The balance

was contributed by their Northern allies. as follows: Messrs. Barr, Florence, Gillis, Gregg Lawrence W. Hall, Hodges, Miller, Nib

lack, Searing, Aaron Shaw, Robert Smith, George Taylor, Vallandigham, White, and Wortendyke—15.

The favor into which the Slave Trade has of late grown in the South comes very naturally from the change of sentiment on the subject of Slavery itself. Until within a few years the Institution had been generally regarded at the Sonth as an evil to be tolerated only until such time as it could be conveniently and safely abolished. Now the leading lights of the South regard it, or profess much wiser than their fathers and grandto regard it, as a good to be cherished fathers.

and extended. If these gentlemen are right, and the fathers of the Republic, both North and South, were mistaken in their views with reference to Slavery per se, then it would certainly be difficult logically to demonstrate that the Foreign Slave Trade is an evil and a wrong. But it will probably require something beyond the mere assertion of these new lights, however vehemently nttered, to convince the great body of the American people that they are so very

## KANSAS.

concluded with the rejection by the People of the Territory, by a most decisive majority, of the bogns Lecompton Constitution. Shortly after, Governor Denver resigned, and Samnel Medary, of Ohio, was appointed to succeed him. A comparative lull in the fierce excitement, of which Kansas had so long been the scene, followed the concession which the government at Washington had at last been compelled to make to the popular sentiment. But about Fort Scott, on the southeastern borders of the Territory, armed collisions still continued to occur between the Free-State and the Pro-Slavery men, the latter backed by sympathizing friends in Missouri. The policy adopted by Medary was substantially that followed by Denver, of leaving matters, as far as possible, to regulate themselves. The Territorial Legislature, in which the Republicans had secured a majority, met early in January. The Controller reported the taxable property in the Territory at \$25,000,000, exclusive of preëmption claims, and the number of acres of land paid for and in the possession of individuals at about three millions.

The most noticeable laws of this session were an act repealing the bogus laws; a new apportionment act; an act for referring to the people the question of a new

OUR last summary of Kansas affairs | Constitutional Convention, the election to be held, on the third Monday in March: and, finally, an amnesty act, potting a stop to the various prosecutions for political offences which had been commenced in the sontheastern counties, and which had the effect finally to quiet the disturbances, amounting in fact to civil war, of which those counties had so long been the scene. The Legislature also passed a bill abolishing and prohibiting Slavery in the Territory, but so late in the session that the Governor was able to defeat it by omitting to sign it. At midnight, when the session closed, a bonfire was made of all the bogus statutes that could be found.

> The election on the question of a new Constitutional Convention resulted in a majority of 3,881 in its favor; and, this result being ascertained, the Governor issued his proclamation for an election of delegates. The old party organizations were now abandoned, and those of Republicans and Democrats substituted, and it was on this basis that the canvass for the election of delegates proceeded. The Convention was to consist of fifty-two delegates. The Democrats proclaimed themselves disciples of Mr. Donglas and his Territorial-Sovereignty doctrine, and decidedly opposed to making Kansas a Slave State. The Leavenworth district, where, through its contractors for army supplies, the Government exercised a great influence, and which from its popnlation was entitled to ten delegates,

KANSAS.

elected the Democratic ticket, not, however, without the aid of fraudulent votes. But the Republicans, by their predomi-nance in other parts of the Territory, succeeded in securing a majority in the Convention of thirty-five to seventeen.

The Convention met at Wyandot on the 5th of July, and adjourned on the 27th of the same month, after adopting a Constitution by a vote of thirty-four to thirteen, all the Democrats present voting against it and refusing to sign it. They had strenuously contended, in the Convention, They had for the annexation to Kansas of that part of Nebraska south of the Platte; for re-taining as a part of the new State the western gold region about Pike's Peak, which was beginning to attract great nnmbers of immigrants; for the exclusion from the State of free negroes, and for the prohibition of bank issues, but had been

defeated as to all these points.

By the Constitution, as adopted, the boundaries of the new State were declared to be the State of Missouri on the east, the 37th parallel of north latitude on the south, the 41st parallel of north latitude on the north, and the 23rd meridian of longitude west from Washington on the west. The western boundary cuts off the Pike's Peak region and the desert which bounds it on the east, and limits the new State to the habitable eastern portion of the Territory, embracing an area of some sixty thousand square miles. The executive is to consist of a Governor, Secretary of State, Auditor, Attorney-General, and Superintendent of Public Schools, to be chosen by the people and to serve for two years. The House of Representatives is to consist of seventy-five members, to serve one year, and the senate of twenty-five senators, to serve two years, the numbers to be regulated by law, but never to exceed one hundred representatives, and thirty-three Senators. The pay is to be three dollars a day and fifteen All bills must cents per mile travel. originate with the House, and no act can Supreme Court is to cousist of three Judges, to be chosen by the people, to hold office for six years, one to go out every two years. There are to be five District Judges to be chosen by the people of their respective districts, and to serve for four years. Each county is to choose a Judge of Probate, to serve for two years, and each township is to choose Justices of the Peace, to serve also for two Elections are to be by ballot. Every white male who is a citizen of the United States, or who has declared his

intention to become one, having been a resident in the State for six months, and in the precinct for thirty days, is entitled to vote.

The State is prohibited from becoming a party in carrying on any work of internal improvements, nor can any debt, to exceed a million of dollars, be contracted, unless the question be previously submitted to, and the debt authorized by, a popular vote; and in all cases a special tax must be levied sufficient to pay the interest and provide a sinking fund adequate to meet the principal when it becomes All corporations, banks included, must be established under general laws only, and the corporators made liable to twice the amount of their stock. sale of lottery tickets is prohibited. schedule anuexed to the Constitution claimed of Congress \$500,000, or in lieu thereof, 500,000 acres of land to meet the claims audited to mostly that amount for losses incurred by citizens of Kansas during the late troubles. The Commissioners had declined to entertain the claim of the New-England Emigrant Aid Society, to the amount of \$25,000, for the destruction of their hotel at Lawrence, on the ground that they had no authority to act on any claims except those presented by citizeus of Kansas, and the Convention declined to go beyond the report of the Commissioners.

A grant is asked from Congress of 4,550,000 acres of land for internal improvements, also the swamp lands of the State to be appropriated as a school fund.

Prefixed to the Constitution is a Bill of Rights, which includes a prohibition of Slavery. This Bill of Rights also provides that no person shall be incompetent to testify on account of his religious belief.

By a provision of the schedule, this Constitution was submitted to a popular vote on the first Tuesday in October, which resulted in its ratification by the people by a majority of some four thousand. The Territorial election in November attracted but little interest from the general expectation of the admission of the State under the new Constitution. The Republicans, however, succeeded in electing their delegate to Cougress and a majority of the Legislature.

The first State Election under this Constitution was held December 6, 1859. The returns from this election, as we put these pages to press, are incomplete, but leave no reasonable doubt of the success of the entire Republican ticket, viz.: Charles Robinson for Governor, Martin F. Con-

way for Congress, etc.

## THE ITALIAN WAR.

Lombardo-Venetian provinces of Italy, by the treaty of Vienna in 1815, was from the first very irksome to the Italians. They not only accused Austria of ruling her own provinces with a heavy hand, bnt of being the support of arbitrary government in the other Italian states. The first attempt to get rid of the Austrians was set on foot in 1819 or 1820, by the secret society of the Carbonari. then presumptive heir of the crown of Sardinia, afterward the king Charles Albert, is said to have been a member of that society, though npon its failure he fell into disgrace with his associates, as having saved himself by treachery. How ever that may have been, he still continned to entertain the idea of expelling the Austrians. When, in 1848, the people of the Lombardo-Venetian provinces rose in arms, drove out the Anstrian troops, and constituted themselves into two republics, Charles Albert, the king of Sardinia, having just given to his subjects a representative constitution, offered the aid of his army to the Lombards and Venetians, who agreed to accept him as king. But Charles Albert proved unable to cope with the Austrians under Radetzky, who soon entered Italy in force. The battle of Novarra settled the question, and the defeated Charles Albert abdicated in favor of his son, Victor Emanuel, the present king, to whom the Austrians -theu hard pressed in other quartersgranted a peace, on condition of his paying the expenses of the war.

The Anstrian predominance in Italy was thus reestablished. But Sardinia retained her free constitution, and, being wisely governed, gradually strengthened herself at home, while she drew toward her the hopes and good wishes of the patriotic party in the other Italian states,

The Austrian rule established over the ombardo-Veuetian provinces of Italy, by the treaty of Vienna in 1815, was from the first very irksome to the Italians. The first very irksome to the Italians. The to whom Austrian rule and influence continued distasteful as ever. Anstria, on the other hand, under the plea of preventing revolutionary movements, which, once set on foot, might spread to her own discontented provinces, occupied with garrisons the northern papal cities as well as the duchies of Modena, Parma and Tuscany, with whose princes she had negotiated treaties authorizing her to do so.

Sardinia, by means of her quota of troops contributed to the Crimean war, became entitled to a representative in the Paris Conference in 1856. The affairs of Italy were introduced into that conference by Walewski, the minister of France. He declared the emperor's willingness to withdraw the French army of occupation from Rome, if Austria would at the same time withdraw her troops from the papal Legations. He suggested, too, that the Congress might hint to the king of Naples their disapprobation of his tyrannical proceedings, as dangerous to the tranquillity of his dominions, and, by consequence, to the peace of Enrope. Count Cavour, the Sardinian minister, thereupon took occasion to suggest that misgovernment and consequent discontent were not confined to Naples, but existed also in the Italian dominions of Anstria. He complained, also, of the constant increase of Austrian troops in Italy, which obliged Sardinia to maintain her army ou a war footing. The Congress took no action on this subject, though it seemed to be agreed that the withdrawal of both French and Austrian troops from the papal dominious was much to be desired.

From that time, the mutnal jealousies and suspicions of Sardinia and Austria grew more and more marked. Sardinia was regarded by Austria as waiting an opportunity to take the lead in a new attempt to expel her from Italy, while Sardinia accused Austria of designs against her independence, and of aiming at, and indeed, already exercising, a control over Italy which the treaty of Vienna never intended to give her.

At the diplomatic reception at Paris on New Year's Day, 1859, Napoleon addressed to the Anstrian minister a few words, to the effect that the relations between France and Austria were not so cordial as he could wish. This gave to Enrope the first intimation that France had determined to support Sardinia in her reclamations against Austria. idea received confirmation from the marriage, which speedily followed, of the Emperor's consin, the son of Jerome, to a danghter of the King of Sardinia. On the side both of Anstria and Sardinia, preparations were at once made for war. Additional Austrian troops were hastily marched into Italy and advanced toward the Sardinian frontier, while Sardinia strained every effort to put herself on a war footing, and accepted the services of volunteers from the neighboring Italian states, who, to the number of several thousands, offered their services. France, also, quietly made preparations. France and Sardinia were understood to demand that Austria should withdraw her garrisons from the other Italian states, and should confine herself strictly within her own provinces. England, alarmed at the prospect of war, offered her mediation. As the parties could not be brought to terms, a Enropean Congress was proposed to settle the conditions of an arrangement. The preliminaries of a Congress were agreed to by England, Prnssia, Russia, and France; bnt Austria, not disposed to concede to others the control of her Italian policy, finally broke off the negotiation, and, on the 21st of April, sent an ultimatum to Sardinia, demanding her instant disarmament, and the disbandment of her volunteers, allowing three!

days for an answer, and threatening war in case of refusal. The English Government, hitherto inclined to support Austria, warmly protested against this pro-ceeding, but only succeeded in delaying the invasion for a few days. The Anstrians, 120,000 strong, crossed the Ticino on the 29th of April. Their policy was snpposed to be to strike at and destroy the Sardinian army, some 60,000 strong, before aid from France could arrive. But this intention, if entertained, was defeated, not only by the slowness characteristic of Austrian military move-ments, but by floods of rain, which swelled all the rivers, and made the roads

almost impassable.

Meanwhile, French troops were ponred into Italy with wonderful rapidity. One column was transported in steamers from Marseilles to Genoa; another advanced over the Alps by the road of Mont Cenis. Within three weeks, the Austrians found themselves confronted by a hundred thonsand French troops, in addition to the Sardinian army. The duchies of Tuscany, Parma and Modena drove off their dukes, who adhered to Anstria, and declared in favor of the Allies, thus exposing Lombardy to a flank attack. the 19th of May, the Austrians commenced a retrograde movement. On the 21st occurred the first considerable engagement at Montebello. Count Stadion, at the head of 15,000 Austrians, thrown forward to make a reconnoissance, was repnlsed by an advanced French division of 6,000 men nnder General Forey, with a loss in killed and wounded of 1,300 men. The French, who were supported by a regiment of Sardinian cavalry, admitted a loss or half that number. On the 30th of May, the Sardinians, led by their king, passed the Sesia in the face of the Austrians, who were fortified at Palestro. That village was attacked, and after a severe conflict, the Austrians were driven out of it with a loss, in killed, wounded and prisoners, of 2,200 men. The Sardinian loss was comparatively trifling. This victory was followed by the retreat of the whole Anstrian army across the Ticino. The Allies followed them closely, and on the banks of that river was fought, on the 4th of June, the great battle of Magenta. In this battle were engaged 120,000 French and 150,000 Austrians. The Anstrians lost 7,000 men taken prisoners, and some 4,000 to 5,000 killed and wounded, and, in consequence of their defeat, evacuated Milan the next day. Meanwhile, Garibaldi, at the head of five or six thousand volunteers, had made his

way into northern Lombardy, and was giving the Austrians much annoyance. From the field of Magenta, the Austrians made a rapid retreat upon the Mincio, evacuating Pavia and blowing up the fortifications. To cover that retreat, an Austrian division fought the hattle of Malegnano, from which town, after an energetic resistance of three hours, they were dislodged with heavy loss.

The Anstrians having succeeded in concentrating all their forces behind the Mincio, as the French approached, recrossed that river, in order to try, on ground se-lected hy themselves, the fate of another The armies met at Solferino on the 24th of June. The Austrians brought into the field some 200,000 men, and the Allies ahont the same number. Both Emperors were at the head of their respective armies. The attack began at 5 o'clock in the morning, and the hattleone corps after another engaging in itlasted the whole day. For some time, the result seemed to he donhtful, hnt, at halfpast six in the evening, the Anstrians retreated along their whole line. The total loss of the Allies was some 18.000 men. They took 6,000 prisoners and 30 cannon. The loss of the Austrians, who were allowed to retreat without heing pursued, was not, according to their own accounts, greater than that of the Allies.

The night after this battle, the Anstrians recrossed the Mincio to seek the refage of their fortresses in the celebrated The Sardinians invested quadrangle. Peschiera, the northwesternmost of these fortresses. Prince Napoleon, who, at the head of 35,000 men, had advanced from Tuscany, where he had heen employed in organizing the troops of the revolted dnchies, was left to mask the fortress of Mantua, while the French army crossed the Mincio and advanced to lay siege to Verona. Meanwhile, the Austrian garrisons in the dominions of the Pope at Ancona, Ravenna and Bologna, had heen hastily withdrawn, and that portion of the Papal dominions known as the Legations, threw off the government of the Pope, and claimed, as the revolted duchies had done, annexation to Sardinia. A formidable French fleet, with troops on hoard, also made its appearance in the Adriatic, and threatened to assail from that side the communication between Venice and Anstria. Preparations were also on foot for getting up a revo-Intion in Hungary, the Allies having entered into communications with Kossuth and other Hnngarian exiles, and the Hungarian prisoners taken at Magenta

having heen organized as the nucleus of an army.

Meanwhile, a great interest on behalf of Austria, had heen excited in Germany, and there was reason to apprehend that if the war went on, the Germans would take side with Anstria. The Anstrians, though heaten, still preserved their army unhroken, and the quadrangle was a very formidable position. These considerations inclined Napoleon to be content with what he had already gained. He proposed an armistice, which was signed on the 8th of July. Three days afterward, the Emperors. having mct at Villafranca, the terms of a final treaty of peace were arranged. Austria agreed to resign Lombardy, which was to he annexed to Sardinia, Austria, however, to retain the fortresses of Mantna and Pes-Beside this, which was main condition, the Emperors agreed to give their support to an Italian confederation under the Presidency of the Pope, and also to favor the restoration of the hanished dukes of Tuscany and Modena, though it seems to have heen agreed that no force should be used for that purpose. This peace, made without any consultation with Sardinia, did not satisfy the wishes of the Italians, especially the inhabitants of Tuscany, Modena, Parma, and the Papal Legations. In spite of all the representations made to them on hehalf of France, they declined to receive hack their former rulers, and insisted on annexation to Sardinia. The king of Sardinia, though prevented by France from accepting this offer, yet encouraged the people of Central Italy in maintaining their independent position, and referred them to a European Congress as the necessary sanction for the fulfillment of their wishes. Meanwhile, the details of the cession of Lomhardy to Sardinia were the snhject of conferences hetween plenipotentiaries from the three powers assembled at Zurich, the chief difficulty heing to settle the amount of the Austrian deht to he assumed by Sardinia, in consequence of the cession. This amount was finally fixed at a hundred and two million francs (about \$20,000.000). signature of the treaties of Znrich was immediately followed by letters of invitation to a Congress, to assemble at Paris on the 15th of December, to decide the fate of Central Italy. Besides the powers which took part in the treaty of Vienna-Great Britain, Russia, Prussia, Anstria, France. Spain. Portngal Sweden—this invitation included also Sardinia, Naples, and the Pope.

## THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES

WE, the People of the United States, in order [ to form a more perfect union, establish justice, Insure domestic tranquillity, provide for the common defence, promote the general welfare, and secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and our posterity, do ordain and establish this Constitution of the United States.

ARTICLE 1.—Section 1.—All legislative powers herein granted, shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives.

Section 2.—1. The House of Representatives shall be composed of members chosen every second year by the people of the several States; and the electors in each State shall have the qualifications requisite for electors of the most numerous branch of the State legisla-

2. No person shall be a representative who shall not have attained to the age of twenty-five years, and been seven years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elect-ed, be an inhabitant of that State in which he

shall be chosen.

3. Representatives and direct taxes shall be apportioned among the several States which may be included within this Union, according to their respective numbers, which shall be de-termined by adding to the whole number of free persons, including those bound to service for a term of years, and excluding Indians not taxed, three-fifths of all other persons. actual enumeration shall be made within three years after the first meeting of the Congress of the United States, and within every subsequent term of ten years, in such manner as they shall by law direct. The number of representatives shall not exceed one for every thirty thousand, but each State shall have at least one representative; and until each enumera-tion shall be made, the State of New Hampsbire shall be entitled to choose three; Massachusetts, eight; Rhode Island and Providence Plantations, one; Connecticut, five; New York, six; New Jersey, four; Pennsylvania, eight; Delaware, one; Maryland, six; Vir-ginia, ten; North Carolina, five; South Carolina, five; and Georgia, three.
4. When vacancies happen in the represen-

tation from any State, the executive authority thereof shall issue writs of election to fill such

vacancies.

5. The House of Representatives shall choose their speaker and other officers, and shall have

the sole power of impeachment.

Section 3 .- 1. The Senate of the United States shall be composed of two senators from each State, chosen by the legislature thereof. for six years; and each senator shall have one vote.

2. Immediately after they shall be assembled in consequence of the first election, they shall be divided as equally as may be into three olasses. The seats of the senators of the first class shall be vacated at the expiration of the

second year, of the second class at the expiration of the fourth year, and of the third class at the expiration of the sixth year, so that onethird may be chosen every second year; and if vacancies happen, by resignation or otherwise, during the recess of the legislature of any State, the executive thereof may make temporary appointments until the next meeting of the legislature, which shall then fill such va-

3. No person shall be a senator who shall not have attained the age of thirty years, and been nine years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that State for which he shall be chosen.

4. The Vice President of the United States shall be president of the Senate, but shall have no vote unless they be equally divided.

5. The Senate shall choose their other officers, and also a president pro tempore in the absence of the Vice-President, or when he shall exercise the office of President of the United States.

6. The Senate shall have the sole power to try all impeachments. When sitting for that purpose, they shall be on oath or affirmation. When the President of the United States is tried, the chief justice shall preside: and no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members present.

7. Judgment in cases of impeachment shall not extend further than to removal from office, and disqualification to hold and enjoy any office of honor, trust or profit under the United States; but the party convicted shall never-theless be liable and subject to indictment, trial, judgment and punishment, according to

Section 4.-1. The times, places and manner of holding elections for senators and representatives shall be prescribed in each State by the legislature thereof; but the Congress may at any time, by law, make or alter such regulations, except as to the places of choosing sen-

2. The Congress shall assemble at least once in every year; and such meeting shall be on the first Monday in December, unless they shall by law appoint a different day.

Section 5.-1. Each house shall be the judge of the elections, returns and qualifications of its own members, and a majority of each shall constitute a quorum to do business; but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and may be authorized to compel the attendance of absent members, in such manner and under such penalties as each house may provide.

2. Each house may determine the rule of its proceedings, punish its members for disorderly behavior, and with the concurrence of two-

thirds, expel a member.

3. Each house shall keep a journal of its proceedings, and from time to time publish the same, excepting such parts as may in their

judgment require secrecy; and the yeas and nays of the memhers of either house on any question, shall, at the desire of one-fifth of those present, he entered on the journal.

4. Neither house, during the session of Congress, shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days, nor to any other place than that in which the two houses

shall be sitting.

Section 6-1. The senators and representatives shall receive a compensation for their services, to be ascertained by law, and paid out of the treasury of the United States. They shall, in all cases, except treason, felony, and hreach of the peace, he privileged from arrest during their attendance at the session of their respective houses, and in going to and returning from the same; and for any speech or debate in either house, they shall not he questioned in any other place.

2. No senator or representative shall; during the time for which he was elected, he appointed to any civil office under the authority of the United States, which shall have been created, or the emoluments whereof shall have been increased, during such time; and no person holding any office under the United States shall be a member of either house dur-

ing his continuance in office.

Section 7.-1 All bills for raising revenue shall originate in the House of Representatives; but the Senate may propose or concur with

amendments, as on other hills.

2. Every hill which shall have passed the House of Representatives and the Senate, shall, hefore it hecomes a law, he presented to the President of the United States; if he approve, he shall sign it; hut if not he shall return it with his objection, to that house in which it shall have originated; who shall enter the ohjections at large on their journal, and proceed to recunsider it. If. after such reconsideration, two-thirds of that house shall agree to pass the hill, it shall he sent, together with the objections, to the other house, hy which it shall likewise he reconsidered; and if approved hy two-thirds of that house, it shall become a law. But in all such cases, the votes of hotb houses sball he determined by yeas and nays, and the names of the persons voting for an against the hill sball he entered on the journal of each house respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the President within ten days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have heen presented to him, the same shall he a law in like manner as if he had signed it, unless the Congress by their adjournment prevent its return, in which case it shall not he a law.

2. Every order, resolution or vote, to which the concurrence of the Senate and House of Representatives may be necessary (except on a question of adjournment), shall be presented to the President of the United States; and hefore the same shall take effect, shall he approved by him; or heing disapproved hy him, shall he repassed by two-thirds of the Senate and House of Representatives, according to the rules and limitations prescribed in the case of

a hill.

Section S .- The Congress shall have power-To lay and collect taxes, duties, imposts,

and excises; to pay the debts, and provide for the common defence and general welfare of the United States; hut all duties, imposts and excises shall be uniform throughout the United

2. To borrow money on the credit of the

United States:

8. To regulate commerce with foreign nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian trihes:

4. To establish a uniform rule of naturalization, and uniform laws on the subject of hankruptcy thronghout the United States :

5. To coin moncy, regulate the value thereof, and of foreign coin, and fix the standard of

weights and measures: To provide for the punishment of coun-

terfeiting the securitles and current coln of the United States: 7. To establish post-offices and post-roads:

8. To promote the progress of science and useful arts, by securing for limited times, to authors and inventors, the exclusive right to their respective writings and discoveries :

9. To constitute trihunals inferior to the supreme court; to define and punish piracies and felonies committed on the high seas, and

offences against the law of nations: 10. To declare war, grant letters of marque and reprisal, and make rules concerning cap-

tures on land and water:

11. To raise and support armies; hnt no appropriation of money to that use shall he for a longer term than two years:

12. To provide and maintain a navy:

13. To make rules for the government and regulation of the laud and naval forces;

14. To provide for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the Union, suppress insur-

rections and repel invasions:

15. To provide for organizing, arming and disciplining the militia, and for governing such parts of them as may be employed in the service of the United States; reserving to the States respectively the appointment of the officers, and the authority of training the militia according to the discipline prescribed by Congress.

16. To execute exclusive legislation in all cases whatsoever, over such district (not exceeding ten miles square) as may, hy cession of particular States, and the acceptance of Congress, become the seat of government of the United States; and to exercise the like authority over all places purchased, hy the consent of the legislature of the State in which the same shall he, for the erection of forts, magazines, arsenals, dock-yards, and other needful huildings :- and

17. To make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into execution the foregoing powers, and all other powers vested by this Constitution in the government of the United States, or in any department or

officer thereof.

Section 9.-1. The migration or importation of such persons as any of the States now existing shall think proper to admit, shall not he prohibited by Congress prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight; hut a tax or duty may be imposed on such importation not exceeding ten dollars for each person.

The privilege of the writ of habeas corpus shall not be suspended, unless when, in cases of rebellion or invasion, the public safety may require it.

3. No bill of attainder, or ex post facto law,

shall he passed.

4. No capitation or other direct tax shall be laid, unless in proportion to the census or enumeration hereinbefore directed to be taken.

5. No tax or duty shall be laid on articles exported from any State. No preference shall be given by any regulation of commerce or revenue to the ports of one State over those of another; nor shall vessels bound to or from one State, be obliged to enter, clear, or pay duties in another.

6. No money shall he drawn from the treasury, but in consequence of appropriations made by law; and a regular statement and account of the receipts and expenditures of all public money shall be published from time to

ime.

7. No title of nobility shall be granted by the United States; and no person holding any office of profit or trust under them, shall, without the consent of the Congress, accept of any present, emolument, office, or title of any kind whatever, from any king, prince, or foreign state.

Section 10.—1. No State shall enter into any treaty, alliance, or confederation; grant letters of inarque and reprisal; coin money; cmit hills of credit; make anything but gold and silver coin a tender in payment of debts; pass any bill of attainder, ex post facto law, or law impairing the ohligation of contracts; or grant

any title of nohility.

2. No State shall, without the consent of the Congress, lay any imposts or duties on imports or exports, except what may he absolutety necessary for executing its inspection laws; and the net produce of all duties and imposts laid by any State on imports or exports, shall be for the use of the Treasury of the United States, and all such laws shall be subject to the revision and control of the Congress. No State shall, without the consent of Congress, lay any duty of tonnage, keep troops or ships of war in time of peace, enter into any agreement or compact with another State, or with a foreign power, or engage in war, unless actually invaded, or in such imminent danger as will not admit of delay.

ARTICLE II.—Section 1.—1. The executive power shall be vested in a President of the United States of America. He shall hold his office during the term of four years; and, together with the Vice-President, chosen for the

same term, be elected as follows:

2. Each State shall appoint, in such manner as the legislature thereof may direct, a number of electors equal to the whole number of senators and representatives to which the State may be entitled in the Congress; hut not senator or representative, or person holding an office of trust or profit under the United States, shall be appointed an elector.

8. The electors shall meet in their respective States, and vote by hallot for two persons, of whom one at least shall not he an inhahitant

of the same State with themselves. And they shall make a list of all the persons voted for, and of the number of votes for each; which list they shall sign and certify, and transmit sealed to the seat of government of the United States, directed to the President of the Senate. The president of the Senate shall, in the presence of the Senate and House of Representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted. The person having the greatest number of votes shall be the President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if there he more than one who have such majority, and have an equal number of votes, then the House of Representatives shall immediately choose, hy hallot, one of them for President; and if no person have a majority, then, from the five highest on the list, the said House shall, in like manner, choose a President. But in choosing the President, the votes shall he taken by States, the representatives from each State having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two-thirds of the States, and a majority of all the States shall be necessary to a choice. In every case, after the choice of the President, the person having the greatest number of votes of the electors shall be the But if there should remain Vice-President. two or more who have equal votes, the Senate shall choose from them, by ballot, the Vice-President

4. The Congress may determine the time of choosing the electors, and the day on which they shall give their votes, which day shall be the same throughout the United States.

5. No person, except a natural born citizen, or a citizen of the United States at the time of the adoption of this Constitution, shall be eligible to the office of President; neither shall any person be eligible to that office who shall not have attained to the age of thirty-five years, and been fourteen years a resident within the United States.

6. In case of the removal of the President from office, or of his death, resignation, or inability to discharge the powers and duties of the said office, the same shall devolve on the Vice-President; and the Congress may, by law, provide for the case of removal, death, resignation, or inability, both of the President and Vice-President, declaring what officer shall then act as President; and such officer shall act accordingly, until the disability be removed, or a President shall be elected.

7. The President shall, at stated times, receive for his services a compensation, which shall neither he increased nor diminished during the period for which he shall have heen elected; and he shall not receive within that period any other emolument from the United States, or any of them.

8. Before he enters on the execution of his office, he shall take the following oath or affir-

ation:

9. "I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will faithfully execute the office of President of the United States: and will, to the best of my ahility, preserve, protect, and defend the Constitution of the United States."

Section 2.—1. The President shall be Commander-in-chief of the army and navy of the United States, and of the militia of the several States, when called into the actual service of the United States. He may require the opinion, in writing, of the principal officer in each of the executive departments, upon any subject relating to the duties of their respective offices; and he shall bave power to grant reprieves and pardons for offences against the United States, except in cases of im-

peachment.

2. He sball bavepower, hy and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to make treaties, provided two-thirds of the senators present concur; and he sball nominate, and by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall appoint ambassadors and other public ministers and consuls, judges of the Supreme Court, and all other officers of the United States, whose appointments are not berein otherwise provided for, and which shall be established by law. But the Congress may, by law, vest the appointment of such inferior officers as they think proper, in the President alone, in the courts of law, or in the heads of departments.

8. The President shall have power to fill any vacancies that may happen during the recess of the Senate, by granting commissions, which shall expire at the end of their next ses-

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Section 3.—1. He shall, from time to time, give to the Congress information of the state of the Union, and recommend to their consideration such measures as he shall judge necessary and expedient. He may, on extraordinary occasions, convene both bouses, or either of them; and in case of disagreement between them, with respect to the time of adjournment, he may adjourn them to such time as he shall think proper. He shall receive ambassadors and other public ministers. He shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed; and shall commission all the officers of the United States.

Section 4.—1. The President, Vice-President, and all civil officers of the United States, shall be removed from office on impeachment for, and conviction of, treason, bribery, or other

high crimes and misdemeanors.

ARTICLE III.—Section 1.—1. The jndicial power of the United States shall be vested in one Snpreme Court, and in such inferior conrts as the Congress may, from time to time, ordain and establish. The jndges, both of the supreme and inferior courts, shall hold their offices during good behavior; and shall, at stated times, receive for their services a compensation, which shall not be diminished during their continuance in office.

Section 2.—1. The judicial power shall extend to all cases in law and equity arising under this Constitution, the laws of the United States, and treaties made, or which shall be made, under their authority; to all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls; to all cases of admiralty and maritime jurisdiction; to controversies to which the United States shall be a party; to controversles between two or more States;

hetween a State and citizens of another State, between citizens of different States, between citizens of the same State claiming lands under grants of different States, and between a State, or the citizens thereof, and foreign states, citizens or subjects.

citizens, or subjects.

2. In all cases affecting amhassadors, other public ministers and consuls, and those in which a State shall be a party, the Supreme Court shall bave original jurisdiction. In all other cases before mentioned, the Supreme Court shall have appellate jurisdiction, both as to law and fact, with such exceptions, and under such regulations as the Congress shall make.

8. The trial of all crimes, except in cases of impeachment, shall he by jury, and such trial shall be held in the State where the said crimes shall have been committed; hut when not committed within any State, the trial shall be in such place or places as the Congress may

hy law have directed.

Section 8.—1. Treason against the United States shall consist only in levying war against them, or adhering to their enemies, giving them aid and comfort. No person shall be convicted of treason, unless on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overtact, or on confession in open conrt.

2. The Congress shall have power to declare the punishment of treason; but no attainder of treason shall work corruption of blood or forfeiture, except during the life of the person

attainted.

ARTICLE IV.—Section 1.—1. Full faith and credit shall be given in each State to the public acts, records, and indicial proceedings of every other State; and the Congress may, by general laws, prescribe the manner in which such acts, records, and proceedings shall be proved, and the effect thereof.

Section 2.-1. The citizens of each State shall be entitled to all privileges and immunities of

citizens in the several States.

2. A person charged in any State with treason, felony, or other crime, who shall flee from justice, and he found in another State, shall, on demand of the executive authority of the State from which he fled, be delivered up, to be removed to the State baving jurisdiction of the crime.

8. No person beld to service or lahor in one State under the laws thereof, escaping into another, shall in consequence of any law or regulation therein, be discharged from such service or labor; but shall be delivered np on claim of the party to whom such service or la-

bor may be due.

Section 8.—1. New States may be admitted by the Congress into this Union: but no new State shall be formed or erected within the jurisdiction of any other State, nor any State be formed by the junction of two or more States or parts of States, without the consent of the legislatures of the States concerned, as well as of the Congress.

2. The Congress shall bave power to dispose of, and make all needful rules and regulations respecting the territory or other property belonging to the United States; and nothing in this Constitution shall be so construed as to

prejudice any claims of the United States, or of

any particular State.

Section 4 .- 1. The United States shall guarantee to every State in this Union a Republican form of Government, and shall protect each of them against invasion; and, on application of the legislature, or of the executive (when the legislature cannot he convened), against do-

mestic violence.

ARTICLE V .- 1. The Congress, whenever twothirds of both houses shall deem it necessary, sball propose amendments to this Constitution; or, on the application to the legislatures of two-thirds of the several States, shall call a convention for proposing amendments, which, in either case, shall be valid, to all intents and purposes, as part of this Constitution, when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several States, or by conventions in three-fourths thereof, as the one or the other mode of ratification may be proposed by the Congress; provided that no amendment which may be made prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight, shall in any manner affect the first and fourth clauses in the ninth section of the first article; and that no State, without its consent, shall be deprived of its equal suffrage in

ARTICLE VI .- 1. All dehts contracted, and engagements entered into, before the adoption of this Constitution, shall be as valid against the United States under this Constitution, as

nnder the Confederation.

2. This Constitution, and the laws of the United States, which shall be made in pursuance thereof, and all treaties made, or which shall be made, under the authority of the United States, shall be the supreme law of the land, and the judges in every State shall be bound thereby, anything in the constitution or laws of any State to the contrary notwithstanding.

3. The senators and representatives before mentioned, and the members of the several State legislatures, and all executive and judicial officers, both of the United States and of the several States, shall be bound by oath or affirmation to support this Constitution; but no religious test shall ever be required as a qualification to any office or public trust under the United States.

ARTICLE VII. -1. The ratification of the conventions of nine States shall be sufficient for the establishment of this Constitution between the States so ratifying the same.

Done in convention by the unanimons consent of the States present, the seventeenth day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven bundred and eighty-seven, and of the Independence of the United States of America, the twelfth. In witness whereof we bave bereunto subscribed onr names.

GEORGE WASHINGTON, President and Deputy from Virginia.

AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES.

ARTICLE I .- Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or pro-hibiting the free exercise thereof: or abridging the freedom of speech or of the press or the

right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the government for a redress of grievances.

ARTICLE II .- A well regulated militia heing necessary to the security of a free State, the right of the people to keep and hear arms sball

not be infringed.

ARTICLE III .- No soldier shall, in time of peace, be quartered in any bouse, without the consent of the owner, nor in time of war, but in a manner to be prescribed by law.

ARTICLE IV .- The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers and effects, against unreasonable searches and selzures, shall not be violated; and no warrants shall issue but upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the person or things to be seized.

ARTICLE V .- No person shall be held to answer for a capital or otherwise infamous crime, unless on a presentment or indictment of a grand jury, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the militia, when in actual service in time of war or public danger; nor shall any person be subject for the same offence to be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; nor shall be compelled, in any criminal case, to be a witness against himself, nor he deprived of life, liberty or property, without due process of law; nor shall private property be taken for public use, without just compensation.

ARTICLE VI .- In all criminal prosecutions, the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial, by an impartial jury of the State and district wherein the crimc shall have been committed, which district shall bave been previously ascertained by law; and to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation; to be confronted with the witnesses against him; to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor, and to bave tbe assistance of counsel for his defence.

ARTICLE VII.—In suits of common law, where the value in controversy shall exceed twenty dollars, the right of trial by jury shall be pre-served; and no fact tried by a jury shall be otherwise reëxamined in any court of the United States, than according to the rules of the common law.

ARTICLE VIII .- Excessive hail shall not he required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishment inflicted.

ARTICLE IX.—The enumeration in the Constitution of certain rights, shall not be construed to deny or disparage others retained by the people.

ARTICLE X .- The powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution, nor prohibited by it to the States, are reserved to the

States respectively, or to the people.

ARTIOLE XI.—The judicial power of the United States shall not be construed to extend to any suit in law or equity, commenced or prosecuted against one of the United States by citizens of another State, or by citizens or sub-

jects of any foreign state.

ARTICLE XII.—The electors shall meet ln their respective States, and vote by ballot for President and Vice-President, one of whom, at

least, shall not be an inhabitant of the same State with themselves. They shall name in their ballots the person voted for as President, and in distinct hallots, the person voted for as Vice-President; and they shall make distinct lists of all persons voted for as President, and of all persons voted for as Vice-President, and of the number of votes for each; which lists they shall sign and certify, and transmit sealed to the seat of the government of the United States, directed to the President of the Senate. The President of the Senate shall, in the presence of the Senate and House of Representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then he counted. The person having the greatest number of votes for President, shall he the President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed: and if no person have such majority, then from the persons having the highest numbers, not exceeding three, on the list of those voted for as President, the House of Representatives shall choose immediately, hy ballot, the Presi-But, in choosing the President, the votes shall be taken by States, the representa-

tion from each State having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall constst of a member or members from two-thirds of the States, and a majority of all the States shall he necessary to a choice. And if the House of Representatives shall not choose a President whenever the right of choice shall devolve upon them, before the fourth day of March next following, then the Vice-President shall act as President, as in the case of the death or other constitutional disability of the President.

2. The person baving the greatest number of votes as Vice-President shall he the Vice-President, if such number be a majority of the whoie number of electors appointed, and if no person have a majority, then from the two highest numbers on the list, the Senate shall choose the Vice-President. A quorum for the purpose shall consist of two-thirds of the whole number of senators, and a majority of the whole number shall be necessary to a

choice.

8. But no person constitutionally ineligible to the office of President, shall he eligible to that of Vice-President of the United States.

drawn from the Treasury until

# TREASURY ESTIMATES OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR 1860.

	FUK
THE following are the estimates ations proposed (by the Secre Treasury) to he made for the fisc ing June 30, 1861: Civil list, foreign intercourse, and	tary of the
miscellaneous	\$10,225,625 79
Deficiencies in General P. O. revenues	5,988,424 04
Pensions	849,000 00 1,018,502 38
Army proper, including miscel-	, , , l
laneous objects	13,838,725 72   183,892 00
Fortifications, ordnance, etc Naval establishment	1,979,878 00 11,244,845 03
To the estimates are added	11,541,010 00
statements, showing:  1. The appropriations estimated	
for the service of the fiscal year ending June 80, 1861,	
made hy former acts of Con-	
gress, of a specific and in- definite character, as follows,	
viz.: Miscellaneous, including expen-	
ses of collecting revenues from	
customs	8,876,961 14
Post Office for mail services Arming and equipping the militia	700,000 00 200,000 00
Civilization of Indians	10,000 00
Interest on the public deht  2. The estimated halances of ex-	3,356,621 84

isting appropriations which will he unexpended on June 30, 1860, part of which are required for the payment of the llahilities of the present fiscal year, but which will not be

3	after June 30, 1860, and the
- 1	halance applied to the service
ı	of the fiscal year ending June
	80, 1861, viz.:
)	Civil list, foreign intercourse and
	misceilaneous \$5,211,836 22
£	misceilaneous
)	and Indian) 1,237,004 03
3	War Department 2,898,774 50
	Navy Department 2,914,838 00
)	2,012,000 00
2	Total\$66,714,928 79
)	It appears by the statement of the estimated
3	balances of existing appropriations which will
1	he unexpended on June 30, 1860, the sum of
	\$1,207,278 45 may be carried to the surplus
	fund.
	Estimates of permanent appropriations, specific
	and indefinite, made hy former acts of Con-
- !	gress, which may he required for the service
-	of the last three quarters of the fiscal year
	ending June 80, 1860:
	Three and five per centum to cer-
	tain States under the several
	acts for their admission into the
Ļ	Union\$150,000 00
	Repayments for lands erroneously
)	sold 60,000 00
)	Payment of debentures, draw-
)	hacks, honnties and allowances,
	per act of March 8, 1849 500,000 00
	Repayment to importers the excess
	of deposits for unascertained
	duties 450,000 00
	To refund duties overcharged 40,000 00
	For expenses of collecting the
	revenue from customs, per act
	of June 14, 1858 1,800,000 00

Expenses of the Smithsonian Insti- tution, and other items	Interest on public debt, under act of Jan. 28, 1847
sec. 9	Interest on public deht, under act of Dec. 23, 1857 (treasury notes) 500,000 00
Interest on public deht, under act of April 15, 1842\$173,001 84	Total

## NATIONAL APPROPRIATIONS.

THE following appropriations we	re made
during the Second Session of the	XXXVth
Congress:	
For the support of the West Point	
	9170 200
Military Academy	\$179,588
Pay of Superintendents of Indian	
Affairs and Indian Agents	87,750
To the Shawnees as ner treaty	100,000
"Tonawandas " "	255,000
6 Charles 66 66	
Olcons	225,167
i Dioux	68,000
Other expend relating to Ind. Trihes	1,681,618
Salaries of Envoys, Ministers, and	
Commiss. in Foreign Countries	204,000
Relief of Amer. Seamen in For. Coun.	150,000
Salaries of Consuls	<b>235,</b> 000
Expenses of running houndary line	
hetween British Possessions and	
Washington Territory	150,000
Other Diplomatic Expenditures	308,745
Pay of Naval Officers and Seamen.	3,930,439
For Provisions	945,840
Fuel for the Navy	600,000
Hemp and other materials	300,000
Repair, Armament, and Equipment	,
of Vessels	1,000,000
Ordnance and Ordnance Stores	563,000
Ordinance and Ordinance Stores	
Contingent Expenses	896,000
Vessels for Paraguay Expedition	289,000
Pay of Marine Corps	428,937
" Superin'ts of Navy Yard, etc.	152,454
For Completing Steamers	674,000
Other Items of Expenditure	747,494
.Pay and Mileage of Senators	338,862
Mileage of Members of the House.	200,000
Pay of Memhers of the House	1,019,000
" Commissioner of Land Office	
and Clerk, etc	223,090
" Ditto of Pensions and Clerks	109,340
" Postmaster-Gen, and Clerks.	
	157,800
Expenses of Supreme, Circuit, and	
District Courts	785,000
Commissioners, Registers, and Re-	
ceivers of Public Lands	277,700
Other items of Legislative, Execu-	,.00
tive and Judicial Expenditure	9 COK K44
	3,535,544
Appropriations for Light-houses and	0.05 4-5
Light-hoats	867,508
Light-hoats	<b>2</b> 50,000
" (Pacific)	130,000
Defi. for Relief of Disabled Seamen.	125,000
Den. 101 Mener of Disabled Scamen.	120,000

PROPRIATIONS.	
Oil, etc., for Light-houses	\$132,000
Repairs of Light-houses	110,000
Pay of Light-house Keepers	198,840
Incid. Exp. of Light-vessels, etc	166,618
Light-buoys and Day-heacons	100,000
U. S. Capitol Extension	400,000
Extension General Post Office	150,000
Volunteers in Florida, 1857-8	418,600
Various other items	1.147,445
Pay of the Army	3,091,784
Commutation Officers' Subsistence.	998,435
" Forage	104,128
Subsistence in Kind	1,969.540
Clothing for Army, etc	1,129,810
Supplies, Quartermaster's Depart't	1,440,000
Incidental Expenses, "	450,000
Construction of Barracks, etc	300,000
Mileage, etc., Officers	*125,000
Transportation of the Army	3,000.000
Purchase of Horses	200,000
Armament of Fortifications	200,000
Ordnance and Ordnance Stores	200,000
Current Expenses Ordnance Service	100,000
Manufacture of Arms	250,000
To Reimhurse Massachusetts	227,176
Other items	1,493,973
Invalid and other Pensions	852,000
Miscellaneous Appropriations	431,574
RECAPITULATION.	
Indian Appropriations	2,418,535
Diplomatic Appropriations	1,047,745 10,527,164
Naval "	10,527,164
Legislative, Executive and Judicial.	6,946,336
Light-houses and Light-hoats	367,508
Civil Appropriations	3,318,603
	15,279,846
Invalid and other Pensions	852,000
West Point Academy	179,588
Miscellaneous	431,574

## Total Definite Appropriations.. \$41,368,299

In addition to the ahove, a large number of appropriations were made, the respective amounts of which are indefinite; and the Annual Post Office Appropriation Bill, from ten to fifteen millions, was lost in consequence of a disagreement between the two Houses of Congress, growing out of an amendment adopted by the Senate to materially increase the rates of postage.

### ELECTION RETURNS

BY STATES, CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS, AND COUNTIES.

MAINÉ.								
GOVERNOR, 1859. PRESIDENT, 1856								
Counties.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.				
Counties.	Morrill.		Fremont		Fill.			
Androscoggin	3090	2261		1699	186			
Aroostook	740	808		795	- 8			
Cumberland	6876	5851		5258	605			
Franklin	2331	1949		1358	21			
Hancock	2907	1955	. 3667	2142	161			
Kennebec	5293	3288	. 7320	2487	340			
Lincoln	3868	4180	. 4935	3598	392			
Oxford	4113	3348	. 4364	3116	28			
Penobscot	6285	4569	. 7861	3793	341			
Piscatagnis	1438	996	1734	915	97			
Sagadahoc	1885	996	. 2956	934	397			
Somerset	3902	2812	. 4283	1926	417			
Waldo	4429	3141	. 5159	3138	114			
Washington	3168	2772	. 3299	2867	64			
York	6036	5447	. 6636	5054	154			
Total	56361	44373	67179	39080	3325			
Morrill over St	mitb, 119	988; Fre	m't over.	Buch.,2	28099.			
	LEGI	SLATURI	E.					
SENATEF								
HouseF	Republic	ans, 119	; Democ	rats, 3	2.			

## NEW HAMPSHIRE.

	GOVERN	OR, 1859.	PRESI	DENT.	1856.
Counties.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Am.
	Goodwin	. Cate. F.	remont.	Buch.	Fill.
Belknap	. 1724	1860	2062	2220	21
Carroll		2330	2185	2511	17
Cheshire		2263	3910	2269	56
Ooos		1471	1200	1508	2
Grafton		4743	5029	4620	39
Hillsborough		5461	7081	5326	85
Merrimac		4786	4949	4730	43
Rockingham		5064	5914	4915	111
Strafford		2675	3566	2683	20
Sullivan		2172	2449	2007	28
<b>Call.</b> 10.					
Total	. 36368	32825	38345	32789	422
Mai for Goody					5556.
		ESS, 1859.			
Re	muhlichma	D	emocra	fa.	Mas

Republicans.   12839	Democrats. Maj.
IMarston 12339;	Marcy12082- 757
IITappan 11288;	George10228-1060
111Edwards 11717; R.R.Com.Twitcbell. 36310;	Bnrns 106391078
R.R.Com. Twitchell 36310;	Vose328853425
T MCIST ATTINI	

SENATE...Republicans, 8; Democrats, 4. HOUSE...Republicans, 199; Democrats, 126.

#### VERMONT.

	OVERN	TOR, 1859.	Presi	DENT,	1856.
Counties.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Am.
	Hall.	Saxe. F	remont.		
Addison	3042	543	3362	334	68
Bennington	1866	1253	2120	785	70
Caledonia	2217	1337	2540	1061	23
Chittenden	2537	819	2844	688	73
Essex	541	428	622	274	4
Franklin	2022	1230	2454	870	65
Grand Isle	294	245	405	92	9
Lamoille	1513	546	1607	402	13
Orange	3052	2185	3207	1364	61
Orleans	1715	887		491	6
Rutland	3006	1070		831	. 35
Washington	2997	1676		1359	5
Windham	3137	# 950	4068	742	47
Windsor	3428	1330		1273	66

Total ...... 31367 14499.... 39561 10569 545 Maj. for Hall, 16868; Fremont over Buchanan, 28992.

LEGISLATURE.
SENATE.Republicans, 30: Democrats, 0!
HOUSE.Republicans, 199; Democrats, 32; Ind'nt, 2.

#### MASSACHUSETTS.

	Go	ERNO	R, 1859.	GOVE	RNOR,	1858.
Counties.	Rep.	Dem.	Am.	Rep.		Am.
	Banks.	Butler.	Briggs.	B'ks. B	each.L	w'ce.
Barnstable	. 1457	760	138	. 1282	566	286
Berksbire	. 3276	2605	337	. 3715	2783	457
Bristol	. 3360	1831	2017	. 5093	2144	695
Dukes	. 227	195	94	. 185	177	66
Essex	. 8049	4532	1837	. 9440	4039	1942
Franklin	. 2672	1470	200	. 2894	1324	66
Hampden	. 3303	2646	458	3531	2776	354
Hampshire:	2659	731	386	3375	755	147
Middlesex		6488	2609	.11621	7175	233±
Nantucket	. 249	107	93	280	142	9
Norfolk	4478	2988	1911	5197	3527	1694
Plymoutb	3284	1548	899	4302	1597	683
Suffolk	. 5473	4434	2165	7259	6861	2095
Worcester		4999	1221	. 10526	4432	1256
						-

Total ....58780 35334 14365....68700 33298 12084 Banks over Butler, 23446; Banks over Beach, 30402.

AGGREGATE VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS. LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR. Republicans. Democrats. Americans.

Trask.....60305; Bemis.....35091; Summer...12965 SEORETARY OF STATE. Warner ... 60304; Bowerman . 35431; Allen .... 10834

ATTORNEY GENERAL Phillips...60284; Mason .... 32784; Morris ... 10894 TREASURER.

Tenney....60555; Dennett....34878; Kimball .11229 AUDITOR.
White ....60268; Estabrook...36474: Sever....11289
THE LEGISLATURE is very decidedly Republican in

both branches.

#### RHODE ISLAND.

Ge	VERNO	or, 1859.	PRESI	DENT.	1856
Counties.	Opp	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Am.
		. Potter. F			
Bristol					218
Kent				750	15 659
Newport Providence		450 1969		4432	331
Washington		604		595	452
*					

Total ......... 8938 3546.... 11467 6680 1675 Maj. for Turner, 5392: Fremont over Buchanan, 4787.

AGGREGATE VOTE FOR OTRER STATE OFFICERS.

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR. Republicans. Am. Republicans. Democrats. Hill......3317; Saunders....5570; Brown.....3351

TREASURER. ture in Grand Committee, whose duty it is to select from the highest two candidates, elected Isaac Saun-ders as Lieutenant Governor, and Samuel A. Parker

CONGRESS, 1859. 

as Treasurer.

\* American Republican.

Counties.

#### NEW YORK.

Dem.

Rep.

orrest. \*Elderkin. Morgan. Parker. Bur'

Rep.

GOVERNOR, 1858.

Dem. Am. PRESIDENT, '56.

Dem.

Fill.

Rep.

a.Smith Frem't. Buch.

SEC. STATE. COMPTROLLER. PRISON INS.

Dem.

Church.F

Rep.

noiston

Dem.

Alhany 7253 9216.. 8371 8057.. 7391 9033... 5612 9118 3422 105... 5016 7751 5301 2133.. 2022 2136.. 4771 4886 4766 4283 1894 621 526 ... 6545 . 856 Allegany ..... 2915.. 3489 2916.. Broome ..... 3491 3597 2811... 3531 2573 367 53. . 4237 2106 2796.. 2588.. 2900... 4044 3970 2825 356 4309 227 . . 5166 Cattaraugus .. 978 3541.. 3311 6072 3631.. 2838 7035 1923 Cayuga..... 6180 6410 5952 134.. 1818 5590 3211.. 6241 2559. . 5583 3219... 5479 2129 1395 2)17 Chantanons .. 167 ... 2432 2438.. 2452 2414.. 2381... 2431 2369 2533 148 1789 Chemung.... 2064 3393... 4482 3614... 4706 4482 3611.. 4461 3558 888 523 72.. 5458 2406 Chenango.... 3184... 3332 3104.. 2134 3252 3228 3206.. 2698 56 .. Clinton ..... 750 Colnmbia.... 4123... 4554 3513.. 3977 4085.. 3860 3459 3946 3518 8.. 1951 2082... 3596 Cortland .... 3018 2084.. 3120 1978... 3017 2717 267 3600 3484.. 4143 2934... 3604 3476 ... 3855 145... 4357 2)09 2868 1072 2107 Delaware.... 718 5247 5237 5070 ... 5634 4675 ... 5058... 5518 5007 87.. 5512 4039 2)13 Dntchess..... 7204... 9332... 7956 9416 ... 9666 7532 7536 4399 Erie ..... 7466 2413 1471 2397 1517 655 129.. 1519 ... 2275 2304 1173 Essex..... 2395 956 2292 2243... Franklin .... 2292 2344 2296.. 2141 2294.. 78256.. 1459 2374.. 2672 2446... 2437... 69.. 2669 2090 1689 464 2593 1374 1034 Fulton..... 2042.. 3583 1750 ... 3309 2)38... 2838 1408 584 26... 3620 1434 Genesee ..... 11003053... 3253... -2691 3250... 24 .. 2500 2500 2213 2940 2164 2346 Greene ..... 213 396.. 213 396.. 213 396.. Hamilton .... 131 365 250 8 ... 149 1650 Herkimer.... 4426 2661.. 4510 4433 2518... 4568 2606 452 73... 6860 5004.. 6902 4948.. 6859 5006 ... 6399 4595 547 204... 8249 3496 Jefferson.... 7971 2359 13042 ... 7910 1295)... 8170 13520 7846 9446 11431... 3008 14174 8647 Kings..... 126.. 1918... 2359 2346 1921... 1114 1920.. 2557 1881 3124 Lewis..... 418 2676... 2805... 2299... 3215 3591 3220 2668... 3162 1976 1025 359 1979 Livingston ... 4925 2552... 2691.. 1861 Madison ..... 4676 4585 4415 2472 614 6312 865 4882.. 7065 2690 6970 7417 2834 5224 7584 3076 Monroe ..... 4793... 71084742 ... 1144 31... 4683 3070 Montgomery. New York ... 3069... 3013 2800 ... 2779 3030... 2262 20 ... 1713 41055 17771 3906 38462.. 22088 34554... 18331 21602 6991 51 ... 41913 18272 38276... 3688 3303.. 4128 2839 ... 3232... 3317 1255 64.. 1864 Niagara..... 1985 1001 7306.. 7209 ... 7284. 150... 10400 10322 10723 586 6386 Oneida ..... 10283 4227 6082.. 8742 3571 8400 6219 163.. Onondaga.... 8833 9037 5897.. 10071 1724 2298 .. 3093.. Ontario ..... 3571 3104... 4377 3872 1406 83.. 4551 4056 4988.. 4331 4618.. 4048 4985... 3840 4306 1011 3948 Orange ..... 4274 2230... 2859 2196 ... 2914 2160... 2579 976 455 49 .. Orleans ..... 2848 3088 1412 4850.. 4869.. 7006 326.. 7004 6976 4845... 6436 4842 1175 Oswego..... 4879... 4903.. 3595 4912. 5472 4541 355 70 .. Otsego ..... 5502 5469 1210... 1141.. 1193.. 1352 1018 1088 1029 861 62 963 479 Putnam ..... 10.. 1779 2521 Queens ..... 1315 3540.. 1907 2937... 1385 3464... 3085 1058 1886 2394 7933... Rensselaer ... 5002 7424 5516... 4950 7902... 5499 3028 60.. 5153 4415 4548 Richmond ... 736 678 1659... 1002 1300..  $\frac{747}{732}$ 1558.. 686 1883 380 1550 946 1746.. 4389.. Rockland .... 1751.. 1051 1429 ... 605 1368 524 1526 937 749 663 4360 4017... 4163 1281 2446 2581 4352 4752 45 ... Saratoga. 4417 4524 22441213 1326 8. Schenectady .. 1779 1780... 1981 1577 ... 1311 1493 832 1714 2508 2837 2503 3605 ... 2702 3402... 3403 726 109.7 Schoharie .... 3596... 1630 2143 Schuyler .... 1834 1821.. 1590.. 1796.. 2003 1448 2542 951 461 1919 10.. 1903 2363... 2240 2026... 2312 1864 1886 1028 1245 Seneca..... 4850 ... 6089 4516.. 5758 7701 1708 4848.. 4258 6083 73.. 7270 Steuben ..... 5759 2034 3347 2618 1950 St. Lawrence. 7846 3186. 3464. 7691 181 169 ... 9693 2107 Suffolk ..... 1694 2632 2110 2221.. 2625... 2144 589 9.. 1980 Sullivan ..... 3102.. 2463 2304... 1679 3088.. 1344 1914 1690 1670 2037 3147 2154 3023 2580 ... 2458... 3015 2586 ... 2822 2628 237 745 3331 435 Tioga ..... Tompkins ... 2514.. 3501 2512.. 3359 1969 3280 2296 ... 3284 80 ... 4019 1470 4724 4617 ... 5622... Ulster ..... 4034 5596. 5039 4-140 2942 3270 2932 2202 4030 4703 1685... 97 1683.. 1680... 2182 1730 Warren 2183 1444 1006 2969... 110... 5174 Washington ... 4735 2974 ... 2569... 4737 4498 3210... 3057 ... 4660 3210 ... 4731 2636 852 5776 1999 Wayne ..... 4658 4804 150.. 1448 Westchester .. 5117 9.. 4330 6543.. 5172 5690 ... 4348 6522... 4266 1423 4450 4600 3641 3205 Wyoming.... 3128 2236 1812... 3148 1787 3115 1816. 1952 350 64. 4066 1209. 2231 2479 1283 Yates ... 1208.. 1195. 2994 6. 915 Total....251139 252589..275952 227304..251784 251194..247953 230513 60880 5470..276004 195878 124004 Jones' maj., 1450; Denniston's, 48648; Forrest's, 590; Morgan over Parker, 17440; Frem't over Buch., 80126. AGGREGATE VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS Republicans. Democrats, Maf's.

Treasurer ... Philip Dersheimer, 275,587; Isaac V. Vanderpoel, 226,755—48,832
Attorney General ... Charles G. Myers, 276,792; I.yman Tremain, 227,345—49,447
State Engineer and Surveyor. Orville W. Storey 250,880; Van Rensselaer Richmond, 252,312—1,432
Canad Commissioner ... Ogden N. Chapiu, 251,449; William I. Skinner, 251,777—328
Julge of Appeals ... Henry E. Davies, 272,275; Alexander S. Johnson 227,171—45,104
Clerk of Appeals ... Charles Hughes, 275,286; Johu L. Lewis, Jr., 227,355—47,931
State Loan of \$2,500,000 ... For the Loan, 125,370; Against the Loan, 71,466—47,904

The above, with the exception of the vote on the Loan, are the actual returns sent from the various counties of the State to the State Department at Albany; but in consequence of informality in some of the returns the officially declared result on a number of candidates, varies from the actual. The vote for the returns, the officially declared result, on a number of candidates, varies from the actual. The vote for Forrest is declared at 243,430; Elderken, 237,579; Storey, 246,041; Richmond, 250,247; Chapin, 245,976; Davies, 265,568; Johnson, 223,525; Lewis, 221,034.

ASSEMBLY-Republicans, 91; Dem., 37.

LEGISLATURE.—Senate—Republicans, 23; Democrats, 9. ASSEMBLY—Republicans \* Nominated and supported by the American, or "Balance of Power" Party.

NEW YORK-Continued.	VIII. Robertson, Brandreth	XIX. Ferry. Rider Oneida
VOTE FOR SENATORS, 1859.	Putnam 1315 836	
Districts. Rep. Dem.	Rockland 887 1020   Westchester 5979 4596	Maj. for Ferry, 3407.
I. Norton, Lawrence		XX. Rotch, Eddy
Queens 1850 3007 Richmond 1026 1243	Total 8181 6452	Herkimer
Suffolk	Hoffman received 515 votes.	
	Robertson over Brandreth, 1729.	Total 9951 7406
Total 4921 6537 Maj. for Lawrence, 1616.	IX. Davis. Grant	Maj. for Rotch, 2545.
II. Pierson, Gardiner	Orange	XXI. Warner, Allen
Brooklyn, 1 351 283	Junivan 1/94 2902	Oswego 6846 4951
2 162 534	Total 6002 7770	Maj. for Warner, 1895.
3	Maj. for Grant, 1768.	XXII. Munroe, Graves
4 654 599 5 232 1084	X. Fiero, Larraway	Onondaga 8623 6126
	Green 2774 2903	Maj. for Munroe, 2497.
11 1100 891	Ulster 5083 4550	XXIII. McGraw. Petrie
13 931 537 19 293 177	Total 7857 7453	Chenango
		Madisou 4626 2629
Total 4910 4980 Maj. for Gardiner. 70.	Maj. 101 P 1010, 401.	
Maj. for Gardiner. 70.	XI. Ketcham. Emans Columbia 4414 3619	Total12251 8175
	Columbia     4414     3619       Dutchess     5504     4731	Maj. for McGraw, 3076.
0 DOU 411		XXIV. Truman, Tompkins
9 340 333	Total 9913 8350	Broome 3344 3028 Tioga 3124 2469
10 905 821 12 95 399	Maj. for Ketcham, 1568.	Tompkins 3576 2203
14 352 695	XII. Richmond. Willard	
15 403 250	Rensselaer 6513 6347	Total10044 7700
16 495 515	Washington 4974 2689	Maj. for Truman, 2344.
17 368 266 18 132 151	Total11487 9036	XXV. Williams. Porter
5 towns 387 525	Maj. for Richmond, 2451.	Cayuga
Total 4516 5018 Hatfield, Ind. Dem., 1052.	XIII. Ten Eyck. Colvin	Total10910 6585
Spinola over Bergen, 502.	Albany 6880 7006	Maj. for Williams, 4325.
	Young, Dem., received 1836 votes,	XXVI. Hillhonse. Stewart
1 7 721	and Calhoun, Am., 635. Colvin over Ten Eyck, 126.	Ontario 3598 3070
2, 100 202		Seneca       1882       2366         Yates       2173       1256
2 121 231 4 180 1147	XIV. Ramsay, Holmes Delaware 4223 2852	1230
5 480 980	Schenectady 1786 1563	Total 7653 6692
6 109 . 1563	Schoharie 2823 3212	Maj. for Hillhouse, 961.
7 876 1859 8 918 1400	Total 8832 7627	XXVII. Hammond. Graves
8 918 1400 14 86 1594		Chemung 2456 2389
<del></del>	Maj. for Ramsay, 1205.	Schuyler 1698 2006 Steuben 5782 4617
Total 2885 9697 Wilson, <i>Dem.</i> 2037. Murphy over Hall, 6812.	XV. Wait. Blood	
Murphy over Hall 6812	Fnlton	Total 9936 9012
V. Brewer, Kelly	Montgomery 2699 3032	Maj. for Hammond, 924.
10 913 1094	Saratoga 4225 4530	Monroe
11 1139 2513	Total 9734 10429	Maj. for Goss, 2434.
13 936 1350 17 2347 2393	Maj. for Blood, 695.	XXIX. Murphy. Paine
		Genesee
Total 5335 7350 Maj. for Kelly, 2015.	XVI. Lapham. Tomlinson	Niagara 3548 3480 Orleans 2817 2253
	Clinton 3098 3297 Essex 2216 1703	Orleans
VL Manierre, McMurray 9 1689 899	Warren 2183 1684	Total 9578 7857
15 1199 574		Maj. for Murphy, 1721.
	Total 7497 6684	XXX, Abell, Thayer
18 1320 1302	Maj. for Lapham, 813.	Allegany
Total 5693 4046	XVII. Montgomery, Lawrence	Wyoming 2912 1873
Total 5693 4046 Parsons, Ind. Dem., 2691; Guest,	Franklin 2249 2321	
Am., 1634.	St. Lawrence 7969 3168	Total10919 6361 Maj. for Abell, 4553.
Manierre over McMurray, 1647.	Total10218 5489	XXXI. Prosser, Rogers
VII. Conover, Connolly 12 674 1251	20 1 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Erie 9705 7159
19 818 1529		Maj, for Prosser, 2546.
20 1794 2560	AVIII. Dell. Dioaget	XXXII. Sessions, Lee
21 1544 1835	Lowis	Cattarangus 3938 2881
, 22 1220 1591		Chantauqua 4867 3783
Total 6050 8766		Total 8805 6667
Maj. for Connolly, 2716.	Maj. for Bell, 2130.	Total 8805 6667 Maj. for Sessions, 2138.

#### PENNSYLVANIA.

Secreto Cente AppleCente Sep Jacets

SURV'R	GEN'L		GEN'L.	SUP.J.	DGE'58.
Counties. Opp.	Dem.	Opp.	Dem. Rowe.	Opp.	Dem.
Cochran.	Wright,	Keim.	Rowe.	Read.	Porter.
Adams 2529	2539.	2520	2546.	2220	2246
Allegbeny 7934	4720.	7930	4729.	10057	6503
Armstrong . 2282	1943.	2261	1942.	2386	2003
Beaver 1756	1 131.	1748	1132.	1861	1152
Bedford 2111	2147.	2009	2150.	1811	2007
Berks 6251	7444.	6451	7268.	5024	9654
	1449.	2602			1679
Blair 2600			1449.	2714	10/9
Bradford 3743	1639.	3733	1651.	4632	1096
Bncks 5172	5159.	5176	5154.	5205	5171
Bntler 2075	1514.	2067	1514.	2534	1984
Cambria 1593	1868.	1581	1900.	1671	2100
Carbon 1491	1640.	1513	1626.	1467	1263
Centre 2446	2233.	2444	2233.	2364	2060
Chester, 5066	4044.	5055	4046.	7371	4742
Clarion 532	1216.	531	1225.	1366	2185
Clearfield 1129	1448.	1122	1455.	994	1514
Clinton 1226	1600.	1255	1580.	1240	1367
Columbia 1005	1782.	1070	1803.	1458	1902
Crawford 2766	2141.	2765	2125.	3070	2114
Cumberland 2921	3224.	2932	3234.	2501	2811
	2217.	3284	0/2/3.	3344	2185
Daupbin 3331	1000		2277. 1261.	2818	1604
Delaware 2097	1280.	2111	410		
Elk 317	411.	309	418.	353	519
Erie 2325	1119.	2299	1144.	3233	1921
Fayette 2676	2824.	2651	2817.	2205	2527
Forest 37	30.	37	31.	77	70
Franklin 3692	3267.	3552	3393.	3385	3060
Fulton 716	851.	715	851.	565	730
Greene 155	1596.	760	1588.	842	1941
Hnntingdon 2264	1774.	2283	1778.	2079	1300
Indiana 1922	827.	1932	795.	3027	1440
Jefferson 1071	851.	1070	806.	1257	1153
Juniata 1223	1309.	1223	1309.	1216	1215
Lancaster 7602	3433.	7593	3443.	9925	6066
Lawrence 1351	526.	1339	420.	1923	601
Lebanon 2451	1289.	2461	1283.	2657	1508
Lehigh 3613	3856.	3622	3842.	2917	3102
	5936.	5112	5839.	4747	4196
	2949.		2904.	2223	2299
	2949.	2608		773	546
McKean 600	587.	603	585.	2825	
Mercer 2770	2225.	2755	2222.		2120
Mifflin 1372	1439.	1376	1434.	1456	1122
Monroe 409	1777.	435	1754.	599	1424
Montgomery 4535	5056.	4572	5026.	2010	5525 770
Montonr 602	1154.	618	1142.	813	770
Northamp'n 2797	4077.	2794	4066.	2225	3011
Nortbamb'd 1602	2159.	1642	2167.	1791	1628
Perry 2070	2052.	2069	2051.	1791	1628
Pbiladel 29525	26366.	29701	26203.	33395	26867
Fike 135	721.	127	720.	176	497
	502.	893	517.	953	498
Potter 918 Schuylkill 4879	4534.	4966	4169.	5703	5494
Snyder 1286	737.	1322	709.	1402	1055
Somerset 2187	1190.	2195	1175.	2475	1585
Sullivan 324	525.	331	507.	307	488
Sullivan 324 Susquehan'a 2807	2091.	2805	2092.	3121	1954
Tiorra 1010	1042.	1972	1031.	3084	1449
Tioga 1940 Union 1363		1375	829.	1285	748
	840.	1375 2022	1844.	1902	1743
Venango 2022	1837.	1100	1044.		
Warren 1139	757.	1129	759.	1605	1097
Washington. 3745	3390.	3749	3396.	3906	3677
Wayne 1609	1949.	1610	1947.	1763	2121
Westin'rel'd 3803	4163.	3780	4152.	3783	4456
Wyoming 751 York 4983	945.	758	942.	844	951
York 4983	5203.	4941	5265.	3942	4529
Total181835	164545.1	82282	163970.	198117	171130

Total..181835 164545.182282 163970.198117 171130 Maj. for Cochran, 17290; do. for Keim, 18312; do. for Read, 26387.

PRESIDENT, 1856. Fremont, 147963; Buch., 230772; Fillmore, 82202. Buchanan over Fremont, 82807—over all, 607.

Canal Commissioner, 1858. Frazer, Opp., 196626; Frost, Dem., 170336. Majority for Frazer, 26290.

LEGISLATURE.
SENATE...Opposition, 21; Democrats, 12.
House...Opposition, 67; Democrats, 33.

#### MARYLAND.

CONGRESS. COMPTROLLER, PRES. '56. Districts. Opp. Dem. Opp. Dem. Am. Dem. Cox. Stewart. Pornell. Jarrett, Fill. Buch. Caroline..... 814 Dorcbester... 1182 814 798.. 809 8.15... 633 743 1206.. 967. 896 1426. 1530 1429. 725 1230... 1377 1292 979 Queen Anne's. 901 972.. 91)4 741 omerset ..... 1500 1593 749 1303... 1321 Talbot ..... 989... 725 1534... 1307 709 961.. 910 Worcester.... 1278 1510 ... 1428 Total.... 6384 6934.. 6476 6762.. 6400 6122 Majority for Stewart, 550; do. for Jarrett, 286; do. for Fillmore, 278.

Websier, McHenry, Purnell, Jarrett, Flll., Buch. oart) 1690 1760... 1684 1778... 3504 3155..... 2423 2237... 2414 2323... 2346 2993 II. Balt.Co. (part) 1690 3155 Carroll. 2433 Cecil 2944 Harford. 2095 2297... 2414 1970... 2013 2099 2011... 1884 1845 1647.. 1782 1956... 2074 1405 Kent..... 836 769.. 843 765... 833 550 Total.... 9098 8443.. 8736 8833.. 10641 9054

Majority for Webster, 655; do. for Jarrett, 97; do. for Fillmore, 1587.

III. Harria, Preston. Parnell Jarrett. Fill. Back. Balt. City (pt) 8026 2554. 8000 2566. 16900 9882 Balt. Co. (part) 1591 1672. 1669 1847. In 2d Dist. Total.... 9617 4225. 9669 4453. 16900 9882 Majority for Harris, 5391; do. for Purnell, 5216; do. for Fillmore, 7018.

IV. Davis, Harrison, Pornell, Jarrett, Fill. Boch. Balt. City (p't).10163 2796. 10118 2729. In 3d Dist. Majority for Davis, 7372; do. for Pornell, 7389.

V. Huffman.Kunkel.Purnell.Jarrett. Fill. Buch. Alleghany... 2201 2289... 2124 2384... 1333 2248 Frederick... 3673 3718... 3731 3689... 3724 3304 Washington... 2842 2342... 2837 2575... 2717 2570 Total.... 8716 8849... 8692 8948... 8379 8222

Majority for Kunkel, 133; do. for Jarretf, 256; do. for Fillmore, 157.

Hagner. Hughes. Purnell. Jarrett. Fill. Buch. Anne Arundel 1107 1082.. 1099 1123.. 1043 Calvert..... 439 442.. 412 5/6.. 401 927 356 439 575 632.. Charles..... 603 667.. 461 758 Howard..... 762
Montgomery.. 1177
Prince Geo.'s. 842
St. Mary's ... 452 868.. 843.. 747 1304.. 1170 899 1316.. 1208 1126 985... 790 1014... 325 881 1061... 993 1014.. 1088... 247 1052

Total.... 5354 6302.. 5146 6629.. 5140 5835 Majority for Hughes, 948; do. for Jarrett, 1483; do. for Buchanan, 695.

#### TOTAL VOTE OF THE STATE.

Opposition. Democrats. Maj. Comptr'ler. Parnell...4837; Jarrett...38354—10483 Congress...Opposit'n..49337; Democratic37550—11787 Pres. '56...Fillmore...4740; Bacbanan.39115—3345 Gov. '57...Hicks...47141; Groome...38682—8459

#### LEGISLATURE, 1859.

SENATE....Opposition, 10; Democrats, 12. House....Opposition, 28; Democrats, 46.

#### LEGISLATURE, 1857.

SENATE..... Americans, 15; Democrats, 7. House..... Americans, 44; Democrats, 29.

The seats of the members from Baltimore, Messrs, J. Morrison Harris and Henry Winter Davis, will, it is sald, be contested on the ground of alleged frands at the election.

NORTH	CIA	ROLIN	Α.		Packingham	Leach.		Fill.	Buch.
MURTH	OA		,		Rockingham	402 517	1417 768	359 331	1001 658
Co	NGRES	s, '59. Pri	SIDENT	, '56.			926	362	706
Districts. Opp	osition	. Dem. Shaw. F	Am.	Buch.	Yadkin	932	697	694	483
	665	506	511	453					-0:17
Bertie Camden	538	109	474	89	Total	8566	7664	6139	5951
('borron	294	286	212	255	Majority for Leach,	902; d	o, for Fille		
Curritnek	236	658	128	538 388	VII. W	alkup.	Craige.	Fill.	Buch.
Gates	704	406	305 509	683	Anson	517	257 358	723 594	311 365
Halifax	562 479	759 293	375	301	Catawha	181	688	168	653
Hertford		750	311	725	Cleveland	106	729	71	796
Northamptou	599	758	466	621	Gaston	96	703	53	597
Pasanotank	569	340	532	299	Liucoln	192	439	226	514
Perquimana	431	280	346	254 92	Mecklenburg	411	777	573	1031
Tyrrell	397	131 255	277 364	236	Rowan	756 771	849 58	865 731	779 108
Washington	4/1	200			Union	280	627	236	655
Total	6045	5531	4810	4934					
Majority for Smith,	14; do	. for Buch	ansu, 1	24.	Total	4075	5495	4240	5809
II. Scat	tering.	Ruffln.	Fill.	Buch.	Total Majority for Craige,	1420;	do. or Bu	chauau,	1569.
Beaufort	140	337	796 389	525	VIII.	Zance.	Coleman.	Fill.	Buch.
Carteret		202		463 595	Buncombe	833	858	731	778   378
Craven	. 80	375	476 151	1581	Burke	559	414	311	378 364
Edgecomh	50	867 235	218	375	Caldwell	529 675	223 393	374 522	443
Greene	16	183	398	248	Haywood	307	449	191	413
Hyde	59	140	157	211	Henderson	631	514	406	434
Lenoir	. 11	310	264	424	Jackson	245	376	65	404
Onslow	. 38	397	145	683	Macon	489	339	308	247
Pitt	. 61	509 827	570 208	730 1172	Madison	384	425	182	460
Wayne		041	200	11/2	McDowell	476	351 180	274 124	380 156
Total	476	4382	3771	7007	Rutherford	767	643	412	576
Total Majority for Ruffin,	3906:	do. for Buc	hanan,	3236.	Watauga	. 321	191	368	148
ПП. +М	Duffle.	Winslow.	Fill.	Buch.	Wilkes	. 1190	359	992	380
Bladen	. 192	383	367	463	Yancy	. 463	616	208	616
Brunswick	м.	o return.	384	364	Total.	2000	6001	F400	6177
Columbus	92	272	212	627	Total	1605	6331	80FG	6177
Cumherland		1039	767 117	1257 1173					., 105.
Dupliu New Hanover	. 67	780 789	577	1472			THE STAT		15.0
Richmond	. N	o return.	500	176	Congr's '59 Opposition	n 260F7	· Democra	Tals.	Maj. 6971
Roheson		325	566	673	Pres'nt.'56. Fillmore.	36886	Buchan	u,48246	-11360
Sampson	. 104	598	358	927	Pres'nt.'56Fillmore. Gov'or'58McRae Gov'or'56Gilmer	.39965	Ellis	56222	-16257
		-	3848	7032	Gov'or '56 Gilmer	.44959	; Bragg .	57555	-12596
Total	237 : d	lo for Bucl	nanan	3184.			_		
lV.	Sanda	. Brauch.	Fill.	Buch.		_			1
Frankliu	. 232	626	255	793	NEW	7 JE	RSEY		
Grauville	. 290	0/0	756	1060					T 1856
Johnston	. 546	860	619	958	Counties. O	RNOR,	m. Re	o. Den	r, 1856.
Nash	. 00	879	61	1068	Olde	u. Wr	ght. Fre	n. Buch	. Fill.
Orange	. 572	729 1405	747	909 1472	Atlantic 8	53	40 54	684	160
Wake Warren	. 090	653	789 78	841	Bergen 12	62 - 1	518 43		
E				-	Burlington 47 Camden 23	94 3	399 314 339 81		
Total Majority for Branch	. 2459	5827	3305	7101	Camden 23 Cape May 5	70	339 81 497 17	$7  1766 \\ 7  312$	
Majority for Branch	ı <b>, 3</b> 368	; do. for Br	ichauai	1, 3796.	Cumherland 18	SOU I	000 04		1231
v. •	Gilmer.	Williams.	Fill.	Buch.	Essex 78	83 7	454 476	0 6845	4338
I Alamauce	. 576	689	452	717 917	Gloucester 14	77 1	206 63		1380
Caswell	. 193	000	212 787	917 761	Hudson 31		726 170		1411
Chatham	2047	852 468	1515		Hnuterdon 27	$\frac{26}{87}$ $\frac{3}{2}$	445 155 981 215		
						76  3	138 231	3008	696
MOOTO	529	559	489	440	Monmonth 30	05 3	451 100	3 3319	
		502	279	543	Middlesex 32	53 2	497 120	9 2468	
Randolph	. 1203	427	1025	336	Ucean	41	730 89		
Mate2	6261	4510	5305	4235		163 1 151 1	870 142 981 43	$\frac{2}{2}$ $\frac{1618}{1760}$	
Majority for Gilme	1940	4512				11 1	838 129		
VI.			Fill.			342 2	528. 160		31
	1.6ac	h. Scales.			Union 17	66 I	899 N	w Cour	ity.
Alegany	. 147	333	New (	County.		116 2	842 159	6 2877	446
Ashe	739	452	617	531	m		714 0000	400.40	04177
Ashe	1470	793	964	634	Total 53	1607	Puch area	8 46943	24115
Davie Forsyth Iredell	681	379	477	279 1043	18605.	, 1001;	Duchanan	overr	temont,
Forsyth	955	1061		1043	T.E.G.	ISLATI	RE, 1859.		
redell	1983	3 472	1241	302	SENATE Republica	ns. 8:	Dem., 12	Ameri	can. 1.
Inde	penden	t Democrat.			House Republica	ns,28	Dem., 30	Ameri	cans, 2.
• Inde	penden	t Democrat.			SENATERepublica HouseRepublica	ns,28;	Dem., 30	Ameri	cans, 2.

#### GEORGIA.

CONGRESS. GOVERNOR, '59 PRES., '56. Opp. Dem. Opp. Dem. Am. Dem. McIntyre, Love. Akin, Brown, Fill. Buch. I. 448.. 37 121 351.. 268 Appling..... Berrien ..... 156 348.. 79 165 343.. New County 289 300 ... 225 Brooks ..... 123 152... 119 167... 133 Bryan ..... 34 Bulloch ..... 21 569.. 20 586... 460 153... 37 137... 23 186 Camden..... 43 Chatham .... 649 633 971 1445 696 ... 736... Charlton .... 190.. 16 190... 38 79 238... 137 171 Clinch ..... 105 261... 273... 279... 51 16 16 Coffee . 41 144.. 57 168.. 106 Colquitt..... 84 127... New Connty Echols ..... 49 132... 56 185... 189 Effingham.... 254 170. v 252 171 33 445.. Emanuel .... 131 259 Glynt..... 176... 191... 91 119 41 200 ... 208. . 30 Irwin..... 155 Johnson..... 146 200. New County 180 ... 152 Lanrens ..... 187 235... 325 134... 406 218.. 232... 141 133 191 Liberty..... 115 236.. 193 262 ... 413 Lowndes ..... 216 McIntosh .... 49 144.. 86 155 276 201 Montgomery.. 259 55... 26 Pierce..... 199.. 35 185. New County 19 Tattnall..... 291.. 176 165 300... 186 Telfair ..... 192.. 203... 121 110 140 522... 477 ... Thomas ..... 428 398 233 463 229... 231.. Ware ..... 41 45 6 39 Wayne..... 22 125... 180.. Total....3881 7247.. 4035 7405.. 3903 5757 Maj. for Love, 3366; do. for Brown, 3370; do. for Buchanan, 1854.

Douglas Crawford. / Lin. Brown. Fill. Buch.

203... Baker..... 92 207 ... 115 175 453 299... Calhoun..... 102 97 302... 56 251 300.. Chattahoochee 242 338. . 251 231 320 253. . 216 270 ... Clay ..... 188 279 511.. Decatur..... 540 ... 454 244 Dooley ..... 230 514.. 564.. 200 419 Dongherty.... 197 211 310.. 266 263... 222 222 229... 229... 299 93 149 Early.... Lee..... 209 215... ን<sub>ግ</sub>ነር) 335 Macon..... 385 284 ... 401 308.. 274 Marion ..... 318 364 432.. 495 494 Marion ... 48 Miller ... 97 201.. 44 221. 20 153 Mitchell .... 93 358... New Connty 933 Muscogee.... 682 749... 853 747 ... 710 159 416 .. 417 Pnlaski ..... 148 199... 185 213. New County Quitman ..... 157 Randolph.... 541 463 .. 541.. 486 450 656 218.. 214 228... New Connty Schley ..... 568... 557... 5%) 598 558 Stewart ..... 572 855 Sumter..... 592 641 517 ... 701 280... Terrell..... 378 331 313 233 216 ... 281 219.. Wehster ..... 275 Wilcox..... 259 16 260 .. New County Worth ..... 109 114 83 227

Total.....6437 8279 6917 8532 6514 7569 Bethune, 1nd., received 417 votes for Congress.

Crawford over Donglas, 1842; Brown over Akin, 1615; Buchanan over Fillmore, 1055.

Hardman, Speer. Akin, Brown. Fill. Bach. 774 283 228 Bibb . . . . . 9)8 879... 911 970 ... 959 381.. 320 241 416 ... 387 Butts. Crawford.... 248 395. 378 411.. 453. . 753 576 Harris..... 683 697 466 .. 528 Houston .... 534 566.. 544 578.. Monroe..... 633 580 ... 658 656 505 ..... 423 618 ... 396 660 ... 491 630 Pike 474 ... 515... 540 545 Spaulding .... 415 445 492.. Talbot ..... 564 579 494. 547

Fill. Buch Hardman, Speer. Akin, Brown, Taylor ..... 320 362 ... 321 353... 429 Upson ..... 553 292... 558 296.. 617 305

Total.....5636 5183 5670 5751 5777 5712 Majority for Hardman, 153; do. for Brown, 81; do. 5712 for Fillmore, 65.
IV. Wright, Gartrell, Akin, Brown.

Fill. Buch. Campbell .... 389 405 448 1169... 1005... Carroll ..... 443 490 455 1176 Clayton ..... 233 357 ... 285 375. New Connty Cobb ..... 552 1180 ... 1158... 764 Coweta ..... 477 775... 506 584 De Kalb..... 363 384 453 723 ... 544.. Fayette, ..... 315 305 455 734 # 221. · 1191.. Fulton..... 899 1115 911 565... 566 ... Heard ..... 337 392 418 643... Henry.... 593... €36 759 672 ... Merriwether.. 592 620 653... Tronp..... 750 801 329 ... 1005 412

Total .... 6053 8577... 6633 8360... 6900 8516 Majority for Gartrell, 2824; do, for Brown, 2222; do, for Buchanan, 1616. 8516

V. Shackleford. Underw'd. Akin. Brown. 1236.. 1051.. 751 346 Cass ..... 151 857 Catoosa..... 80 Chattooga.... 223 628.. 431.. 365 ₽ 506 514.. 536 ... 386 Cherokee .... 109 1121... 454 1114... 1146 Dade . . . . . . . . . 13 324.. 155 Fannin ..... 339 655.. 415.. 118 Floyd ...... 127 989.. 812 870.. 847 Gilmer ..... 982.. 125 Gordon..... 257 884. -740... 431 595 Haralson.... 366.. 40 393... Milton ..... 132 236 390 ... 479. New Connty 315 Murray ..... 118 712... 240 706 ... Paulding ..... 871.. 43 800.. Pickens ..... 751.. Polk ..... 43 431... 302... 37 1 565 259 Walker..... 190 740.. 854.. 497

Total....2162 12339. (
Majority for Underwood,
5870; do. for Buchanan, 4263.
VI. Lytle, Jackson, A 6131 12001... 6183 10446 10177; do. for Brown,

582

733 593

1129...

Whitfield.... 155

Washington ..

Wilkinson ....

573 393

Lytle. Jackson. Akin. Brown. Fill. Buch. 501. New County Banks..... 67 504... 90 495... Clarke ..... 232 511... 535 603 457 552.. Dawson..... 65 96 547 .. New County 555.. Forsyth..... 293 453 746.. 90 848.. Franklin ..... 851.. Gwinnett .... 283 699 .. 1051... 749 1092 331.. 137 256 Habersham... 690 ... 853 803.. Hall..... 592 448 451 768.. Hart ..... 188 748: 610 Jackson ..... 702.. 384 453 Lumpkin ..... 739.. 356 549.. 468 152 Madison ..... 465.. 203 469 ... 215 Rabun..... 541.. 40 557 ... 407 Towns..... 13 252... 637... €0 265 53 750... 261 454 Union ..... 43 Walton..... 416 734 ... 582... 460 684 412. New County 96 368... 94 White....

Total.....3251 9644.. 4270 11113.. 4811 9247 Maj. for Jackson, 6393; do. for Brown, 6843; do.

for Buchanan, 4406. VII. Hill. Hill. Harper. Akin. Brown. Fill, Buch. 385.. 305 266 313 414.. 300 Baldwin..... 247 ... 289... Greene ..... 629 629 576 283 Hancock . ... 391 269... 356 325 ... 306 Jasper..... 449 431 412 ... 382 418 242... 183 135 303 Jones..... 1.0 293. . 189.. 244... Morgan ..... Newton ..... 382 314 363 234 910 723 745.. 714 760... 844 Putnam ..... 283 285 294 325 ... 163 339.. 178 287 Twiggs.....

4767. Total.... .4492 4353... 4323 4512 4122 Maj. for Hill, 139; do. for Brown, 439; do. for Fill-442 more, 84.

363

680 ...

631...

699 564

282

531

639..

557..

#### 'GEORGIA-Continued.

District		Dem.	Opp;	Dem.		Dem. Buch.
VIII.	Wright.	Jones.				
Bnrke	351	514	289	611	183	490
Columbia	417	407	399	434	342	456
Elbert		518	406	535	354	524
Glascock	64	232	7	2891	New C	onnty
Jefferson		339	397	420	376	353
Lincoln	186	220	188	222	212	219
Oglethorpe .		458	372	487	394	451
Richmond		920	1110	894	1143	890
Scriven	259	282	240	298	167	268
Taliaferro	211	188	189	218	109	238
Warren		442	285.	556	250	589
Wilkes		392	324	413	279	428

Total....4507 4912.. 4206 5377.. 3809 4906 Majority for Jones, 405 do. for Brown, 1171; do. for Buchanan, 1097.

#### TOTAL VOTE OF THE STATE.

	Democrats. Maj.
Governor Akin 42195;	Brown63806-21611
Congress Opp'tion.36419;	Democratic61134-24715
President Fillmore . 42439;	Buchanan56581-14142

THE LEGISLATURE is largely Democratic in both branches.

#### ALABAMA.

AN Election was held in this State for Governor, Congressmen, and Memhers of the Legislature, which was a very one-sided affair—the party lahelled Regular Democratic sweeping the State hy a majority so large that the Opposition candidates, after the election, were not positive that they had heen running at all. The Opposition appealed to the people, as heing hetter friends of the South, or rather of the slaveholders, than the regular Democracy, a dodge which does not seem to have succeeded either in Alahama or elsewhere in the South where it has heen resorted to. Andrew B, Moore, regular Democrat, was re-elected Governor, over William F, Samford, fire-eater, by shout 20,000 majority.

For Congress there was a show of opposition to

For Congress there was a show of opposition to James A. Stallworth, regular Democrat, in the lat (Mohile) District, but he was re-elected by 3083 majority. In the IIId. (Montgomery) District there was quite a sharp contest hetween David Clopton, regular Democrat, and T. J. Judge, Whig, or ex-Whig, or Americau, which resulted in the success of the Democratic caudidate by a more decisive majority than at the last previous Congressional election, as follows:

lows:			1		
***	1	859.	1857.		
Counties.	Judge.	Clopton.	Judge. Do	wdell.	
Autauga	619	605		683	
Chamhers	1028	1095	. 949	1139	
Macon	1220 .	1213	. 1316	1041	
Montgomery	1347	1246	. 1256	1106	
Russell	· 993	1030	. 955	887	
Tallapoosa	1459	1691	. 1394	1649	
Total	6666	6830	. 6418	6505	
Majority for Clor	oton, 214	; do. for	Dowdell,	87.	

In the other Congressional districts the Democratic candidates were elected with no opposition, or next to none.

THE LEGISLATURE is very Democratic, of course.

#### MISSISSIPPI.

An election was held in this State for Governor and other State officers, Congressmen and Legislature, the result of which shows that about three-fourths of the voters of the State are Democrats, as follows:

Oppos			at. Maj.
Governor Walter	10308; Pe	ttus345	59-24251
Sec'y State . Southw'th	.9897; W	ehh349	49 - 25052
Auditor Reynolds	.9748; Bt	urt349	28-25180
Treasurer Regan	.9618 ; Ha	ynes350	22 - 25404

Congress 1..No candidate 2..Martin ... 445; Davis ... 7634 - 7189
3..No candidato Barksdale . 7125 - 4..Smith ... 2376; Singleton . 8040 - 5664
5..No candidate McRae ... 6668 - LEGISLATURE .

SENATE...Opposition, 4; Democrats, 27. House....Opposition, 14; Democrats, 86.

#### VIRGINIA.

Congress.	Gov'r	. '59.	PRES.	. '56.
Districts. Opp. Dem			Am.	
I. Muscos H.R.Gargett,	Goggin	Letche	r. Fill.	Buch.
Accomac Dem., re-	768			821
Elizaheth City elected with-		164	184	190
Essex out opposi-		270	338	298
Gloucester tion.	383	365	268	383
James City	111	31	122	
King and Queen	271	429	168	438
Lancaster	156	107	150	160
Matthews	315	253	186	270
Middlesex	179	214	128	249
New Kent	239	132	169	193
Northampton	227	153	335	256
North'land	108	194	249	340
Richm'd Co.	296	261	291	225
Warwick				
	60	31	51	18
Westmorel'd,	414	146	439	131
Williamsh'g.	40	55	56	57
York	171	102	194	114

Total.... 4307 3582.. 4158 4200 Maj. for Goggin, 725; do. for Buchanan, 42.

,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				
ohn S. Millson,	Goggin.	Letcher.	Fill.	Buch.
Dem., re-	245	66	190	106
elected with-	93	142	54	207
out opposi-	148	532	142	644
tion	462	271	445	416
	836	527	787	644
	591	381	1008	1230
	678	537 with	N'fo	lkCo.
	187	267	74	306
•	367	364	393	397
	536	493	458	570
	134	167	102	230
	127	291	88	367
	ohn S. Millson, Dem., re- elected with- out opposi-	ohn S. Millson, Geggin, Dem., re- elected with- 93 out opposi- tion 462 836 591 678 187 367 536	ohn S. Millson, Geggun, Letcher.  Dem., re- elected with- out opposi- tion  836 836 527. 836 521 831 678 531 817 267. 367 364. 536 493. 134 167.	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

Total.... 4404 4038.. 3741 5117 Maj. for Goggin, 366; for Buchanan, 1376.

III. \*Dejarnette.Caskie. Goggin, Letcher. Fill. Buch. Caroline.... Chesterfield.. 740 381.. 619 502.. 414 517 779.. 259.. 426 866. . 581 350 Goochland .... 162 305... 234 198 377 Hanover.... 573 799.. 878.. 572 689.. 315 615 Henrico..... 1133 755 73 247 709 1248 King Wm.... 203 456 148 318.. 247.. 397 .. 422.. 496 632 Richm'd City, 1888 1583.. 2043 1588.. 1753 1474

Total.... 5581 5481.. 5941 5382.. 4105 5443 Maj. for Dejarnette, 100; do. for Goggin, 559; do. for Buchanan, 1338.

IV. \*Flournoy, Goode, Goggin, Letcher, Fill, Buch... \*103 226.. 203 204.. 150 276 Amelia . 276 Brunswick ... 571.. 482.. 566 100 188 131 230.. Charlotte .... Cumherland... 406 403.. 247 463 530 141.. 252 204.. 261 184 Dinwiddie ... 319.. 230267... 433.. 48 140 179 unenburg ... 177 428.. 117 486 Mechlenhurg. 713.. 606.. 271 867 Nottoway .... 185.. 195 178.. 140 203 636.. Petershurg ... 670 ... 944 672 92 836 Powhattan ... 134.. 136 132. . 244 437 271 Pr'ce Edward 203... 214 316.. 429

Total.... 2185 3820... 3388 3861... 2358 4995 Maj. for Goode, 1635; do. for Letcher, 473; do. for Buchanan, 2637.

\* Independent Democrats, supported by the Opposition.

0.2	THE OTHER PROPERTY OF	22.00
VIRGINIA	(Continued)	
	Goggin.Letcher. Fill Buch	Ba
Appomattox. Dem., re-	263 470 152 431	B
Appomattox. Dem., re- Campbell elected with-	263 470 152 431 1385 1129 1065 896	1 C
Franklin ont opposi-	1010 884 699 1163	
Hanes	358 758 329 1173 576 419 391 505	Gi
Henry Patrick	503 593 385 594	7.
Pittsylvania.	1396 1107 1227 1355	Ja K
Total	5491 5360 4248 6117	Le
Total Maj. for Goggin, 131; do VI. *Leake, Powell.	for Buchanan, 1869.	277
VI. *Leake. Powell. Albemarle 1375 660 Amherst 580 Bedford 1219 612	Goggin, Letcher, Fill, Buch	Pi
Albemarle 1375 660	1303 931 1026 1092	R
Amherst 580	732 654 449 683	R
Bedford 1219 612 Buckingham 380 594		
LIUAHUR 200 150		U
	126 387 57 472	W
Madison 401 343 Nelson 658 399	132 586 57 750 739 383 520 418	
Total 5003 3453	5435 4549 3741 5202	fo
Leake's maj., 1550; Gogi	gin's, 886; Buch'an's 1461.	1
VIL Thomas Smith Alexandria 895 516	Goggin Letcher, Fill Buch 874 620. 946 677	A
Culpeper 451 441		: B
Fairfax 748 680	691 717 650 727 931 1020 884 1081 205 196 127 206 426 379 287 437	B
Fauquier 938 947	931 1020 884 1081 205 196 127 206	Ö
		10
Prince Wm 283 667		
Rappah'nock. 495 485 Spotsylvania. 478 586	509 463. 351 492 498 588. 448 622	G G
Stafford 214	299 507 262 539	
		1 34
Total 4845 5147 Shackelford, Ind. Dem.	5181 5677 4618 6002	
Cougress.	, received 430 votes for	N
Smith's maj., 302; Letche VIII. Boteler, Faulkner Berkley 940 1002 Clarke 317 313	er's, 496; Buch'an's, , 1384.	Po
VIII. Boteler.Faulkner	Goggin Letcher, Fill. Buch.	R
Berkley 940 1002	883 1057 846 997	R
Clarke 317 318 Frederick 986 1071	853 1124 898 1351 701 1063 747 1165	
Frederick 986 1071 Hampshire 753 944 Jefferson 1012 740 Loudon 1872 697	853 1124 898 1351 701 1063 747 1165 857 875 845 946 1793 722 1979 855	3 [
Jefferson 1012 740	857 875. 845 946 1793 722. 1979 858	2
Loudon 1872 697 Morgan 316 292	274 261. 329 319 130 960. 57 1034	
Page 13/ 904	130 960 37 1039	- I 15
Warren 283 421	215 456 145 568	2   C
Total 6616 6449 Maj. for Boteler, 167; de Buchanan, 1574.	5998 6889 6071 7644	5   G
Maj. for Boteler, 167; de	o. for Letcher, 891; do for	L L
Buchanan, 1574.	.Goggin.Letcher. Fill. Buch	P
1,2.0	2170 1402. 1904 1499	5   R
Bath. 204 239. Hardy 705 292.	230 231 180 25	× 1 ×
Augusta 1227 1806.  Bath 204 239.  Hardy 705 292.  Highland Maj 180.  Pendleton 421 347.	230 231 180 25 771 354 842 63 229 478 237 47	ST
Highland Maj. 180 Pendleton 421 347	383 411 424 50	1 6
Rockbridge 803 1105	1230 1208 1036 112	4 V
Rockingham, 1980 IIII.	700 2402 510 273 273 1912 233 233	3   '
Shenandoah. 600 maj		I
Total 6011 5080	5986 8398 5366 956 for Letcher, 2412; do. fo	9   _
Maj. for Harris, 931; do	for Letcher, 2412; do. fo	r B
X. Sherrard Clement	Gozgin, Letcher, Fill, Buch	1.
Brooke Dem., re	213 369 261 45	1
Hancock elected with	- 144 304 190 32 - 468 1197 470 163	2 6
Maj. for Harris, 931; do Buchanan, 4203. X. Sherrard Clemen. Brooke Dem., re Hancock elected with Marion out, opposi Marshall tion.	825 633 981 93	ī ·
Monongalia	641 975 609 144	7 .
(I Onio	1525 1050 1904 105	
Pleasants	76 146 178 30 505 810 719 123	2 1
Taylor	530 551 432 61	6
Taylor	289 460 329 55	
Wetzel	65 809 80 70	- 6
Total	5082 7284 5713 982	4
Total Maj. for Letcher, 2202;	io, for Buchanan, 4111.	
II.		

_	ND IODITION		JG LD L A	1240			
ī							
1	XI. Lai	dley.J	enkins.	oggin.	Letcher.	Pdl. B	
н	Barbour 3	351	904	435	817	325	908
1		122 :	269	349	311	494	260
: 11	Cabell 4	142	518	413	24.14	396	598
3	Calhoun Doddridge Gilmer 1	95	259	25	277	27	116
1:	Doddridge	87	501	104	609 325	178	441
:	Gilmer 1	25	303	60	325	127	207
2	Gilmer 1 Harrison		1955	780	1092.	840	1221
Н	Jackson. 1	111	444	33808	510	433	605
5	Kanawha 11 Lewis 2	191	417 671 490	1138	467		658
:	Lewis	364 1	671	259	649	200	712
	Masou	589	490	588	448	299 703	561
-	Pntnam	177	409	451 996	427	201	
	Randolph	245	441	226	490	391	326
2	Randolph Ritchle Roane,	125	417 258	137	430	218	441
ŧΙ	Poopo	202	000	701	422	277	506
5	Roane,	10	182	302 17	261	255	212
	Tucker	JU E	196	292	176	16	137
ál	Upshur	275	436	136	422	295	534
2	Wift	170	287		302	191	322
11	Wood	337	654	836	660	753 -	875
á l	Motel 20	200	022	c0-22	0115	= 40=	
1	Total 7					7427	
2	Maj. for Jenk	ins, 1	810; do	. for	Letcher.	2187:	do.
- 1	for Buchanan, 2	373.					- 1
١.	YII H	A Fdm	undson	Goodin	Letcher.	F(1) 1	Rook !
-	Alleghany I	) e m	TRA	210	355	102	26-2
7	Alleghauy L. Booue el Botetourt or Clay ti	ected	with.	150		183	383
2	Rotatonet	nt or	nnoci	400	73 P	113	273
1	Clare ti	ion of	hinor.	486	(11	341	904
l l	Crain	υ4.			292 714 49N 256	ew Co	unty
6	Craig			92	200	108	350
41	Fayette			346	000	219	203
9	Floyd			522	339	271	453
2	Giles			463	352	275	439
2	Greenbrier			889	352 779	792	653
	Logan			94	480	60	411
- 1	Mercer			557	429	214	492
2 H	Monroe			845	014	731	747
	Moutgomery.			615	383	468	653
١.	Nicholas			364	303	366	298
. [	Pocahontas			134	419	115	417
	Raleigh			381	148	228	141
	Rosnoke			283	409	223	503
7	Wayne			269	320	295	362
1	Wyoming			170	78	81	116
I	1, 3 oming			110	70	CI	110
βļ	Total			6960	7167	5199	5000
8						5188	7999
3	Maj. for Letch	ner, 2(	77; do,	for Bu	chanan,	2311.	
9	XIII. *X	fartin.	Floyd.	Joggin.	Letcher.	Fill 1	Buch.
4	Buchanan	226	90	73	Letcher.	ew Co	unty
8	Carroll	288	329	461	344	260	687
-			482	384			660
5	Lee	849	463	688	624	348	916
T		37	110	115	624 33N 239	ew Co	viam
l	Pulaski	160	297	314	239	210	331
١.	Russell	774	384	751	404	333	755
9	Scott	820	374	600	559	406	810
8	Scott	612	484	593	454	332	810 572
7		448	685	54l	621	119	1140
9	Washington	440	685 809		621		1115
0	Washington.	938	120	966 208	870	611	1115
3		291	139	742	226		18
3	Wythe	467	933	743	775	531	887
9	make) o	2000		6110	_	25-6	200
_	Total €						
9	Maj. for Mar	tin, 80	3; do.	for Go	oggin, 6	32; de	o. for
)I	Buchanan, 4217				, , ,		
h.			OTE OF				
51		Opp	osition		Deтосто	its. I	Vaj's.
20	Governor	Gogg	in. 715	43: I	etcher.	77112-	-5569
20	440 0	D	- 642	co . m.	m ala am	22104	0-60

Att'y General.. Preston, 64363; Tucker, 73124-8756 Montague, Dem., was elected Lt. Governor, over Willey, Opposition.

THE LEGISLATURE is largely Democratic in both branches.

The IVth, Petersburgh, District having become vacant by the death of the Hon. William O. Goode, Roger A. Pryor, Dem., was elected without serious opposition, to fill the vacancy.

\* Independent Democrat.

TENNE	SSEE	
THINK		

	Conc	RESS.	Gov's	, 259.	PRES	., '56.
Districts.	Opp.	Dem.	Opp.	Dem.	Am.	Dem.
1.	Nelson.	Haynes.	Neth'd.	Harris.	Fill.	Buch.
Carter			. 880	281	728	228
Cocke	945	587.	. 965	584	795	439
Greene	1062	2026.	.1022	2102	880	1852
Hancock		641.	. 448	553	241	525
Hawkins		174.	.1103	1289	916	1144
Jefferson		654.	.1611	641	1571	567
Johnson		218.	. 565	200	459	178
Sevier		261.	1046	266	921	164
Sullivan		1589.	. 566	1575	548	1477
Washington.		1335.	. 982	1355	828	1334
Total	7931	7827.	.9188	8846	7887	7908

Maj. for Nelson, 104; do. for Netherland, 342; do. for Buchanan, 21.

Maynard. Ramsay, Neth'd. Harris. Fill. Buch. 11. 344.. 793 540.. 363 382.. 649 625.. 345 Anderson..... 839 348 434 Camphell..... 451 Claihorne .... 775 676... Fentress..... No return... 765.. 543 676.. 684 735538.. 118 148 533 Grainger.....1206 743..1141 916..2603 791..1117 736 Knox......2593 926. . 2551 838 280.. 218 1431.. 347 263 Morgan..... 248 335.. 162 Overton..... 364 1457.. 322 1505 Scott...... No retnrn.. 225 264.. 156 224

6083..5963 Total......6476 4930..6522 6083..5963 5616 Maj. for Maynard, 1546; do. for Netherland, 439; do. for Fillmore, 347.

Brabson, Smith, Neth'd. Harris, Fill Buch. Bledsoe ..... 492 330.. 486 723..1267 343.. 354 734..1246  $\frac{271}{623}$ Blount......1273 95 1028.. 749 10 Votes with Bledsoe. 1096.. 658 Bradley..... 795 1078 Cumberland .... 243 261 1056..1064 Hamiltou.....1234 918..1121 1051 Marion ...... 481 393.. 462 414.. 523 444 610.. 124 643.. 125 Meiggs ..... 150 635 1107. 867 1122. 970 Monroe ..... 943 1041 1067... McMinn......1054 1094..1031 1059 742.. 366 431.. 339 750.. 402 446.. 311 798 Rhea .... 448 .....1044 851..1028 Roane.... 839..1031 829 \*Sequatchie.... 179 138.. 176 153.. New Co.

.. 8372 8313..8063 8715..7791 Total .. Majority for Brabson, 59; do. for Harris, 652; do. for Buchanan, 747.

IV. Stokes, Savage, Neth'd, Harris, Fill. Buch. .... 447 909.. 395 Coffee. 995.. 307 990 De Kalb ..... 825 753.. 745 845.. 554 795 Grundy..... 66 385.. 401.. 425 Jackson......1426 1043..1339 1155..1261 1180 Macon ..... 556 437 ... 535 471.. 559 526 Smith......1598 674..1486 729 801..1596 166.. 131 an Buren.... 153 197.. 103 265 Warren..... 528 1043.. 392 1222.. 411 1130 White ..... ...1034 968 . 808 750. 844. 740

Total..... 6633 6160..6047 6931..5627 6780 Maj. for Stokes, 473; do. for Harris, 884; do. for Buchanan, 1153.

Hatton. †Ready, Neth'd, Harris, Fill. Buch. 860.. 420 1531..1504 Cannon .. 520 1009.. 428 809 Rutherford .... 1452 1515..1469 1368 1642.. 776 Sumner..... 810 1736.. 859 1894 Williamson... 728..1601 801. .16091646 775 1134Wilson..... .2328 1083..2240 1255...2186

5844..6541 ...6719 6316..6588 Maj. for Hatton, 874; do. for Netherland, 225; do. for Fillmore, 608.

\* The vote of this new county on Governor was thrown out by the canvassers, on account of some informality; eo that the officially declared footings for Governor are less than those of our table, to the extent of the vote of Sequatchie.

† Independent, supported by the Democrate.

	CONGR	ESS.	Gov'R.	259.	PRES.	, '56.
Districts.	Opp. I	Dem.	Opp.	Dem.	Am	Dem.
VI.	Tb	omas. l	Neth'd.	Harris.	Fill.	Buch.
Bedford	. 🗷	1450		1435		1378
Franklin	2	1540	315	1443	331	1427
Lincoln	. Si	2393	477	2578	431	2670
Marshall	. 2	1472	640	1302	649	1278
Maury	. Ë	2168	1379	1916	1316	1823
•	<b>2</b>					
Bedford Franklin Lincoln Marshall Maury	. 6	9023	4396	8674	4284	8576
Mai for Har	ria 1979		for Bno			

VII. Gibbs. Wright, Neth'd. Harris, Fill. Buch Bentou ..... 29 882.. 393 632 740.. 453 Decatur ..... 512.. 359 229 487... 453 495 259 1569..1295 1472..1236 1584 Giles..... fardin ...... 389 890.. 1119.. 195 1071.. 238 Hickman..... 89 1086 735.. 272 949.. 539 Humphreys.... 204 272 693.. 280 794.. 514 695 Lawrence..... 876 19 253. 25 Lewis..... 253.. McNairy..... 831 1170... 1109.. 969 1125 Perry..... 208 525 555... 329 523.. 362 Wayne ..... 210 678.. 679 582.. 714 563

Total.....2711 9380..5664 8614..5992 8120 Maj. for Wright, 6669; do. for Harris, 2950; do. for Buchanan, 2736.

Quarles. Menees. Neth'd. Harris, Fill. Buch. Cheatham ..... Votes with Davidson, etc. 423 465 Davidson.....3383 2462..3463 2412..3259 2074 Dickson ..... 447 837.. 432 1015..1353 861.. 382 816 Montgomery...1370 1043..1368 944 928 Rohertson .....1243 1120..1274 1077..1089 Stewart..... 551 802.. 521 827.. 606 895

Total.....6994 6236..7043 6220..7127 Mal. for Quarles, 758; do. for Netherland, 823; do. for Fillmore, 1005.

Etheridge, Atkins, Neth'd. Harris. Fill. Buch......1720 1023...1687 1029...1710 863 IX. Carroll ......1720 863 665.. 712 1385..1953 681.. 666 1392..1832 599 1284 Henry.....1019 1844.. 978 1868.. 897 1827 Henderson....1315 799..1290 811..1313 805 Lauderdale .... 464 419.. 458 422.. 395 411 Obion..... 682 1072.. 611 1118.. 533 950 Tipton.... 616.. 424 663 Weakley ......1159 1616..1043 1709.. 859 1628

Total.....9437 9430..9097 9646..8629 9030 Maj. for Etheridge, 7; do. for Harris, 5:9; do. for Buchanan, 401.

Sneed. Avery. Neth'd. Harris. Fill. Buch Fayette..... 921 929.. 915 991..1082 1080 Hardeman.... 600 1108.. 580 1148.. 691 1333 Haywood..... 903.. 781 902.. 842 920 Madison ..... 1362 876..1355 909..1561 981 2138..2026 2231..2114 Shelhy......1987 2044

Total ... 5954..5657 ...5648 6181..6290 6358 Maj, for Avery, 306; do. for Harris, 524; do. for Buchanan, 68.

Currin, Ind., received 236 votes for Congress.

#### TOTAL VOTE OF THE STATE.

Opposition. Democrats. Maj. Gonernor.. Netherland, 68218; Harris,....76226—8008 Congress... Opposition\*60921; Dem.,....73079—12158 President.. Fillmore, ... 66178; Buchanan. 73636-7458

#### LEGISLATURE, 1859.

SENATE... Opposition, 11; Democrats, 14. House....Opposition, 34; Democrats, 41.

\* This vote hardly shows the full etrength of the Opposition, since they ran no candidate in the VIth Dietrict, where they cast 4,396 votes for Governor, while in the VIIth District the coutest was only uominal, the Opposition casting about 3,000 less votes for Congress than for Governor.

Perry.....

Pike.... Rock Castle..

Whitley.....

265

277

499

715

	K	UTUE				
	Conc	RESS.	GOYN	'R, '59. Dem. Magoffin. 588.	PRES	., 156.
Districts. I. Mor	Opp	. Dem.	Opp.	Dem.	Am.	Dem.
Pollord Mon	TOW.	Burnett. 718 681	Bell.	plagomn.	2.72	Buch.
Ballard Caldwell	180	681	330	562	463	607
Calloway	118	1221	238	1121	206	1209
Crittenden	234	753	482	636	506	664
Fulton	140	442	256	405	340	460
Graves	277	1429	503	1301	475	1380
Hickman	45	671	258	581	211	631 1133
Hopkins Livingston	166 251	1316 426	796 398	1055	857 457	379
Lyon	48	433	229	343 363	253	372 390
Lyon Marshall	34	916	180	855	101	943
McCracken	217	699	609	527	660	505
Trigg	123	978	564	733	581	859
Union	318	857	510	775	653	925
Total	2018	11510	5754	9845	6122	10783
Total Maj. for Bur	nett	9292 : do	for	Magoffin	. 4091	: do
for Ruchanan .	4611					
II. Jac	kson.	Peyton. 708	Bell.	Magoffin.	Fill.	Buch.
Breckinridge.	921	708	908	650	1008	623
Butler	509	555 1057	570 971	466	571 1080	451 1098
Daviess	987 1242	1448	1246	1055 1408	954	965
Grayson	565	5:N)	492	532	477	651
llancock	421	474	419	477	425	407
Henderson	878	896 No r	903	883	865	767
McLean		No r	eturn.	0=1	401	476
Mechlenburg.	883		858	971	733 813	747
Ohio	793	1141	805	1001	019.	901
Total 7	199	7939	7172	7443	7330	7091
Total Peyton's ma	1. 740	; Magoff	in's, 2	71; Filli	nore'	s 239.
III. Br	istow.	Sale. 709	Bell.	Magoffin.	Fill.	Buch.
Allen	547	709	507	759	537	713
Barren	1697	1335	1633	1419	1551	1232
Edmonson	459	1336 No r 733	eturn. 445	FRE	161 509	421 816
Hart	1453	461	1418	785 528	1613	506
Logan Monroe	663	551	590	651	561	651
Simpson	407	537	410	551	437	
Todd	726	420	618	519	762	537 573
Warren	1212	789	1182	856	1354	695
Total	161	5575	6803	6070	7405	6154
Total Bristow's ma	d. 159	89: Bell'	8. 724	: Fillmo	re. 13	41.
IV. And	TROP	Chrisman	Bell.	Magoffin.	Fill.	Buch.
Adair	547	1097	5.13	1102	455	1033
Boyle	100	303	771 705 314	221	676	362
Casey	695	448	105	438 571 377	6:)1	415
Clinton	$\frac{312}{652}$	578 368	314 668	5/1	261 635	522 335
Cumberland*.	452	631	461	633	408	639
Greene	935	440	922	452	796	459
Pulaski	1214	1275	1221	1342	956	1336
Russell	479	432	5.)()	429	448	429 672
Taylor	357	010	351	652	317	6,2
Wayne	741	831	749	823	515	699
Total	7334	7201	7205	7205.	6058	6901
Total Maj. for And	lersor	1, 3; do.	for B	nchanan.	833.	
V. +3	ewell	Brown.	Bell.	Magoffin	Fill.	Buch.
Anderson	E04	471	333	7411	299	137
Bullitt	309	509	402	484	545	561
Hardin	732 493	965 361	883	947 535	1226 546	932 489
Larne	540	905	470 501	1139	418	1154
Marion Meade	337	500	582	459	714	402
Mercer	353	1168	718	1940	615	1121
Nelson	497	993	669	9.6.	793	1041
Spencer	306	380	367	426	391	434
Washington.	900	609	544	1056	441	1145
			_			

<sup>\*</sup> It is asserted in the Kentucky newspapers that there is mistake in the returns for this county. That Anderson's a mistake in the returns for this county. real vote is 11 less than the official return, which, if true, elects Chrisman by 11 majority.

5474

6027 . .

7793..

5953 8016

Total.... 5066

Maj. for Brown, 1861; do. for Magoffin, 2319; do. for Buchanan, 2028. VI. Adama, Garrard, Bell. Magoffia, Fill, Buch. Breathitt.... 299 394.. 508.. 502 144 112 Clay..... Estill..... 511.. 459.. 418 421 369 428 493.. 557 543 578 ... Floyd..... 427 673.. 258 799... 85 939 Garrard..... 390.. 423 812 370 ... 806 Harlan..... 213.. 433 271.. 490 264 Jackson ..... 170 54 132.. 151...2 143 New Conney Johnson .... 779.. 375.. 708 271 365 760.. 14 40 Knox..... 807 314.. 730 683 Laurel.... 423 374 ... 403 377 ... 408 Letcher..... 227 .. 265.. 223 111 79 237 Madison ..... 832 1267 943.. 1301 949.. 1037 335 Owsley..... 314.. 423... 456 393 401

Total... 8164 7241.. 7350 7822.. 6123 7427 Majority for Adams, 923; do. for Magoffin, 472; do.

183

163

495

619

253. .

674. .

241 ...

330..

270 ...

654..

246 ...

343..

173

161

417 184

572

295 706

for Buchanan, 1304. VII. Mallory. Bell. Magoffin. Fill. Buch. Holt 1029.. Henry..... 646 634 1028... 1050 Jefferson.... 4256 3324.. 4378 3257 ... 4982 2972 Oldham ..... 353 536.. 529 ... 387 Shelby..... 1161 786 .. 1193 765 ... 1262 773

Total.... 6416 5675... 5589.. 7358 5323 6562 Mallory's maj. 741; Bell's, 973; Fillmore's, 2035. VIII. Harlan, Simnis, Bell, Magoffin, Fill. Buch.

Bourbon .. 684.. 965 990 957 673. . Fayette ..... 1410 936... 1403 9.12. . 1404 1006 Franklin .... ٤19.. 856 826.. 794 853 833 Harrison.... 926 1317... 9:35 1310 ... 965 1095 553 Jessamine ... 569.. 593 557... 620 614 737 732 731 742 Nicholas..... 1009.. 1005... 709 666 1052... 1062... 1049 Scott..... 674 Woodford .... 634 463 ... 633 472... 672 42)

Total.... 6865 6932.. 6907 6909... 6835 6227 Maj. for Simms, 67; do. for Magoffin, 2; do. for Fillmore, 608.

1X. L.T. Moore J. W. Moore Bell Magoffin, Fill, Buch. 1040.. Bath..... 743 749 381 1042... 642 1023 Carter ..... 843 .. 238 832.. 412.. 484 Clarke ..... 953 408.. 916 935 418 910 .. 949 Fleming.... 952 928.. 848 Greenup ..... 1163 854... 10a9863... 866 865 Lawrence.... 584 .. 466 478 809 496... 670 731.. 660 684.. 631 Lewis..... 664 Mason ..... 1274 884... 1308 994 875... 1246 546 Montgomery . 502... 513... 587 595 451 Morgan..... 562 1147... 480 178 1202... 283 1068 Powell..... 190.. 167 190 166... Rowan ..... 142 137 239... 237 244... 106

Total.... 8515 8227... 8115 8357... 7169 7982 Maj. for L. T. Moore, 278; do. for Magoffin, 242; do. for Buchanan, 813.

X. Jones, Stevenson, Bell. Magoffin, Fill. Buch. 876 937 742 Bracken ..... 970.. 778 741... 942... 754 Boone ..... 826 859 Campbell .... 608 1219 689 1242... 1264.. 906 Carroll ..... 523.. 366 439 511 492.. 385 490 .. 310 269 382 Gallatin..... Grant..... 800.. 677 1013 639 676 663 1641.. 1246 1643 Kenton..... 950 1706... 554 746 1579 Owen..... 415 1439.. 429 1435 ... Peodleton.... 615 871.. 474.. 616 856.. Trimble..... 179 191 466. 275

Total.... 5839 9295.. 5930 9145.. 6928 8788 Maj. for Stevenson, 3456; do. for Magoffin, 3215; do. for Buchanan, 1860.

TOTAL VOTE OF THE STATE.

THE LEGISLATURS is Democratic in both branches.

<sup>†</sup> Independent Democrat.

					II. Har	nilton	Went	Louato	n.Runne	lia.Teii	Buch		
,	7	EXA	LS.				Grimes	419	254	465	254	260	323
	Cong	0.000	Gov)	R, '59.	Porq	156.	Gnadaloupe	229	318	251	25/	253	359
		Dem.	Onn.	Dem.	Am.	Dem.	Harris	836	598	829	626	449	645
I. Ochi	tree.R	eagan, n	ousto	T Lemmer	TR. T. TT.	Ducu.	Hays	145	79	164	74	128	130
Anderson	214	843	672	432	325	612	Hidalgo	216	227 170	250	227 161	131	169 175
Angelina	14	110	200	58	No re		HillJackson	136	60	143	60	88	93
Rowie	10	370	110	279 626	88 352	171 581	Jobnson	249	134	303	118	79	186
Cass Chambers	153 38	182 99	578 88	59	New	Co.	Karnes	150	81	165	68	119	103
Cherokee	284	1165	933	711	514	845	Kerr	31	32		٠.	New	
Collin	3	1125	701	482	302	564	Ainney	010		000	e=··	New	Co.
Cooke			223	83		58	Lampassas	212 239	64 330	220 336	65 342	61 116	160
Dallas	70	894	545	429	245	603	Leon	366	360	421	361	235	337
Denton	12	628 756	517 748	135 470	132 238	308 557	Limestone	218.	335	272	314	119	401
Fannin Grayson	16 25	922	639	429	182	415	Live Oak	36	60	58	44	New	
Harrison	604	267	560	495	505	565	Llano	81	76	92	49	23	55
Henderson			300	191	77	292	M'Cullock McLennan	320	218	231	••	New 201	293
Hopkins	53	991	584	500	238	530	Madison	168	94	190	90	125	113
Houston	85	677	451	354 449	170 138	400 392	Mason	24	18	21	10	120	110
HuntJack	3	750 84	93	16	New	Co.	Matagorda	62	144	79	150	43	111
Jasper	17	355	192	115	99	185	Maverick					New	Co.
Jefferson	24	98	25	49	49	109	Medina	40	201	40	198	39	136
Kanfman	91	514.:	383	266	63	191	Milan	317	208	330 299	218 153	196 163	211 179
Lamar	25	996	474	540	235	555	Montgomery Navarro	262 370	177 301	402	277	210	300
Liberty	52	273	152	214	103	180	Nueces	192	169	240	170		n. 128
Nacogdoches	200	642	705 130	306 30	182 88	557 138	Palo Pinto	96		113		New	
Orange	46	109	122	46	60	73	Parker	495	193	598	119	New	
Panola,	74	630	426	433	135	458	Presideo		200		200	No re	eturn.
	56	534.	298	312	71	285	Refugio Robertson	69 229	70 185	74 259	76 160	37 96	83 222
Red River	18	835	474	415	235	288	San Patricio	19	36	17	40	50	m. 49
Rusk Sabine	698	1476 95	918 156	968 24	659	1157 118	San Saba	158	14	158	9	21	48
San Augustine	57 13	368	265	101	80 72	182	Starr	117	145	69	191	17	374
Shelby	50	635	454	275	72 77	309	Tarrant	448	215	594	118	92	490
	233	903	801	456	370	810	Travis	595	428	590	403	467	551
Titus			554	488	207	502	Uvalde Victoria	31 114	49 200	66 123	47 183	22 117	18 141
I TINITY	00	*0*	184	68	100	161	Walker	435	345	470	344	343	387
Tyler Upshnr	30 114	525 789	233 560	538	No re 255	683	Washington	641	678	745	607	481	654
Van Zandt	114	109	200	180	48	223	Webb	117	215	110	219	n	n. 382
Wise	~ 81	259	310	28	11	67	Wbarton	82	119	93	114	40	76
Wood	76	<b>5</b> 58	404	242	124	335 39	Williamson	458	204	488	178	240	307
Young		108	93	30	11	39	Zapata	41	131		88	New	Co.
Total -	2=11	20565 1	6959	19675	6900	14498	Total16	409 1	5961	18328	14627	8749	16671
Total Majority for F	59341	n 17024	toooo	for Hor	iston.	4183	Maj. for Hamil	ton, 4	148; do	. for	Houston	, 3701	; do.
do. for Buchana	an. 76	08.	, 40.	101 1101	Locori	1100,	for Buchanan, 7	922.					
II. Han	nilton.	Waul.Ho	ouston	.Runnell		Bucb.	The above retu	ırns, t	as will	be see	n, are i	ncom	plete;
Atacosa	42	20	32	64	58	87	but we hope to resecond edition	cceive	a the o	mciai	The offi	time	IOT &
Austin	355	533	405	509	120	358	gate returns for	Gove	LDUL BU	d Lie	nt Gove	CIRI R	ggre-
Bandera Bastrop	18 358	26 42i	17 363	28 406	12 230	403	Governor Ho	iston.	36	170:	Rnnnels		27500
Bell	318	274	338	247	151	312	Majority for H	ousto	n, 8670				
Bexar	766	991		723	313	747	Lt. Governor .Cla	ırk	31	458 : 1	Lubbock	· · · · · ·	30325
Blanco	118	42	100	49	New	Co.	Majority for Cl	ark,	Ind. D	em., 1	133.		_245
Bosque	132	39	147	31	20	64	Of course, thes	e ngu	res do	not	exacuy	agree	WILL
Brazoria Brazos	118	309 82	120 201	307	74	225 56	THE LEGISLA	TURE	is str	onely	Demo	cratic	-but
Brown	28	04	25	78 1	74 New	Co.	THE LEGISLA whether Houston	ora	nti-Hor	ston	we have	no n	neans
Burleson,	373	289	423	271	168	201	of knowing. Ho	ustou	and H	amilt	on ran a	s Ind	lepen-
Burnett	294	66	302	68	76	141	dent Democrats.						
Caldwell	275	302	283	289	196	395			OTTT-	_			
Calhoun	146	179	163	193	Maj	. 35			OHIC				
Cameron	357	418 273	97 345	332 275	123 133	492 253	75 00 11		RNOR,			DENT,	1856.
Comal	36	359	39	346.	26	284	Counties.	Rep	Den	n.	Rep.	Dem.	Am.
Comanche	78	23	70	8	ĩĩ	40	Adams	. 14(	1. Rxm	53.		lich. 1790	Fill. 278
Corzell	199	108	216	62	69	118	Allen	. 157	4 16	56		1508	94
De Witt	227	299	241	280	103	235	Ashland	183	19	14		2089	39
MIII8	308 25	271	357 25	259 425	176	239	ASOUADUIA	. 373	37 10	49	5108	975	252
El Paso Earth	142	425 8	169	425 9	New New	. 1022 Co.	Athens	. 18.	13 12	37		1350	154
Falls	158	62	211	79	74	158	Auglaize' Belmont	. 68	30 12 30 25	77 91		2810	1752
Fayette	566	551	604	526	399	567	Brown	. 164	57 22	75		2810 2700	1753 428
Fort Bend	173	172	188	176	136	196	Butler	- 22	38 34	79		3509	296
Freestone	208	159	234	193	144	341	Unitoli	. 10	JU 12	55	1750	1255	87
Galveston	337 60	462 218	321 165	462	314 25	431	(Unampaign	. 173	32 16	12	1995	1711	, 320
Gillespie	198	133	225	100 142	135	115 93	Clark	224	9 15	74	2641	1539	168
Gonzales	450	427	493	409	363	510	Clermont:	. 268	29	88 19	2188	2741	781
						0.20		. 112	. 10	19	2117	1170	240

	OHIC				
	nison.	Ramsey.	Frem.	Buch.	Fill.
Columbiana	3125	2235	3516	2497	96
Coshocton	2198	2461	2162	2281	56
Crawford Cuyahoga Darke	1550 5834	2258	1685	2154	32 296
Cuyahoga	5834	4115	6360	4116	
Darke	2201	2454	2086	1988	209
Defiance, Delaware	778 2358	1083	821	895	38
Delaware	2358	1776	2367	1649	230
Erie	1983	1535	2258	1377	75
Falrfield Fayette Frauklin	1394	2821	1700	3233 880	711
Fayette	1093	761	1209	2001	373 574
Frankin	3762 1037	4634	3488	3791 772 1341	014
Fulton	103/	707 1357 529	1098	112	64
Gallia	1365 1881	1007	610 2694	1941	1296 58
Geanga	2466	1260	3032	575 1465	214
Greene	2103	1362 1663	2392	1932	210
Guernsey Hamilton	13285	14178	9345	13051	5680
Hancock	1674	1796	1773	1944	37
Hardin	1152	1127	1091	889	82
Harrison	1764	1384	2060	1473	110
Henry	670	841	587	882 1473 655	22
Henry Highland Hocking	2168	2175	1810	2140	894
Hocking	976	1397	1092	1454	115
Holmes	1241	1964	1285	2103	5
Hurou	2924		3463	1709	54
Jackson	1198	1239	938	1383	416
Jefferson	2294	1239 1822	2121	1991	259
Knox	2294 2003	25.55	2424 2735 2371	2437	124
Lake	1807	538	2371	628	39
Lawrence	1450	1246	743	1150	902
Licking	3030	3438	30:27	3371	417
Logan	1650	1235	2093	1323	267
Lorain	3391	1689	3604	1420	54
Lucas	2225	2073	1639	1866	486
Madison	1018	929	997	656	475
Madison Mahoning Marion	2424	2041 1391	997 2323 1367	1937	29
Marion	1338	1391	1367	1275	4
Medina	2413	1457	2635	1572	28
Meigs	1912	1437 1057	1998	1603	344
Mercer	540	105/	629	1159	114
Miami	2722	1839.	3171	1983	159
Monroe	757 4747	1585 4615	1016	2812 4285	413 391
Morros	1835	1308	4038 2125	1669	201
Morrow.	1919	1770	2031	1667	101
Muskingum	3604	3467	3172	3391	1092
Nahla	1448	1355	1603	1337	154
Ottowa	323	578	454	477	I I
Paulding	441	206	497	170	5
Ottawa Paulding Perry Picaway Pike Portage	1898	2281 2147	1385	1847	492
Picaway	1710	2147	1724	2066	382
Pike	669	1050	1724 523	1175	375
Portage	2620 2261	2035. •	2983	2012	6
T I CHIC	2261	1496	2249	1561	273
Putnam	735 2735	1087	$\frac{790}{2726}$	1116	4
Richland	2735	2952	2726	2909	53
Ross	2587	2055	2436	2681	589
Ross Sandusky	1473	1822	1548	1599	45
Scioto	1603	1424	546 2565	1634	1321
Seneca	2461	2661	2565	2605	103
Shelby Starke	1352 3725	1517	1356	1446	127 29 74
Starke	3725	4005	9110	3633	29
Summit Trumbull	2560	1734	3185	1746	74
Trumbull	3143	1791	4049	192) 2656	18
Tuscarawas	2831 1241	2778	3007 1431	1055	18
Uulon Van Wirt Vinton	1241	910 865	752	780	263
Tinton	837	1049	758 932	789	32 51
Warren	979 2689	1615	2688	1174	344
Warren Washington	2103	1781	2783	1776 2251	281
Wayna	2944	3285	2904	2918	47
Williams	1191	1013	1327	1022	49
Wayne Williams. Wood. Wyandott.	1429	1021	1319	935	143
Wyandott.	1295	1390	1247	1278	103
Total	184502	171266	187497	170874	28121
Total Dennison over	Rams	ey, 13236	Frem	ont ove	er Bu-

Dennison over Ramsey, 13236; Fremont over Buchanan, 16623.

AGGREGATE VOTE ON OTHER STATE OFFICERS. Maj. Republicans. Democrats. Lt. Gov...Kirk...185334; Safford...170557—14747 Sec. State. Russell..184539; Reinhard.170400—14439 Auditor....Taylor...184321; Dorsey ...170586-13735

Republicans. Democrate. Maj. Treasurer. Stone... 181568; Bushnell .170503—14055 Pub. W'ks. Gregory .184856; Tomlins'n.170003—14848 Sup. Judge. Gholson.182888; Whitman. 170595—11933 School Com.Smyth...184711; Allen.....170508-14143 LEGISLATURE.

SENATE....Republicans, 25; Democrats, 10.
HOUSE....Republicans, 53; Democrats, 46.
The people voted down a proposition for annual legislative sessions.

#### CALIFORNIA.

GOVERNOR, 1859. PRESIDENT, 1856 Rep. Dem. A L.D. Rep. Dem. Am. Stanford, Latham, Currey, Frem. Buch, Fill. 664.... 729 1784 2501 299 1066 213 Alameda ..... 723 232 985.... Amador..... 657 2023 1666.... Butte..... 354 1915 744 Calaveras ..... 3275 1391 .... 562 2615 1504 Colusa ..... 541 166 .... 305 15 183 457 A New county 378.... 183 126.... No 2413....1391 Contra Costa ... 2:3 805 41 Del Norte ..... 392 18 ty. 2958 3096 El Dorado..... 408 Fresno. 359 11.... 218 . . . . . . . Humboldt..... 83 397 372.... 103 2)4 832 721 350 Klamath ..... 607 12).... 440 135 49.... 521 75.... 151 Los Angeles.... 220 1916 82 Marin .... 67 467 Mariposa ..... 1462 212.... 165 1254 85.... Mendocino .... 730 231 With Sonoma, Merced ..... 32.... 14 249 267 124 Monterey..... 46 495 175.... 220 169 905.... 157 810 444 Napa..... 14 341 Nevada..... 581 3185 2534....1462 3500 2238 Placer..... 896 3226 1117.... 992 649.... 217 2808 2096 865 Plumas ...... 193 882 1124 Sacramento.... 228 2678 .... 941 3356 3433 San Bernardino. 532 6.... 93 314 San Diego ..... 18 38 San Francisco. 3027 4747 2943....5089 1598 San Joaquin ... 209 878.... 5:8 1040 San Luis Ohispo 30 284 30 .... 107 83 San Mateo ..... 105 420 418.... 113 Santa Barhara.. 35 431 367.... 183 176 10 Santa Clara .... 626 1407 809 576 673 Santa Cruz ..... 451 .... 320 499 196 283 Shasta ..... 8 1456 432.... 169 1537 1083 Sierra ..... 295 2814 1666.... 693 2506 Siskiyou ..... 43 2159 1303.... 464 2073 799 1172 827.... 189 1148.... 382 Solano ..... 88 634 1981 1515 64 Sonoma ..... 498 Stanislaus..... 13 389 106.... 21 436 Satter ..... 695 770 159.... 92 347 491 Tehama..... 35 92.... 436 Trinity..... Tulare & B. Vista 4 1255 829.... 188 1011 882 ıî 821 63.... 23 248 139 Tnolumne..... 969 3723 757 737....1056 2936 2112 Yolo ..... 568 .... 553 66 130 583 Yuba..... 437 2442 1471 .... 650 2451 2081

Total......10110 62255 31298...20691 53365 36165

Latham over Currey, 30957; over both, 20847; Bu-chanau over Fillmore, 17200; over Fremont, 32674. AGGREGATE VOTE ON OTHER STATE OFFICERS.

Republicans. Democrats, A. L. Dem. Lt. Gov. Kennedy, 11148; Downey, 59051; Conness, 31051 Republicans. D. God. Relievy, 11145; Downey, 39:051; Conness, 31031 Cong... Baker... 41438; Burch... 57665; Booker... 2969 "... Sihley, ... 301; Scott... 56:098; McKih'n 43:74 S. Court. Shafter, 117:99; Cope... 59397; Sprague, 30:75 Treas'r Caine, ... 102:90; Findley, 628:99; Johnson, 288:9 Combr... Clark, ... 108:55; Brooks, 5:9712; Pearce, 312:38 Att. Gen. Love, ... 94:08; Willi'ms55:292; Randi'h, 33166 Sv'r Gen. Rand'll, 10676; Higley, 60:177; Long... ... 31073 Svn N. & Brown ... 94:31; Mondler 60:786; Myers. 29033 Sup.Sch.Brown, 9431; Moulder 60786; Myers, .. 32033 

O'Meara by the Republicans.

The Lecompton Democracy have a large majority of the Legislature.

-	TTTOT	ATE
L	าบารา	ANA.

District. Opp. Dem. Opp. Dem. An. Dem.
Orleans, Rt. Bk. 197 128.

2d Dist. 999 708. 1078 732 2680 1206

Plaguerius. 314.. 512. 205 Plaquemines ..... 64 67 165.. 123 122 St. Bernard ..... 48 153... 66

Total ........2215 1796..2228 1866..3008 Bienvenn received 497 votes for Congress.

Maj. for Bouligny, 419; do. for Wells, 362; do. for Fillmore, 1432.

Nichols, Taylor, Wells, Moore, Fill, Buch Assumption...... 335
Assumption...... 215
Jefferson...... 410 418.. 262 462.. 276 479 646.. 195 569.. 114 837 506. 937 122 558.. 491 Lafourche...... 269
Orleans, { 1st Dis. 1289
4th Dis. 356 693.. 301 646.. 300 753 999..1472 958 681 3372 1420 559.. 570 89... 67 255... 380 St. Charles..... 104 65 -69 St. James..... 273 229 172 185.. 114 501.. 201 St. John Baptiste. 175 243.. 196 217 St. Mary..... 169 465.. 449 374 St. Martin ..... 476 664.. 485 662., 541 362.. 397 Terrebonne..... 427 421.. 469 382

..4459 5908 .. 4777 5975..7110 5283 Maj. for Taylor, 1449; do. for Moore, 1198; do. for Fillmore, 1827.

Cannon. Davidson. Wells. Moore, Fill. Buch. A voyelles..... 654.. 392 661.. 323 753... 200 632.. 288 441 Carroll.... 513.. 369 595.. Cataboula ..... 411 162.. Concordia..... E. Baton Ronge .. 283 179.. 115 155 135 675.. 431 450.. 275 659... 540 593 497.. E. Feliciana ..... 285 346 464 404.. 98 96 265 Iberville ..... 415.. 231 Livingston ...... 437.. 391 239 - 11 256... 182 280... 210 Madison ..... 576.. 360.. Point Coupee ..... Point Coupee.... 575... St. Helena ..... Not rec'd... 66 266 521 282 309 272 292 250 288.. 265 304 227 205 St. Tammany..... 65 252.. Tensas ..... 83 157 395... 304 Wasbington..... 60 420 ... 92 142 W.Batou Rouge.. W. Feliciana.... 162.. 147 175... 200 147 22 196 290 268.. 115 256..

Total ....... 726 6288..3203 6614..4372 5749 Maj. for Davidson, 5562; do. for Moore, 3406; do. for Buchanan, 1377.

IV. Jones.Landrum, Wells. Moore, Fill. Buch. 799.. 135 584.. 175 787.. 296 Bienville...... 127 706 Bossier ..... 130 495.. 202 475 Caddo..... 822., 553 597.. 493 458 320 Calcasien..... Not rec'd ... 449.. 296 Caldwell..... 198. 245.. 55 90 100 102 308 907... Claiborne ...... 957.. 528 281 678 296 852 De Soto..... 33 605.. 643.. 510 228 Franklin...... 326 202.. 322.. 183 264 387 Jackson..... 150 754.. 254 654.. 538 Lafayette ..... 3 Morebouse ..... 303 278.. 5 412.. 300 277.. 128 453 417.. 351 332 Nachitoches..... 440 Ouachita...... 103 701.. 420 419.. 260 588 390 763 708.. 463 268 429.. 889. 612 892.. 584 Rapides..... 562 ...... Not rec'd. 532.. Sabine. 183 189 349 St. Landry..... 602 1219... 807 1103 Union....... 392 768... Vermillion...... Not rec'd... 737.. 294.. 491 545 623 116 234 Winn ..... 186 380.. 152 430 ... 157. 314

Total ......3220 8823..5374 9979 6219 9556 Maj. for Landrum, 5603; do. for Moore, 4605; do. for Buchanan, 3337.

TOTAL VOTE OF THE STATE. *Maj.*- 8847
- 8866

THE LEGISLATURE is largely democratio in both branches.

#### MICHIGAN.

THE only general election beld in this State during the year 1859, was for Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, which was held in April, and resulted in au increased Republican majority over the gubernatorial election of the year previons, and compares with the Presidential vote of 1856 as follows:

CHIEF JUSTICE, '59. PRESIDENT, '56.

Rep. Dem. Rep. Dem. Am.

Martía. Felch. Fremont. Buch. Fill. Counties. 1396.... 1526 1027 Allegan..... 1293 38 Alpena ..... New Connty. 948.... 49 Barry..... 1535 1495 872 Bay ..... 145 134.... New County. Berrien ..... 1816 1941.... 1926 1540 132 1221.... 2608 1322 Branch..... 2191 Calhoun..... 2915 2063.... 122 3495 2151 1276.... Cass..... 1518 1703 1165 41 111.... Cheboygan..... No return. Chippewa..... 40 36.... No return 1131.... 1034 Clinton..... 1432 1358 14 Eaton..... 1758 1332.... 1888 1228 15 Emmet ...... 21 Genesee ..... 2122 147.... No return. 1576.... 2635 1538 110 449 235 241.... 136 Gratiot ..... 388 0 Graud Traverse . 235 Hillsdale . . . . 2643 137.... 157 243 2 1501.... 3446 1408 37 Houghton ..... 378.... 152 201 398 lngham..... 1861 1849 1534 1223.... Ionia..... 1887 2002 1154 losco ..... 43 New County. Isabella ..... 25.... 42 New County. 2321.... Jackson . . . . . 2702 Kalamazoo . . . 2326 2996 2803 2118 46 1513.... 1620 50 93 Kent..... 3199 2443.... 2931 2516 995 1098.... Lapeer..... 1476 1579 31 2537 .... Lenawee...... 3865 4499 2779 1810.... 1765 171 No return. 1711 Livingston..... 1713 Mackinac..... 153.... Macomb...... 1932 30 1671.... 2210 1845 Manistee ..... No return. 82 47.... 23.... Maniton ..... 14 New County. Marquette..... 120 159.... 79 32 77 12 20 Mason ..... 32.... 0 Midland..... 16.... 169 2 Monroe ...... 1714 1850.... 1777 1703 34 Montcalm..... 314.... 414 265 7 469 287 Newaygo ... 3479
Oakland ... 3479
Oceana ... 124
154 245.... No return. 3396 .... 3276 71 4105 132.... 82 21 0 Ontonagon.... 154 Ottawa..... 1643 141.... No return. 1076 .... 1392 998 Saginaw ..... 989 908 911.... 1042 1222 17 Sapilac ..... 317.... 201 803 1039.... Sbiawassee ..... 1150 1304 1105 36 St. Clair . . . . 1932 St. Joseph . . . . 1934 1563.... 1807 2324 1521 21 1428.... 1475 12 Tnscoln..... 299.... 621 442 242 Van Buren ..... 1598 1307.... 1710 1031 3088.... 2570 Washtenaw ..... 3231 2833 Wayne..... 3894 4212.. 5250 5777 205

Total .......65916 53681.... 71762 52136 1660 Martin's maj.,12235; Fremont over Bucbanan, 19626. 1660 Gov'r,'58. Wisner, Rep.,..65201; Stuart, Dem.,.56007 Majority for Wisner, 9134. Lt.Gov.'58. Fairfield, Rep.,65065; Munro, Dem.,.55907 Majority for Fairfield, 9158.

LEGISLATURE—1859-60. SENATE... Republicans, 22; Democrats, 10. HOUSE.... Republicans, 46; Democrats, 33.

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	IC	WA.		Shelhy 80 92 62 19
				1 Story 395 359 232 272 79
	SCP. C		SIDENT, 1856.	Sac 28 37 25 35 (
Counties.	Rep.	Dem. Rep. Wilson, Fremon	. Dem. Am.	1 1 8 m a
Adain	120	75 72	27 4	Taylor 306 254 119 153 3
Adair	177	122 113	27 4 78 3	Union 150 192 102 121 1; Van Buren 1389 1406 1092 1396 32-
Allamakee	752	1031 630	500 28	Van Buren 1389 1406 1092 1395 32- Wapello 1010 1255 1093 1175 250
Appanoose	618	994 191	854 487	Warren 931 610 855 513 100
Audubon	56	61 23	31 4	Wasbington 1192 963 188 629 403
Benton	919	731 558	426 123 282 33	Wayne 413 538 133 368 70
Black Hawk	797 300	614 566	319 66	Wehster 250 331 389 209 31 Winnesbick 1027 762 770 209 13
Bremer	412	443 327	172 48	Winnesbick 1027 762 770 209 12 Woodhury 136 162 New County.
Butler	430	249 223	141 29	Wright 79 52 91 24 (
Buchanan	800	599 709	343 21	Winnebago 11 24 New County.
Buena Vista	17	6 Nev 17 9	v County.	Worth Not return'd New County.
Carroli	30		v County.	Total 56049 5368543954 36170 9180
Cass	180	150 132	84 0	Low over Wilson, 2364: Fremont over Bucb., 7784. Two other Judges of the Supreme Court were chosen at this election, as follows:
Cedar	1143	1014 1016	701 176	Two other Judges of the Supreme Court were
Cerro Gordo	117	71 101	40 l	chosen at this election, as follows:
Cherokee Chickasaw	12 442	7 Nev 304 351	v County. 102 32	Stockton, Rep
Clay	3	9 Nev	v County.	Daidwin, "53042   Cole, "53412
Claytou	1623	1462 1420	754 67	LEGISLATURE, 1859. SENATERepublicaus, 23; Democrata, 20. HOUSERepublicaus, 50; Democrata, 36.
Clarke	· 463	350 346	338 77	HouseRepublicaus, 50; Democrats, 36.
Clinton	1603 46	1525 1245 54 36	839 142 8 0	GOVERNOR, 1859.
Crawford Dallas	530	54 36 446 487	319 20	
Davis	704	1140 201	1014 752	Kirkwood.Dodge. Kirkwood.Dodge.
Decatnr	353	764 243	583 133	Adair 120 74 Jefferson 1282 1199
Delaware	844	909 801	500 149	Adams 155 123 Johnson 1602 1395 Alamakee 733 1020 Joues 1161 1153
Des Moines	1678	1922 1338 18 Nev	1413 522 v Conoty.	Alamakee733 1020 Jones1161 1153 Appanoose627 885 Keokuk1021 1045
Dickinson	42 1737	3259 1322	2427 256	Audubon 58 60 Kossuth 75 37
Emmett	18	5 Nen	v County.	Benton 914 732   Lee 2159 2392
Favette	1106	848 1043	452 114	Black Hawk 815   550   Liun
Floyd	494	283 224 51 120	124 14 33 0	Boone 297 413 Lonisa 976 679 Bremer 412 440 Lucas 521 457
Franklin	201 290	51 120 502 166	33 0 203 103	Bremer 412 440 Lucas 521 457 Butler 427 246 Madison 651 729
Greene	126	146 73	117 0	Buchanan 816 570 Mahaska1213 1138
Grundy	109	19 65	2 0	Buncombe. Unorganized, (Marion 1256 1438
Guibrie	257	263 196	205 12	Bnena Vista 2 6   Marsball 795   442   Calbonn 17   17   Mills 374   361
Hamilton	191 19	104 Nev	v County.	Calbonu
llaucock Harrison	301	345 170	124 9	Cass 180 150   Mouroe 749 665
Hardin	643	460 583	195 18	Cedar 1152   1002   Monona 105   105
Henry	1593	994 1767	767 308	Cerro Gordo 117   72   Montgomery 125   115   Cherokee 12   7   Muscatine 1457   1364
Howard	338	278 207 29 Nev	63 0	Cherokee 12   7   Muscatine1457   1364   Chickasaw 439   303   O'Brien Unorgan.
lJumboldt	49 5	3 Nev	v County.	Clay 3 9 Osceola Uporgan
Iowa	759	645 492	326 79	Clarke 463 352   Page 377 333
Jackson	1270	1472 1163	1332 276	Clayton 1030 1429 Polk 1078 1048
Jusper	930	711 878	455 33	Cliuton1605 1521 Palo Alto 3 44 Crawford 45 55 Plymoutb 27 8
Jefferson	1280 1541	1201 1188 1454 1215	1023 206 964 282	Dallas 530 444 Pocahontas 16 17
Johnson	1157	1153 964	663 10	Davis 717   1142   Potawatomie   295   600
Keokuk	1021	1045 895	830 197	Decatur 387 764 Poweshiek 595 411
Lossuth	75	38 85	12 0	Delaware     844     896     Ringgold     260     135       Des Moines     1704     1923     Sac     28     37
Linn	1779 980	1348 1652 680 993	971 273 642 200	Dickinson 31 15 Scott 2218 1625
I.ee	2089	2423 1780	2158 650	[ Dunuque 751 3153   Shelhy 78 96
Incas	521	459 288	355 176	Elimett IS Sloux Unorgan.
Madison	650	731 580	519 61	Fayette
Manaska	1212 1251	1135 1284 1445 N	940 268 oreturn.	Franklin 201 51 Taylor 304 257
Marion Marshall	774	450 531	199 104	Fremout 293 504 Union 150 192
Mills	250	251 2S7	153 102	Greene 126 146 Van Buren1397 1402
Mills	517	204 314	135 1	Grundy 107 18 Wapello 1017 1260 Gutbrie 257 263 Warren 937 609
Monona	103	106 41	56 13	Gutbrie
Monroe Montgomery	746 126	667 622 114 63	53 93 53 17	Hancock 19
Muscatine	1461	1368 1091	895 32	Harrison
Page	377	330 100	171 189	Hardin 043 400   Winnesbick 1020   160
Palo Alto	3	44 Nev	County.	Henry1596 998 Winnebago 11 24 Howard338 278 Woodhury 132 163
Plymouth Pochahoutas	27 15	8 Nev	v County.	Humboldt 49 29 Worth 98 26
Polk	1074	17 Nev 1044 1065	w County. 888 91	1da 5 3 Wright 79 51
Potawatomie	287	506 259	353 84	lowa
Poweshiek	591	412 459	255 87	Jackson1113 1377 Total56291 53327 Jasper 946 705 Maj. for Kirkwood, 2964.
Ringgold	259 2192	135 92 1629 16,5	52 64 1119 329	Rusch, Rep., was elected LtGov. hy about 2 700 maj.
Scott	2152	10,5 10,5	1119 529	I hasen, hep-, was elected be-crov. by about 2 100 may.

#### OREGON.

	CONG	., '59.	CON	G., '58.	Gov	., '56.
Counties.	Rep.			Dem.		
0011111111	Logan.	Stout. I	Kellîv, G	rover, Be	mûn.	Whi'r.
Benton			392			212
Clackamas			400		383	346
Clotsop		34			. 61	. 37
Columbia			63		59	55
Coos			11	86		84
Cnrry			10	126		126
Donglass		149		342		301
Jackson			243	623		440
		411		423		411
Josephine		635		448		481
Lane						776
Linn		723		784		
Marion			307	827		736
Multnomah.		434		396		398
Polk		284		362		359
Tillamook			6		6	16
Umpqua			95	121		108
Wasco	. 113	231		213	13	212
Washington.	. 356	201	211	. 188	206	188
Yarnhill	412	318	422	261	418	259
Total	5291	5300	.4199	5859	4407	5545

Maj. for Stout, 9; do. for Grover, 1660; do. for Whittaker, 1138.

Mr. Logan, the Repnhlican candidate for Congress, will contest the seat of Mr. Stout, on the ground of alleged fraudulent voting or fraudulent returns.

THE LEGISLATURE is Democratic, though it is nuderstood that the National Administration has not a clear majority in the hody.

#### NEBRASKA.

Counties.   Congress.   Commissioner   Rep. Dem.   Rep. Dem   Rep. Dem   Per   Daily. Estabrook, Kellom.   Have   Ruffalo.   0 292.   0 295   1	١.
<ul> <li>Daily, Estabrook, Kellom, Harve</li> </ul>	y. 12 15 5
	12 15 5
TP_6fole 0 909 0 90	5
	5
Bntler 11 5 11	
Cass 407 233 363 25	
	6
	۱7
Cuming 8 3 8	3
Dakota 85 177 87 17	
	2
	16
Douglas 404 500 428 4	
	ĺÕ
Hall 31 3 31	3
	20
	39
Lancaster 8 8 8	9
	28
	24
treminging to the contract of	22
	33
	26
	12
201000000000000000000000000000000000000	85
District Co. To. To.	10
	65 91
Washington 126 101 136	11
Total	20
Total	υy

Maj. for Estabrook, 300; do. for Harvey, 375.

The Democratic candidates for other Territorial officers, Treasurer, Anditor, etc., were also elected.

Mr. Daily, the Republican candidate for Congress, will contest the seat, on the ground of alleged frauds in the election, the returning of the vote from Buffalo county, which had not been organized according to law, and was not, therefore, entitled to vote, etc.

THE LEGISLATURE is Democratic.

#### MISSOURI.

THERE was no election in this State during the year 1859, for either State Officers or Congressmen. A Judge of the Supreme Court and Judges of the Circuit Courts were chosen, but party politics did not enter into the contest to any considerable extent. For Supreme Court Judge there were three candidates, who received each nearly the same number of votes, viz., Ewing, Adams and Hall. The Hon. E. B. Ewing was the successful candidate.

#### NEW YORK CITY.

MAYOR.

Charter Election, Dec. 6.

CORPORATION COUNSEL.

Tam. Mozart Rep. Tam. Mozart Wards. Rep. Dem. Dem. Dem. Opdyke, Havemeyer, Wood, Hall, Tilden, Bronson. 273 820 .... 818 11.. 163 156 155.... 154 146 171 243.... 111... 221 184 175 181 274 1416 262 513 1464.... 271 539 1011.... 665 884 665 770 1113 vi.. 153 1340 1110.... 159 1331 1106 VII.. 1039 1275 1849.... 1046 1169 1915 VIII.. 1496 1411.... 957 1038 1326 1479 1801 2112 2461 1X., 2348 1441.... 1617 1189 913.... 773 791 1016 1058 2207.... 1167 1087 17671835 2029 583 873 861 982.... 554 823 1031 1272 1081 886 936 1395 1013 1638.... 365 374 1600 733.... 1185 1251 1187 1461 1041 XVI.. 1771 VII.. 1799 1609 1609.... 1773 1299 1892 2231 2576.... 2064 1951 2542 VIII.. 1421 2064.... 1825 1289 1617 2308 XIX.. 835 826 1412.... 875 805 1388 XX.. 1974 2008 2091.... 1985 1667 2410 XX1.. 1574 1576 .... 1387 1270 1954 XXII.. 1178 1363.... 1172 1401 867

Total..21417 26913 29940....21651 23979 32202 For Governor of the Alms House, the result was for Wm. Pinckney, Rep. & Am., 27156; McElroy, Tammany Dem., 21463; Lynch, Mozurt Dem., 23369.

Aldermen were chosen at this election in 8 of the 17 districts of the city, and the whole number elected are Democrats, though a portion helong to Mozart, and others to Tammany. The Board, including the 9 who hold over, stands, 5 Republicans or Opposition and 12 Democrats.

ition, and 12 Democrats.

A full Board of Councilmen, 24, were elected, of whom 8 are Republicans, and 16 Democrats of va-

rious stripes.

#### INDIANA.

No election was held for any State Officer last October, except as follows. Mr. McClure, Dem., who had been re-elected Secretary of State in October, 1858, having received an appointment to a more profitable office from the President, resigned the Secretaryship before the commencement of his new term. Gov. Willard appointed C. L. Dunham, not only for the unexpired portion of Mr. McClure's old term, but for the whole of the new term for which McClure had been elected, but on which he had not commenced before his resignation. The termbeing for two years, and the regular October election intervening, at which, it was held by the Republicans, that any vacant State Office should be filled, many counties voted for Secretary of State. James M, Hill. Esq., Republican, having received the largest number of votes, will, it is understood, clain the office, and his tile will be decided by the Courts. Apart from this the only election in the State was for Judges in two or three circuits, and for County Officers, the result of which was unexpectedly gratifying to the Opposition, who claim that a State canvass, judging from these returns, would have resulted in their favor.

#### WISCONSIN.

1			CONSID			
١	Go	VERNO	DR. 1859.		DENT, ?	
1	Counties.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	
I		ndall.	Hobart, 1	Frem't	Buch. 1	Fail.
I	Adams	594	293	1591	625	9
ŀ	Bad Ax	995	619	597	231	21
1	Brown	423	1066	499	1004	0
J	Bnffalo	264	414	68	163	10
ı	Burnet		organized.		w coun	ty.
ı	Calumet	518	673	486	408	1
1	Cbippewa	156	248		return	
1	Clarke	71	42	73	37	0
I	Columbia	2595	1645	2950	1239	7
I	Crawford	619	748	521	429	i
1	Dane	3727	3880	3996	3443	6
I	Dodge	3492	3856	3455	2784	15
1	Dodge	72	78		retnrn.	
1	Door Douglass	34	60		retnrn	
ĺ	Donn	192	175	390	119	0
1	Dunn	320	233		w conn	
I	Ean Claire		2530	3292	2511	25
١	Fond dn Lac	3214	2530	2809	1419	186
1	Grant	2496	1715		1087	32
1	Green Take	1726	1141	2004	M COUD	
1	Green Lake	1453	662	1497	1474	27
ı	Iowa	1454	1320			6
1	Jackson	493	293	306	2121	
I	Jefferson	2327	2512	3290	3434	ne 6
Í	Juneau	1060	874		h Adar	
J	Kewaunee	167	567	89	206	0
ĺ	Kenosha	1321	906	1508	831	0
1	La Crosse	1219	1034	987	541	25
1	La Fayette	1102	1514	1415	1722	19
1	La Pointe	72	109	No	return	
ı	Manitowoc	704	2134	1177	1907	0
ı	Marathon	206	509	269	,207	1
ø	Marquette	586	792	2518	1032	19
ı	Milwankee	2811	6251	2798	7188	25
ı	Monroe	939	578	722	254	6
ø	Oconto	352	446	No	return	L _
ı	Ontagamie	494	733	602	753	1
ı	Ozaukee	627	1577	360	2032	. 0
ı	Pepin	432	255		w coun	
ı	Pierce	506	305	414	106	11
۱	Polk	161	141	95	54	1
I	Portage	743	582	680	361	13
۱	Racine	2111	1634	2299	1688	6
I	Richland	745	647	882	455	37
ا	Rock	4089	1578	4707	1905	10
	St. Croix	516	560	417	252	0
	Sank	1659	799	2015	993	4
ا	Shawanaw	105	87	68	21	ō
۱	Sheboygan	1772	1839	1891	1921	15
ا	Trempeleau	366	143	190	45	0
ا	Walwortb	3133	1459	3518	1297	4
ا	Washingtou	684	2106	813	2641	7
ا	Wankesba	2785	2-295	2575	2020	- 8
۱	Wanpacca	1167	624	636	75	0
ø		1126	280	1292	215	6
۱	Washara	2235	380	2769	1415	20
ا	Winnebago	2235		260	95	0
ا	Wood	250	200	200	90	
ř	Total	63465	59516	66090	52843	580

Total....... 63465 59516.... 66090 52843 58 Randall's maj., 3949; Frem't over Bnch'n, 13247.

AGGREGATE VOTE FOR THE STATE OFFICERS.

Dieud. Gov. Noble. ....63124; Palmer. ....60094--3030
Sec. of State. Harvey ....63425; Alden .....59765-3670
Treasurer ... Hastings ....63397; Silverman. 54701-1080
Howe ....64016; Crawford ....59190--4826

Sec. of State. Harvey ... 5445; Auch ... 535-536-536 Treasure ... Hastings .6539; Silverman .54701-10636 Att'y-Gen... Howe... 64016; Crawford .59190-4826 Bank Com'r. Van St'k. 63224; Squires... 59679-3545 Brison Com.. Heg... 63036; Fleck... 59686-3350 Sup. Schools. Pickard. 62145; Draper... 59878-2267 LEGISLATINE-1859-60.

LEGISLATURE 1859-60.
SENATE... Republicans, 17; Democrats, 13.
HOUSE.... Republicans, 58; Democrats, 39.

#### ILLINOIS.

A SPECIAL election took place in this State in the VItb (Springfield) district for a Member of Congress to supply the vacancy caused by the death of Thomas L. Harris, with the following result:

Palmer, Rep., 997; M'Clermond, Dem., 14296.

#### MINNESOTA.

Counties. Rep.	NOR. CONG	GRESS. GOT'	R. 37.
Counties. Rep.	Dem. Rep.	Dem. Rep.	
Ramsev, Ke	ecker. Aldrich	. Cava b. Ra'ev.	Sible
Anoka 383	165 200	222 300	207
Anoka 565	103 349	00 150	
Benton, 143	94 140	86 159	140
Blue Earth, 734	165329 94146 560732	566 537	594
Brown 343	300 336	3/13 1/2	320
Carver 473 Cass No ret	524 463	530 329	523
Case No ret	men Nor	etnrn. 0	2:28
Chisago 284	156 283	156 410	193
Crow Wing. 8	55 5	59 16	80
	0561004	1072 876	1261
	444 582	466 37.5	311
Faribault 210	109 209	107 135	85
Fillmore1399 1	1711383	1223 935	1012
Freeborn 438	227 433	239 439	207
Goodhue1220	7061198	7121171	649
77	117 0164		
	1172164	11262080	1657
Houston 675	716672	720 538	696
Isanti No ret	urn. No re	eturn 18	2
Jacksou 21	18 20	20 New	Co.
Kannabec 9	6 9	6 New	Co.
Kandiyohi 19	3 19	3 New	
		625 424	529
Manomin No ret			105
Martin 18	10 18	10 New	
McLeod 197	95 196	91 246	146
	103 147	104 130	6.5
Mille Lac No ret			15
Monongalia, 47	30 47	30 New	
Morrison 88	115 65	117 134	184
MOTTISUE 83	115 88 227 414	11/ 104	
Mower 412	22/ 414	189 422	235
Nicollett 424	488 424 7771124	488 419	551
Olmsted1119	7771124	732 930	699
Pine 6	23 3	31 35	16
Pembina No ret	urn No re	turn 0	318
Ramsey 1485 1	7731523	17291004	1548
Renville 8	37 8	37 New	
			839
	8281041	832 923	
	917 522	947 362	588
Sherburne 131	68 128	71 70	85
Sibley 303	526 286	538 144	530
Stearns 375	660 396	635 255	552
Steele 448	178 447	176 495	192
Todd No ret		return 18	97
Wahasham 503	E10 500		
Wabashaw. 793	512 783	502 479	246
Waseca 359	254 359	254 298	250
Washington 953	707 946	7171025	874
Winona 1209	8141214	8.4 812	668
Wright 579	265 595	263 422	245
Carlton )		2001111 240	0
	119 81	120 No 1	eo fram
Toba (. 00	113 01	120 110 1	cturn.
Lake )			

Total....21335 17583...21360 17668...17550 17790 Ramsey's maj, 3752; Aldricb's, 3692; Sibley's, 240. AGGREGATE VOTE FOR THE STATE OFFICERS.

Aggregate vote for the State officers.

Republican.

Democrats, Maj's.

Lt. Gov.... Donnelly, 2)217; Lowry, 17670—3247

Sec. State... Baker, 2,732; Bassen, 18039—2693

Treasurer... Scheffer, 21335; Abbey. 17425—3910

Att'y Gen... Cole... 21186; Brisbin... 17630—3556

Congress... Wiudom... 21016; Graham... 17417—3593

LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.. Republicans, 23; Democrats, 13; lud. 1. House... Republicans, 58; Democrats, 22.

## WASHINGTON TERRITORY

AA TYDITT	716	ATOTA	TTITULE	OTI	- I
	(	CONGRE	ss, 1859.		
			Counties.		
Wal	lace.	Stevens,	Walls	are.S	tevens.
Claim	41	9	Pierce 1	62	89
Cbehalis	27	59	Sawamish	27	46
Clarke		296	Skamania	12	50
Cowlits	33	83	Spokane N	oel	ectiou.
Island	68	75	Thurston 1	96	301
Jefferson	167	58	Walikiacum.	1	11
King	57	41	Walla Walla	1	163
Kitsop		131	Whatcom	24	128
Lewis	30	79	_		
Pacific		60	Total10	90	1884

#### KANSAS.

No less than six Elections were held in Kansas from April to December, 1859, all resulting favorably to the Republicans, viz.: April 4. On calling a Constitutional Convention. May 2. For Township Officers. June7. For delegates to Constitutional Convention. October 4. On the adoption or rejection of the Constitution. November 8. For Delegate to Congress, and Territorial Legislature. December 6. For Congressman, State Officers and Legislature for the State of Kansas. The questions on calling a Convention, and adopting a State Constitution, resulted as tion, and adopting a State Constitution, resulted as follows:

		NY'N. C				HOMES'D.	
Counties.	For	Against.	For	Against.	For.	4g'st.	
Allen	Non	eturn	244	159	201	152	
Anderson	176	7	266		206		
Atchison	308	32	684	581	412	587	
Bourbon	333	47	464	256	530	102	
Breckenridge .	313	16	545	26	425	19	
Brown	No:	return	269	103	173	163	
Butler	15	2	27	1	28	0	
Coffee	184		434	121	360	115	
Doniphan	343	192	743	630	592	690	
Douglas	405	164	1442	383	1325	314	
Franklin	92	1	301	111	252	111	
Greenwood	No.	return	34	16	33	3	
Jackson	107	47	224	170	138	185	
Jefferson	219		392	354	345	131	
Johnson	301		373	377	316	113	
Leavenworth	989		1143	1088	1019	1045	
Linn	341	6	549	157	455	169	
Lykins		return	492	295	455	225	
Madison		return		4	60	23	
Morris	64		25		22	13	
Nehama	120		200	44	104	63	
Osage		return	44	0	42	. 2	
Pottawatomie.	66	29	93	68	76	49	
Riley	119		296	128	292	52	
Shawnee	359		671	109	666	60	
Wahunsee	121		110		65	17	
Wyandott	294	31		205	166	260	
Woodson	77	4		No retu	rn.		
m		1.05 7	0.401	5500	0750	4550	

Total..... 5306 1425.10421 5530 8758 4772
Majority for calling Convention, 3881; do. for adopting Wyandott Constitution, 4891; do. for clause Exempting Homestead worth \$2000 from execution, 3986. From 16 counties no returns were received.

Parrott. Rep., elec. Delegate to Congress by 2382 m.

GOVERNOR.	Darmarana					
	TO ST. COM					
Counties. Rep. Dem. Robinson. Medary.	Rep. Dem. Rep. Dem. Conway. Hald'n.					
Allen	175 16	9				
Anderson	199	_				
Atchinson 641 585.	. 638 583 418 33					
Bourhon	297 22					
Breckenridge	258 13					
Brown 183 m	. 170 m 93 1	9				
Broderick						
Butler						
Chase 100 .	. 100 m.					
Clay						
Coffee 250m	. 250 m 128 12	3				
Davis	47 8					
Dickinson		•				
Doninhan m. 15.	m. 15 553 66	1				
Doniphan m. 15. Douglas 892 310.	883 315 753 33					
Dorn	000 010 100 00	•				
El Paso						
Franklin	217 11	e				
	21, 11	.0				
Fremont						
Godfrey						
Greenwood						
Hnnter		_				
Jackson, 178 179.	185 178 146 18					
Jefferson 50 m.	50 m 249 27					
Johnson	339 36	60				
Leavenworth m. 350						
Linn 200 m.		14				
Lykins 100 m.	100 m 437 31	18				

Madison.....

Robinson. Medary. Conway. Hald'n.	-
Marshall 83	63
McGee	00
Montana	
Morris 5	67
Nehama 190 m 190 m 74	11
Oro	
Osage 60 m 60 m 55	- 1
Pottowatamie 76	69
Riley 225 101 228 101 104	34
Shawnee 450 m 450 m 461	181
Warhnnsee 105	19
Washington	
Wilson Wyandett 247 236 249 236 238	
	294
woodson 66	4
Total3767 17763753 19287372	C145
Total3767 17763753 19287372	6145

The above returns are incomplete, but they indicate the election of a Congressman, and the entire Republican State Ticket, by from 3000 to 4000 majority, with a very large Republican majority in each branch of the Legislature. The following are the nrincipal officers elect under the State Constitution; 

Governor......Chas. Robinson, of Douglas Co.
Lt. Governor.....Joseph P. Root, of Wyandott.
Secretary of State...John W. Robinson, of Riley.
Auditor. Auditor......GEORGE S. HILLYER, of Jefferson. Treasurer ..... WM. THOLAN, of Leavenworth. Attorney General. BENJ. F. SIMPSON, of Lykins. Sup. Pub. Instr'n. WM R. GRIFFITH, of Bourhon. C. Justice Sup. C. Thos. Ewing, Jr., of Leavenw'th. Associate Justices SAML. A. KINGMAN, of Brown Co. L. D. BAILEY, of Breckenridge.

#### CONNECTICUT.

CONGRESS. GOV'R, '59. PRES., '56. Districts. Rep. Dem. Rep. Dem. Rep. Dem.Am.
Loomis Hyde, Buck'g'm.Pratt. Fre, Buch, Fill,
Hartford.... 7491 7510, 7812 7745, 8416 7037 309
Tolland.... 2275 2191, 2309 2180, 2407 1953 35

Total... 9766 9701.10121 9925.10823 8990 344
Ezra Clark, jr., received 220 votes for Congress.
Loomis over Hyde, 65; Buckingham over Pratt, 196;
Fremont over Buchanan, 1833.
Il. Woodruff.Aroold. Buck. Pratt. Fre. Buch. Fill.
Middlesex... 2845 2990. 2821 3049. 2887 2964 183
New Haven. 7824 7357. 7635 7645. 7976 7315 604

Total....10669 10347.10456 10694.10863 10279 787 Woodruff over Arneld, 322; Fratt over Bncking-ham, 238; Fremont over Buchanan, 584. III. Burnham.Baker. Buck. Pratt. Fre. Buch. Fill.

New London, 4580 4438, 4933 4263, 5402 Windham... 2743 2333, 3150 2535, 3913 3953 350 2248 56

Total... 7323 6771. 8083 6798. 9315 6201 406
Dean, Ind., received 191 votes for Congress.
Burnham over Baker, 552; Buckingham over
Pratt. 1285; Fremont over Bnchanan, 3114.
1V. Fetry. Bishop.Buck. Pratt. Fre. Buch. Fill.
Fairfield ... 6690 6434. 6722 6435. 6233 5539 928
Litchfield ... 4843 4532. 4857 4517. 5481 3986 150

Total....11533 10966.11579 10952.11714 9525 1078 Ferry over Bishop, 567; Buckingham over Pratt, 627; Fremont over Buchanan, 2189.

TOTAL VOTE OF THE STATE. TOTAL VOTE OF THE STATE.

Republicans. Democrats. Maj.

Gover'r. .. Bncking'm, 40239; Pratt, ... 38369—1870

Le Gov'r. Catlin, ... 40222; Winslow, 38482—1740

See. State. Boyd, ... 38815; Williams, 38644—1171

Trassurer. Hendee, ... 40133; Warner, 38494—1639

Comptr'r. Buel, ... 39648; Child, ... 38593—1055

Congress. Republican, 39291; Democrat, 37786—1505

Pres., '56. Fremont, ... 42715; Buchanan, 34995—7720

Fillmer Am. 2615

Fillmore, Am., 2615.
LEGISLATURE,
SENATE. Republicans, 13; Democrats, 8,
House... Republicans, 125; Democrats, 110.

## STATE GOVERNMENTS.

States.	Capitals.	Governora.	Term	Exp	Sal'ry	Leg're Meets.	Gen. Election.
Alabama	Montgomery	Andrew B. Moore	Dec.	1561	\$2,500	2 M. Nov.	1 M. Aug.
Arkansas	Little Rock	Elias N. Couway	NOV.	1860	2,000	I M. Nov.	1 M. Ang
California	Sacramento	Milton S. Latham	Dec.	1861	10,000	1 M. Jan.	1 Th. Sept.
Connectiont	Hartford & N. H'n.	William A. Buckingham	Mar.	1860	1,000	1 W. May.	1 M. April.
	Dover	William Bnrton	Jan.	1863	1,333	l Tu June	2 Tn. Nov.
Florida	Tallahassee	Marshall S. Perry	Nov.	1861	1,500	1 M. Nov.	1 M. Oct.
Georgia	Milledgeville	Joseph E. Brown	Nov.	1861	3,000	1 M. Nov.	1 M. Oct.
Illinois	Springfield	William H. Bissell	Jan.	1861	1,500	2 M. Jan.	1 Tn. Nov.
Indiana	Indianoplis	Ashbel P. Willard	Jan.	1861	1,300	January.	2 Tu. Oct
Iowa	Des Moines	Samuel J. Kirkscood	Jan.	1852	1,000	2 M. Jan.	2 Tn. Oct.
Kentucky	Frankfort	Beriah McGoffin	Aug.	1863	2.500	I M. Dec.	1 M. Aug.
Louisiana	Baton Ronge	Thomas O. Moore	Jan.	1862	4,000	3 M. Jan.	1 M. Nov.
Maine	Augusta	Lot M. Morrill	Jan.	1861		1 W. Jan.	2 M. Sept.
Maryland	Annapolis	THOMAS H. HICKS	Jan.	1862	3,600	1 W. Jan.	1 W. Nov.
Massachusetts.	Boston	Nathaniel P. Banks	Jan.	1861		l W. Jan.	1 Tn. Nov.
Michigan	Lansing	Moses Wiener	Jan.	1861		1 W. Jan.	l Tu. Nov.
		Alexander Ramsay		1862		1 M. Dec.	2 Tn. Oct.
Mississippi	Jackson	John J. Pettus	Jan.	1862		1 M. Jan.	1 M. Oct.
Missouri	Jefferson City	Robert M. Stewart	Dec.	1860		Last M. Dec.	1 M. Ang.
N. Hampshire.	Concord	William Haile	June,	1860	1,000	1 W. June.	2 Tn. March.
New Jersey	Trenton	Charles S. Olden	Jan.	1862		2 Tu. Jan.	1 Tn. Nov.
New York	Albany	Edwin D. Morgan	Jan.	1861		1 Tu. Jan.	1 Tn. Nov.
		John W. Ellis		1861]		3 M. Nov.	2 Th. Aug.
		William Dennison, jr	Jan.	1562	1,800	1 M. Jan.	2 Tn. Oct.
Oregon	Salem	Whittaker					
Pennsylvania.	llarrisburg	William F. Packer	Jan.	1861		I Tu. Jan.	2 Tn Oct.
Rhode Island	Newport & Prov'e.	Thomas G. Turner	May,			May & Oct.	1 W. April.
		William H. Gist		1860		4 M. Nov.	2 M. Oct.
		lsham G Harris		1861		1 M. Oct.	1 Th. Ang.
		Samuel Houston		1861		1 M. Nov.	1 M. Ang.
		Hiland Hall		1860		2 Th. Oct.	1 Tn. Sept.
		John Leicher		1864		2 M. Jan.	4 Th. May
Wisconsin	Madison	Alexander W. Randall.	Dec.	1561	1,250	1 M. Jan.	1 Th. Nov.

Governoes of Territories.—New Merico, Abraham Rencher, Washington, Fayette McMullen; Nebraska Samuel W. Black; Utah, Alfred Cumming; Kansas, Samuel Medary.

The following States hold Legislative Sessions biennally, viz.: Delaware, Virginia, North Carolina, Florida, Alabama Michigan, Missiasippi, Louisiana, Texas, Arkansas, Tennessee, Ohio, Indiana, Missouri, lowa, and Illinois.

Democrats in Roman; Republicans in Italics; Americans in small cars.

#### POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT

TOTOLAR VOTE FOR TRESIDENT.									
	1856.			1852.			1848.		
STATES.	Rep. Fremont.	Dem. Buchanan,	Am. Fillmore.	Whig.	Dem. Pierce.	F.S. Hale.	Whig. Taylor.	Dem. Cass.	F. S. Van Bu'n.
Alabama Arkansas California. Connecticut Delaware. Florida. Georgia Illinois. Indiana lowa Kentneky Louisiana Maine. Maryland Massachusetts Michigan Mississippi Missouri New Hampshire. New Jersey New York North Carolina. Ohio Pennsylvania. Rhode Island Sonth Caroliua. Tennessee Texas Yermont. Virginia. Wisconsin.	39,561 291 66,090	8,044 6,355 55,581 1105,348 118,570 36,170 39,115 39,115 39,115 39,115 52,136 35,446 32,789 46,943 195,578 48,246 170,674 230,772 6,689 tial Electory 17,589 58,166 58,166 58,166 58,166 58,166 58,166 58,166 58,166 58,248 170,674 230,772 6,689 11,589 58,248 58,24	10,787 36,165 2,615 6,175 4,833 42,439 37,444 422,386 9,180 67,416 20,799 24,195 1,669 24,195 1,669 24,195 124,604 36,886 28,121 82,202 24,115 60,310 65,30	15,038 7,404 34,971 80,359 6,223 2,555 16,690 64,934 80,901 15,855 57,056 52,543 35,077 56,062 33,850 17,548 20,984 16,147 35,556 234,852 39,058 152,526 179,122 20,230 55,576 20,984 16,147 17,625 20,984 16,147 17,625 20,984 18,147 21,526 21,73,256 22,73,256 22,73,256 23,256	12,173 39,655 33,249 6,318 4,318 34,705 95,299 17,762 53,806 18,647 41,649 40,022 26,876 38,743 262,937 44,305 262,033 39,744 45,556 8,735 Legislat 57,018 13,552 13,044 72,413 33,658	100 3,160 62 9,966 6,934 1,606 205 8,030 54 29,933 7,237 6,695 350 25,329 31,682 8,524 44 ure. 8,621 8,814	30,482 7,588 Admint 30,314 6,422 47,544 53,215 69,907 111,178 67,141 18,217 25,276 37,702 61,070 23,910 25,922 32,671 14,781 52,583 43,519 185,739 67,79 64,705 4,579 23,122 45,235 43,519 44,519 44,5	27,046 6,5910 3,238 44,802 74,745 12,125 49,720 115,770 34,523 35,251 30,687 25,537 727,763 36,901 114,319 34,899 154,773 172,186 36,489 10,688 10,688 10,688 10,688 10,688 11	1848. 5,005 80  15,804 8,100 1,126  12,173 125 38,058 10,389 7,560 849 120,497 7,730 3 13,537 11,177 730
Total	1,341,514	1,833,232	8,4.,0,	1,393,089	1,596,395	158,123	1,362,232	1,223,795	291,378